

Water Quality Monitoring – Final Report for 2020 to 2023

Badger Coulee, Benton County, Focus Area: Ground and Surface Water Nitrate Monitoring



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Each study, funded in whole or in part by the Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology), must follow an approved Quality Assurance Project Plan. This plan describes the objectives of the study and the procedures to be followed to achieve those objectives. After completing the study, Ecology will post the final report of the study to the Internet.

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November 2023

By

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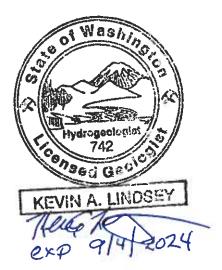
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1.0 Table of Contents

1.0	Table of Contents	3
Tab	bles	5
Fig	ures	5
Арр	pendices	6
2.0	Abstract	7
3.0	Acknowledgements	7
4.0	Introduction	8
4.1	Introduction and Problem Statement	8
4	.1.1 Background	8
4	.1.2 Goals and Objectives	9
4.2	Study Area and Surroundings	9
4	.2.1 Irrigation and Surface Water	9
4	.2.2 Hydrogeologic Setting	10
4	.2.3 History of Study Area	12
4	.2.4 Summary of Previous Studies and Existing Data	13
4	.2.5 Parameters of Interest and Potential Sources	13
4	.2.6 Regulatory Criteria or Standards	14
5.0	Methods	15
5.1	Groundwater Sample Collection	15
5.2	Surface Water Sample Collection	15
5.3	Data Reporting	16
5.4	Sampling Locations	16
5	.4.1 Water Well Sampling Locations	16
5	.4.2 Surface Water Sampling Locations	17
5.5	Quality Assurance Procedures	17
5.6	Data Validation/Verification and Quality Control Procedures	18
5	.6.1 Water Wells QC	18
5	.6.2 Surface Water Samples QC	18
5.7	Data Management	18
6.0	Results	20
6.1	Data QA/QC Assessment	20
6	.1.1 Variances in Groundwater Data Collection and Analysis	20

6.1.2 Surface Water Sample Variances	21
6.2 Nitrate Monitoring Results	21
6.2.1 Water Well Monitoring Results	22
6.2.2 Surface Water Monitoring Results	23
7.0 Discussion	24
7.1 Data Analyses Methods	24
7.2 General Statistics and Trend Analysis - 2020 to 2022 Series	24
7.3 Long-Term Trend Analysis – 2015 to 2022 Series	25
7.4 Surface Water Data	26
8.0 Conclusions	28
8.1 Groundwater Conclusions	28
8.2 Surface Water Data Conclusions	28
9.0 Recommendations	30
10.0 References	31

Tables

- Table 1. Summary of Quarterly Groundwater Monitoring Frequency
- Table 2. Summary of Semi-Annual Groundwater Monitoring Frequency
- Table 3. Summary of Surface Water Monitoring Frequency
- Table 4. Summary of Data Validation/Quality Control
- Table 5. 2020-2022 General Statistics
- Table 6. Summary of 2020-2022 Trend Analyses
- Table 7. Long-term Nitrate Trend Analyses

Figures

- Figure 1. Project Area Location Map
- Figure 2. Land Use Map
- Figure 3. Geologic Map
- Figure 4. Water Well Groundwater Sampling Locations
- Figure 5. Surface Water Sampling Locations
- Figure 6. 2020-2022 Nitrate Time Series Alluvial Wells (<130-ft deep)
- Figure 7. 2020-2022 Nitrate Time Series Alluvial Wells (<130-ft deep)
- Figure 8. 2020-2022 Nitrate Time Series Alluvial + Shallow Basalt Wells
- Figure 9. 2020-2022 Nitrate Time Series Shallow Basalt Wells
- Figure 10. 2020-2022 Nitrate Time Series Shallow + Intermediate Basalt Wells and Intermediate Basalt Wells
- Figure 11. 2020-2022 Nitrate Times Series Unclassified Wells
- Figure 12. Fall 2020 Groundwater Nitrate Distribution Map
- Figure 13. Spring 2021 Groundwater Nitrate Distribution Map
- Figure 14. Summer 2021 Groundwater Nitrate Distribution Map
- Figure 15. Winter 2021 Groundwater Nitrate Distribution Map
- Figure 16. Winter 2022 Groundwater Nitrate Distribution Map
- Figure 17. Spring 2022 Groundwater Nitrate Distribution Map
- Figure 18. Summer 2022 Groundwater Nitrate Distribution Map
- Figure 19. Fall 2022 Groundwater Nitrate Distribution Map
- Figure 20. 2020-2021 Surface Water Nitrate Sample Results
- Figure 21. 2022 Surface Water Nitrate Sample Results
- Figure 22. Surface Water Nitrate Bar Graph
- Figure 23. Groundwater Nitrate Box and Whisker Plot

Figure 24. 2016-2022 Nitrate Time Series – Alluvial Wells (<130-ft deep)
Figure 25. 2016-2022 Nitrate Time Series – Alluvial Wells (>130-ft deep)
Figure 26. 2016-2022 Nitrate Time Series – Alluvial + Shallow Basalt Wells
Figure 27. 2016-2022 Nitrate Time Series – Shallow + Intermediate Basalt Wells
Figure 28. 2016-2022 Nitrate Times Series - Unclassified Wells

Appendices

- Appendix A. Previous Study Results (EA 2017)
- Appendix B. Sample Locations
- Appendix C. Data Quality Control and Validation
- Appendix D. 2020 to 2022 Groundwater and Surface Water Nitrate Concentration Results and Laboratory Reports
- Appendix E. 2020-2022 Trend Analysis Results and Plots
- Appendix F. Full Long-Term Data Set
- Appendix G. Long-Term Trend Analysis Results
- Appendix H. Acronyms and Abbreviations

2.0 Abstract

Recommendations from the Benton County Groundwater Nitrate Community Action Plan included expanding monitoring and analysis in the Badger Coulee Focus Area (Badger Coulee) in Benton County, with implementation of best management practices (BMPs) to decrease nitrate levels and improve drinking water safety.

The primary objective for this sampling effort was to sample and report on groundwater nitrate concentrations in private drinking water wells in Badger Coulee to assess potential human health issues. Monitoring results will be used to inform local residents of drinking water nitrate concerns and aid in landowner recruitment for implementing BMPs for groundwater protection.

This final report provides the sample results collected over the course of the project, documents the adherence to the Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) (Appel and others, 2020), and provides statistical trend analyses and hydrogeological context for the observed occurrence of nitrate in the Badger Coulee.

3.0 Acknowledgements

The authors of this report thank the following people and/or groups for their contributions to this study:

- The Benton Conservation District (BCD) for community involvement, obtaining access, data collection, and data management.
- The Washington Department of Ecology (Ecology) for providing funding and guidance via document review for this project.

4.0 Introduction

4.1 Introduction and Problem Statement

Elevated nitrate concentrations in groundwater are a concern for Benton County (the County) in both urban and rural areas. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and Washington State Department of Health (WDOH) have established a maximum contaminant level of nitrate in drinking water at 10 mg/L for public supply wells. Washington Department of Ecology (Ecology) has established a groundwater standard also set at 10 mg/L.

The presence of nitrate in groundwater can come from irrigation processes, agricultural fertilization (both inorganic and organic), and lawn fertilization and watering practices for residential, community and recreational areas (e.g., golf courses and parks). Dairies, feedlots, and other livestock practices can also contribute to the presence of nitrate in the groundwater along with septic tanks and wastewater treatment. Although all these activities can introduce nitrate to groundwater, they also are part of the County's socio-economic fabric.

Previous studies have found concentrations above the state and federal maximum contaminant level (MCL) of 10 milligrams per liter (mg/L) or parts per million (ppm) in groundwater in much of the County, including Badger Coulee. Drinking water with high nitrates reduces the ability to carry oxygen in the blood, a condition called methemoglobinemia. In pregnant women, it increases the risk of spontaneous abortion or birth defects.

Building on the previous county-wide groundwater nitrate monitoring the County established a groundwater and surface water nitrate baseline and long-term monitoring program for Badger Coulee in 2020 to 2022, under Ecology Grant (WQC-2018-BentCD-00080). This area is of concern because it has a relatively high-density rural and mixed rural/urban population that is not serviced by a public water supply system.

Monitoring results described herein will be used to assess current nitrate conditions and trends in Badger Coulee. This will support BCD in its assessment/selection of Best Management Practices (BMPs) adopted to reduce groundwater nitrate concentrations. In addition, the results will be used to guide future groundwater protection efforts.

4.1.1 Background

Groundwater in predominantly agricultural areas, such as Badger Coulee often contains nitrate, potassium, chloride, calcium, and magnesium concentrations elevated above normal background conditions (Nolan et al. 1997). Nitrogen from inorganic and organic fertilizers, animal manure, and lime that is not taken up by plants is converted to nitrate via the nitrogen cycle. This nitrate can leach into groundwater where it can accumulate for years, resulting in high nitrate concentrations, especially in areas where nitrogen sources are continually active. All nitrogen applied to the soil becomes nitrate unless it is lost through volatilization (Nolan et al. 1997).

There are multiple potential sources of nitrate found in groundwater. Agricultural fertilizers, both inorganic and organic, are generally the most widespread. Examples of organic fertilizers include plant waste left in the field; land-applied food-processing discharge; land-applied manure solids, liquids, and compost; and seepage from leaking corrals and manure storage lagoons (Center for Watershed Sciences UC, Davis, 2012). Potential non-agricultural groundwater nitrate sources commonly include fertilizers applied to urban parks, residential landscaping, golf courses; and leachate from septic systems (Center for Watershed Sciences

UC, Davis, 2012). The nitrate needs of crops varies based on the type of crop, the soil type, and climate and the season. Any nitrogen/nitrate application above the amount taken up by crops, landscaping, and/or denitrification processes has the potential to lead to increased nitrate in groundwater (Herman et al 2015).

4.1.2 Goals and Objectives

The project goals for the monitoring portion of this study were to:

- 1. Identify nitrate concentration levels from 45 privately owned drinking wells in Badger Coulee.
- 2. Continue the nitrate monitoring efforts started under previous grant work (WQC-2015-BentCD-00102) in Badger Coulee to maintain a record of nitrate levels in the area.
- 3. Investigate nitrate levels in irrigation laterals that provide surface water to Badger Coulee as a potential added source of nitrate.
- 4. Investigate nitrate levels in surface water runoff, including Amon Creek, as potential return of nitrate sources to the Yakima River.
- 5. Use collected nitrate data to inform the community and help landowners in Badger Coulee implement best management practices for the reduction of nitrate loading to local groundwater.

The project objectives for this study were to:

- 1. Collect groundwater samples from a subset of privately owned wells within Badger Coulee on a quarterly basis for two years in order to determine nitrate levels that may cause negative health impacts on local drinking water.
- 2. Collect surface water from multiple locations within the Badger Coulee (including irrigation laterals, drainage ditches, and Amon Creek) and analyze for nitrate concentrations three times per year for two years.
- 3. Report data to EIM for hydrogeologists to compare to previously collected data to help monitor groundwater health and changes with respect to nitrate levels over time.

4.2 Study Area and Surroundings

Benton County is in the south-central portion of Washington covering an area of 1,760 square miles (mi²) (4,600 square kilometers [km²]). It is bounded by the Columbia River on three sides. The Yakima River passes through the middle of the County from west to east. It has a semi-arid climate with an average annual rainfall of 7.6 inches. The study area for this report is shown in Figure 1. Most of the area is occupied by agricultural and urban/suburban development (Figure 2). Rural residencies depend on individual wells, which are unregulated by the WDOH.

4.2.1 Irrigation and Surface Water

The primary source of surface water is irrigation water drawn from the Yakima River and delivered to residents through a series of pipelines and canals. Applied irrigation water returns to the shallow groundwater system and feeds several surface water drains and creeks. The surface drainage in Badger Coulee only appeared after extensive urban development in the Badger Coulee Area. Surface drainage exits the western part of Badger Coulee to the west into the Yakima River via an unnamed drainage. In the eastern part of Badger Coulee surface discharge is to the north via Amon Creek Wasteway (also referred to as Amon Creek) (Figure 1) and into the Yakima River. Amon Creek is the lowest drain in the Yakima Basin. Flowing all year, Amon Creek contributes a source of cooler water to the warmer Yakima River during

summertime baseflow conditions and is identified as supporting migratory fish species. Over the past decade, with increased awareness of water conservation in the Yakima River, irrigation canals have been lined to prevent water seepage and loss. The long-term impact of lining irrigation canals in Benton County on groundwater levels and nitrate concentrations is not known.

4.2.2 Hydrogeologic Setting

Badger Coulee is located in the central portion of the Columbia River flood basalt province. The province comprises continental flood basalt flows collectively known as the Columbia River Basalt Group (CRBG), thin interbedded continental sedimentary units known as the Ellensburg Formation, and a thin discontinuous sequence of continental sedimentary units overlying the CRBG alternatively referred to as suprabasalt sediments or alluvial sediments. Groundwater is found in all these units. This section summarizes the basic hydrogeologic setting of Badger Coulee, the primary geologic units hosting the aquifer system (from youngest to oldest unit or shallowest to deepest), geologic structures which potentially influence groundwater occurrence, and basic aquifer system characteristics including recharge and discharge. Figure 3, a geologic map of Benton County, shows the basic geologic framework of the project area.

The primary groundwater systems underlying Benton County are found within alluvial sediments overlying the CRBG and within the CRBG. The CRBG aquifer system also is commonly subdivided into systems hosted primarily by the Saddle Mountains Basalt, the Wanapum Basalt and the Grande Ronde Basalt (Ely et al. 2014). Further subdivisions of these basalt aquifer systems have also been suggested, such as the upper (Priest Rapids and Roza) and lower (Frenchman Springs) Wanapum (GWMA 2011e). In the Benton County region, the Ecology Central Region Office also subdivides the Saddle Mountains Basalt into an upper and lower aquifer unit for the purpose of water rights management. Hydrologic characteristics of the CRBG and alluvial aquifer systems are summarized further in the following sections.

The CRBG groundwater system in Benton County is part of a regional system. Given that, the physical characteristics and properties of the CRBG effects their intrinsic hydraulic properties and influence potential distribution of groundwater within the CRBG. Based on both surface and subsurface data and mapping, the CRBG consists of multiple basalt layers, or flows, commonly classified as sheet flows (Beeson and Tolan 1990, 1996; Beeson et al. 1985, 1989; Reidel 1998; Reidel et al. 1994; USDOE 1988). As these reports show CRBG sheet flows exhibit a basic three-part internal arrangement of internal intraflow structures that originated during the emplacement and cooling of the lava flows. These three features are referred to as the flow top, flow interior, and flow bottom. Flow tops and flow bottoms are variously vesicular to rubbly. With increasing vesicles and rubble porosity and permeability will generally increase. Flow interiors tend to consist of massive, jointed rock which generally has very low permeability and porosity, even in the presence of joints. The combination of a flow top of one flow and the flow bottom of the overlying flow (with or without interbedded sediment) is commonly referred to as an interflow zone. Laterally continuous interflow zones host and transmit a large majority of the groundwater found in the CRBG aquifer system.

Groundwater within the CRBG aquifer system is typically confined. Where basalt flows are thick and laterally extensive, there is little vertical hydraulic connectivity between interflow zones. Conversely, where basalt flows thin, pinch out, or are disrupted, the degree of hydraulic continuity between interflow zones commonly increases. Where not fractured by faults and folding, the basalts typically exhibit high horizontal and vertical hydraulic conductivities in the vesicular/rubbly permeable interflow zones, and low horizontal and vertical hydraulic conductivities in the dense flow interiors. Basalt flow interiors exhibit much lower hydraulic conductivities compared to the interflow zones, generally 6 to 9 orders of magnitude less than those displayed by interflow zones (Reidel et al. 2002; USDOE 1988). Unconfined conditions may exist in permeable, uppermost portions of the basalt where exposed at the surface. The hydrogeology of the CRBG is discussed further in several reports, including Ely et al. (2014), GWMA (2009c, 2011b, 2011e) and Kahle et al. (2011).

Sedimentary interbeds found between the various CRBG formations, members, and flow units beneath Benton County belong to the Ellensburg Formation. These sedimentary interbeds vary in nature and composition, typically ranging between 1 and 100 feet thick, and while widespread, they can be locally absent (GWMA 2009a, 2011d). Within the Saddle Mountains Basalt there may be multiple Ellensburg Formation interbeds. Below the Saddle Mountains Basalt three primary Ellensburg Formation members are identified: the Quincy Member (predominantly claystone separating the Priest Rapids and Roza Members of the Wanapum Basalt), the Squaw Creek Member (predominantly claystone separating the Roza and Frenchman Springs Members), and the Vantage Member (predominantly claystone separating the Wanapum and Grande Ronde Basalts).

Benton County lies within the central portion of the Columbia Basin, a structural basin formed by regional subsidence and tectonic warping. Compressional and extensional tectonic stresses have led to the formation of regional fault and fold structures (e.g., anticlinal ridges and synclinal valleys) and four distinct structural subprovinces: Yakima Fold Belt, Blue Mountains, Palouse Slope, and the Clearwater Embayment (Myers and Price, 1979; Reidel et al. 1994). Of these, Benton County is located entirely within the Yakima Fold Belt which is characterized by a series of east-west-trending, anticlinal ridges, associated faults, and synclinal valleys. The major eastwest oriented ridges cutting across Benton County, the Rattlesnake Hills, Horse Heaven Hills, and Columbia Hills are such features. In fact, the Badger Coulee project area is bounded on the north and south by two such structures. These ridges mark the locations of uplifts in which strata have been warped upwards hundreds to several thousand feet. Generally, the same units found at the tops of these ridges lie in the subsurface beneath adjacent valleys. Major fault systems have been mapped on the north sides of the Rattlesnake Hills and Horse Heaven Hills. and south side of the Columbia Hills. These faults abruptly truncate the rocks they crosscut, lifting them on one side and dropping them on the other. Fault/fold structures may present either barriers to groundwater movement or zones of enhanced groundwater flow (GWMA 2009c, 2011b, 2011e). In the Benton County area, the general assumption was that these fold and fault structures form barriers to groundwater flow much as suggested by Hansen et al. (1994).

Recharge to the basalt and alluvial aquifer systems is primarily from infiltration of precipitation, losing stream reaches, and seepage from canals and irrigation. The basalt aquifer system is recharged via more permeable sections of the basalt flows including vesicles, vertical joints, fractures and permeable interflow pathways. According to Hansen et al. (1994), groundwater recharge in the central Columbia Basin can range from as low as zero inches where annual precipitation is less than 8 inches up to several inches per year in heavily irrigated areas.

Discharge from the basalt and alluvial aquifer systems is generally toward topographic and structural lows, such as down dip in syncline axes and towards streams and lakes (Ely et al. 2014; Kahle et al. 2011). Shallow basalts commonly discharge to coulees and surface water systems while deeper units predominantly discharge into the major structural lows. The alluvial system can also discharge to and be a recharge source for the underlying basalts, primarily in areas where the suprabasalt deposits overlying the basalt are highly permeable and where the nature of the underlying basalt favors vertical flow.

Groundwater flow direction within basalt units exposed at the surface generally follows the land surface, flowing from topographic and structural uplands down-dip to low-lying areas. At depth, groundwater flow is less controlled by surface topography and is more generally down-dip to the

south toward the Columbia River (GWMA 2009c, 2011e; Hansen et al. 1994). Sediments interbedded within the basalt can either enhance or inhibit groundwater flow. Groundwater flow directions in saturated portions of the alluvial aquifer system generally follow the land surface and discharge to surface drainage features or underlying basalt units. Alluvial aquifers tend to be localized by the numerous basalt outcrops that truncate these strata. Downward movement would be largely controlled by alluvial aquifer heterogeneities (e.g., cemented zones, caliche, and fine-grained overbank flood deposits) and the distribution of open joints and fractures in the underlying upper portions of the basalt aquifer system.

4.2.3 History of Study Area

Badger Coulee land use consists of relatively dense rural residential interspersed with irrigated farming (Figure 2). The primary potential anthropogenic (human caused) sources of nitrogen, and by association nitrate, in Badger Coulee are livestock agriculture, agricultural fertilization activities, urban wastewater, septic systems, and residential landscape fertilization, and urban landscape fertilization practices such as large area commercial landscaping including golf courses and parks. Of these, crop agriculture generally covers the largest area and likely contributes the largest amount of nitrogen. Croplands generally receive nitrogen from multiple inputs, including synthetic fertilizer, compost, solid and liquid animal manure, wastewater treatment plant and food processor effluent, wastewater treatment plant biosolids, atmospheric deposition, and nitrate in irrigation water sources. Potential natural sources of nitrate in groundwater include geologic minerals and atmospheric sources (nitrate and ammonia suspended in air and nitrate generated during lightning). However, the amount of nitrate in groundwater that may be attributed to natural sources is negligible compared with anthropogenic sources, especially the amounts applied to crops.

The primary source of water for irrigated areas in Badger Coulee is surface water drawn from the Yakima River and delivered via pipelines and canals. The primary delivery canal for the area flows from west to east down the coulee. The secondary source of water is groundwater pumping from the alluvial and basalt aquifer system. This water is used for both irrigation and inhouse activity. Nitrate concentrations are generally expected to be elevated in irrigated areas such as those in Badger Coulee because irrigation seepage water moving out of the root zone to depth will carry nitrate with it. Dryland (non-irrigated) agriculture is most common on the Horse Heaven Hills in the south-central County (Figure 2).

Given the widespread occurrence of farming in the region, fertilizer application and irrigation can cause high nitrate in the aquifer systems. Shallow domestic wells generally have higher concentrations of nitrate (some exceeding 10 mg/L) than deeper wells (Williamson et al. 1998). Such groundwater quality conditions generally limit utilization of shallow groundwater sources, and most drinking water comes from deeper wells.

Given these generalizations, the presence of irrigation canals in irrigated areas has the potential to seasonally affect groundwater nitrate concentrations. Leaking irrigation canals can lower nitrate concentrations via dilution of the effected groundwater. Where this occurs, one will commonly see decreased groundwater nitrate concentrations during the irrigation season. After the irrigation season ends, nitrate concentrations will then increase as the diluting effect of canal leakage is removed. In dryland areas, elevated shallow groundwater nitrate is occasionally encountered because of the lack of irrigation dilution. However, the portion of the canal system in the Badger Coulee was lined in 2018, which could impact the distribution and concentrations of nitrate in area adjacent to the canals.

4.2.4 Summary of Previous Studies and Existing Data

Several agencies collected historical groundwater nitrate data in Benton County from the 1970s through 2011, including Ecology and the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS). These studies included:

- Ebbert et al. (1993) found approximately 10% of the wells sampled in the Kennewick and Finley areas of Benton County during the mid-1980s had nitrate concentrations exceeding the MCL of 10 mg/L.
- EES (2003) focused on the entire Yakima River valley and reported the presence of nitrate in some wells in this region indicating elevated nitrate levels in portions of the basin impair local groundwater quality.
- Aspect Consulting (2004), which focused on the Horse Heaven Hills (Glade/Fourmile Creeks sub-basin) and Kennewick portions of BentonCounty, summarized WDOH data for alluvial and basalt public water systems with nitrate concentrations exceeding 10 mg/L in 10 public water systems.
- Jones et al. (2006) showed the presence of wells containing elevated nitrate concentrations above 20 mg/Lin the lower Yakima River valley portion of Benton County.

In 2015 BCD began groundwater nitrate sampling and analysis in Benton County under Ecology Centennial Grant WQC-2015-BentCD-0010.2. This data was collected from drinking water wells from landowners who willingly volunteered to participate in Benton County's groundwater monitoring program. EA (2017) compared the previously identified nitrate concentrations in the county from sources listed above to the results from the BCD monitoring effort for 2015 - 2016. They determined that mixed rural urban areas like Badger Coulee, had higher levels of high nitrates, with the highest concentrations in shallow water producing zones. While the basic distribution of nitrates across the county were found to be relatively constant between the historical and current nitrate distributions, the average nitrate concentrations and highest values of nitrate levels increased between historical and current nitrate data sets. Nitrate concentration data from the 2017 report along with time series plots and maps are provided in Appendix A.

BCD continued groundwater sampling and monitoring seasonally from 2016-2018 in Benton County, including Badger Coulee, as part of grant funding WQC-2015-BentCD-00102. Over a third of the Badger Coulee area wells sampled had nitrate concentrations exceeding 10 mg/L. Some of the sampled wells in this area showed seasonal groundwater nitrate trends with decreasing nitrate concentrations in spring (presumably due to irrigation dilution) and rebounding at the end of irrigation season. Other wells in this area showed a continuous increase in nitrate concentrations over the sampling period regardless of seasonality. All data are available in Ecology's Environmental Information Management (EIM) database.

4.2.5 Parameters of Interest and Potential Sources

The parameter of interest for this study is nitrate (NO3-N). The impacts of drinking high nitrates (> 10 mg/L) on public health are well documented. Methemoglobinemia, also known as "blue baby syndrome", occurs when high levels of nitrates reduce the capacity for red blood cells to carry oxygen. Populations at high risk are infants, pregnant women, individuals with a hereditary lack of methemoglobin reductase, and the elderly. Although treatable, methemoglobinemia can be lethal and the best solution is avoidance of high nitrates.

The parameter of interest for this report is:

- Groundwater nitrate concentrations in wells completed in various portions of the aquifer system underlying Badger Coulee.
- Surface water nitrate concentrations from Kennewick Irrigation District (KID) canals and flowing surface water features within the Badger Coulee area.

As previously discussed, there are several potential sources of nitrate both within and around Badger Coulee including livestock agriculture, agricultural fertilization activities, urban wastewater, septic systems, and residential landscape fertilization, and urban landscape fertilization practices such as large area commercial landscaping including golf courses and parks. The work described in this report was geared towards groundwater monitoring, it was not focused on determining point or non-point sources of nitrate in Badger Coulee.

4.2.6 Regulatory Criteria or Standards

The maximum contaminant level for nitrate in drinking water is 10 mg/L as nitrogen (40 CFR 141 Safe Drinking Water Act, and Chapter 246-290 WAC). The groundwater quality standards for Washington State also establish a criterion at 10 mg/L as nitrogen (Chapter 173- 200 WAC).

WDOH requires more frequent sampling when public drinking water supply system samples are over 5 mg/L for nitrates. Compliance orders, which can include remediation, to such systems are issued by the WDOH when samples are over 10 mg/L. Residents with privately owned wells are not regulated in the same manner as the public water supply system and are not required to sample their wells. As such, owners may not be aware of contaminated drinking water and when their source of drinking water is contaminated, options for alternative sources or remediation may be costly (Morgan 2014). Well testing by BCD as part of this study alerts residents and the community of concentrations of nitrates and health risks as well as providing data that continues to characterize and monitor groundwater nitrate contamination in Badger Coulee.

5.0 Methods

The approved Project Quality Assurance and Project Plan (Appel et al 2020) details the project sampling plan, data collection methods, and the required quality assurance and quality control metrics for the project. This section summarizes the methods described in the QAPP.

All sample results were reviewed promptly upon receipt from the laboratory for QA/QC, accuracy, and completeness. Any reporting issues were resolved immediately with the laboratory. After review, data was recorded electronically into the BCD database and uploaded into EIM for long term storage and retrieval.

5.1 Groundwater Sample Collection

Private drinking water well sampling occurred quarterly for the 2020 to 2022 sampling program using "The Benton County Nitrate Characterization Groundwater Method for Domestic Wells". This method was used for the collection of samples under the previous grant WQC-2015-BentCD-00102. It was used to maintain consistency and comparability between projects and nitrate sampling (Appel et al 2020).

This method does not use acidification of samples, as acidification converts nitrites to nitrates and biases results (Personal communication between Benton Frankin Health Department (BFHD) laboratory and maximum exposure limit (MEL) auditor, dated January 2020). This method instead requires samples to be refrigerated at 4°C and analyzed within 48 hours of collection time using a nearby accredited laboratory for analysis (Rickert 1994). Field staff followed the sample collection procedures described in Appendix A which includes well purging, sample collection from the port closest to the well-head, and collection of required QA/QC samples as outlined by the Project QAPP.

BCD sampled 45 groundwater wells 2 times per year for two years between 2020 and 2022. These samples were collected from each well over a two-week period in Mid-March to April and Mid-September to October. These sampling periods bracket the irrigation season (March 15 – October 15) when larger amounts of applied irrigation water, along with increased fertilization practices, are likely to influence local groundwater nitrate concentrations.

BCD also monitored a subset of the wells (36 of the 45 selected drinking wells) in the winter and summer to investigate potential seasonal influences in nitrate concentrations. These samples were generally collected from mid-July to the end of August and mid-December to end of January. The set of wells monitored quarterly, and the corresponding sampling dates are provided in Table 1. The set of wells monitored twice per year are provided in Table 2.

5.2 Surface Water Sample Collection

BCD collected surface samples from 10 locations using grab sample methodology. The sample was collected from a single point near the surface, mid-stream of the creek, drain, or irrigation lateral. BCD collected samples using a sampling pole, with an attached empty 1-liter (L) polyethylene bottle. Ambient water was transferred into a smaller 125-millilter mL polyethylene bottle for analysis. BCD cleaned the grab sample bottle between field sites to prevent cross contamination or transfer of invasive species following procedures outlined in the Project QAPP and documented by USGS 2018, Hartman 2019, and Ward 2016. All samples were immediately placed on ice to keep at a temperature of <4°C and analyzed by the accredited laboratory within 48 hours.

The surface water samples were collected 3 times per year in the spring, summer, and fall to accommodate the irrigation season each year. Samples were not collected when there was insufficient flow at the sample location. Sampling dates and source water descriptions are provided in Table 3.

5.3 Data Reporting

Data provided in this report was collected under the Badger Coulee, Benton County, Focus Area: Ground and Surface Water Nitrate Monitoring QAPP (Appel et al. 2020), Agreement Number WQC-2020-BentCD-00080. The EIM study ID is WQC2020BentCD00080. Interim reports for the data were prepared and delivered to the Department of Ecology for 2021 (Appel et al 2022) and 2022 (Appel et al 2023).

The groundwater trends analysis described in Section 7 of this report also included data from 2016 to 2018 for the Badger Coulee wells (grant funding WQC-2015-BentCD-00102) that were also sampled as part of the 2020-2022 monitoring effort. These data were retrieved from EIM by BCD.

5.4 Sampling Locations

Sampling locations for this monitoring effort included both groundwater well and surface water locations. Appendix B provides the latitude/longitude location for each sampling location.

5.4.1 Water Well Sampling Locations

For the purposes of this project, the Badger Coulee wells were grouped into major groundwater producing zones, including alluvial, shallow basalt, and intermediate basalt. For consistency, these groupings follow the classifications used in the previous nitrate monitoring study (EA 2015). Based on subsurface conditions described on an individual well log sampled wells are assigned to the zone(s) from which they are producing water. Wells without records are grouped together as "Unclassified Wells". Many of the sampled wells are open to more than one water producing interval. For example, several wells are reported to be open to a) alluvial and shallow basalt water producing zones or b) shallow and intermediate basalt water producing zones. As such, wells with multiple water producing intervals are graphed together. Unit identification was as follows:

- Alluvial wells are separated into two classifications as follows:
 - Wells completed shallower than 130-ft deep.
 - Well completed deeper than 130-ft deep.
- Basalt wells are classified based on the reported depth of the open interval below the top of basalt, as follows:
 - A shallow basalt well has a reported open interval between the top of basalt and 350 feet below the top of basalt.
 - An intermediate basalt well has a reported open interval between 350 and 1,000 below the top of basalt.

Although depth intervals were not assigned to specific hydrogeologic units, the shallow and intermediate basalt water producing zones generally correspond to the upper Saddle Mountains and lower Saddle Mountains, respectively. Figure 4 shows the location of the sampled wells within the project area.

5.4.2 Surface Water Sampling Locations

Surface water samples were collected from two KID irrigation laterals (canals) at several locations within Badger Coulee (Figure 5) that deliver water from the Yakima River. These canals provide irrigation water for Badger Coulee. Nitrate concentrations were also measured from flowing surface waters located within and downstream of the Badger Coulee boundaries (Figure 5). These sampling locations consisted of flowing drains, springs, and the Amon Creek basin.

The surface water locations were selected based on characteristics of physical accessibility, landowner access, and water availability (for example, a sufficient amount of flowing water to sample). Two of the selected sites are within KID laterals that supply irrigation water to Badger Canyon and as such do not flow year-round. The other sites are located in surface waters that are interpreted to be collecting groundwater discharging to the surface.

5.5 Quality Assurance Procedures

All water samples were analyzed by the Benton-Franklin Health District. Samples and analysis procedures are routinely checked according to their quality assurance and control. Routine laboratory quality control procedures maintained by the laboratory are adequate in estimating laboratory precision and accuracy for this project. Laboratory quality control samples consist of blanks, duplicates, matrix spikes, and check standards (laboratory control samples). The procedures were provided in the Project QAPP (Appel et al. 2020) and summarized below:

- Laboratory Duplicates were used to assess analytical precision.
- Matrix spikes were used to indicate bias due to matrix interferences.
- Check standards were used to estimate bias due to calibration.
- Laboratory blanks will be used to measure the response of the analytical system at a theoretical concentration of zero.

Field QC samples for both groundwater and surface water included field blanks, field duplicates, and performance evaluation samples. The field blanks are lab-provided inorganic-free water transported from Benton Franklin Health District in its original container and processed onsite identically to environmental samples and analyzed for dissolved nitrate. The field duplicates are a second identical sample from the same well to provide an estimate of overall sampling and analytical precision. The performance evaluation samples have nitrate concentrations known by BCD, but unknown by the laboratory when analyzed. These samples assess the accuracy of the measurement method.

Per the Project QAPP, field duplicates were collected at a rate of 10% of the total samples per sampling event. As such, 5 field duplicates were collected for the spring and fall well water sampling events, 4 field duplicates were collected for the winter and summer well water sampling events, and 1 field duplicate was collected for each surface water sampling event.

Four performance evaluation samples were provided to the lab for analysis per well water sampling event. The concentrations of the performance evaluation samples are 1.0 mg/L, 10 mg/L, 35 mg/L and 100 mg/L. Two performance evaluation samples were collected for each surface water sampling with concentrations of 1.0 mg/L and 35 mg/L.

5.6 Data Validation/Verification and Quality Control Procedures

The project manager worked closely with BFHD and ensured timely review of the data as it became available. If nitrate data fell outside of the measurement quality objectives (MQOs) criteria described in the QAPP or if data show anomalous results, the project manager either requested a rerun of the sample if still within the sample hold times or collected a new sample for analysis. Data validation and verification was presented in each interim report and is summarized in Table 4. The full data validation/QC effort is provided in Appendix C. Other potential impacts to data collection or data quality, where the actual conditions varied from what was described in the QAPP are provided in more detail in Section 6.

5.6.1 Water Wells QC

A total of 42 field groundwater duplicates were collected over the course of the project (Table 4 and Appendix C.1). All field duplicate and their respective parent samples were within the project data quality objective (DQO), a recovery percent difference (RPD) of 20%.

A total of 37 laboratory performance evaluation samples were evaluated for groundwater during the project (Table 4 and Appendix C.2). All performance evaluation samples met the MQO for percent recovery between 78 and 125%, apart from 7 samples. These 7 samples were for relatively low concentrations from <1.31 mg/L nitrate. Recovery percentages in the 7 cases were slightly above the 125% recovery target at approximately 130% recovery.

A total of 8 field blanks were collected in association with groundwater monitoring events (Table 4 and Appendix C.3), which satisfies the DQO of collecting one per field event. All field blanks were at or below the detection limit of 0.5 mg/L. Nitrate was detected in the field blank for winter 2021 at 0.63 mg/L.

5.6.2 Surface Water Samples QC

A total of 6 surface water field duplicates were collected over the course of the project (Table 4 and Appendix C.1). All field duplicates and their respective parent samples were within the project DQO, a recovery percent difference (RPD) of 20%, except for one sample BC03SW collected in April 2022, which had an RPD of approximately 46%. This difference was attributed to low concentrations for both the parent and duplicate sample, with nitrate concentrations of 0.8 and 0.5 mg/L, respectively.

A total of 16 laboratory performance evaluation samples were evaluated for surface water during the project (Table 4 and Appendix C.2). All performance evaluation samples met the MQO for percent recovery between 78% and 125%, apart from 3 samples. These 3 samples were for relatively low nitrate concentrations of less than 1.8 mg/L nitrate.

A total of 6 field blanks were collected in association with surface water monitoring events (Table 4 and Appendix C.3), which satisfies the DQO of collecting one per field event. All samples were below the method detection limit of 0.5 mg/L.

Quality control procedures for this project also included regular meetings between staff regarding field work and sampling updates, timely review of laboratory results including QA/QC samples, and timely entry of data results into BCD's ArcGIS® Pro database for comparison to previous and current nitrate results in Benton County.

5.7 Data Management

BFHD submitted electronic results to BCD. BCD project manager reviewed the results and once accepted the data was entered by the Field Technician into a pre-formatted project in

ArcGIS® Pro. Data was then downloaded from ArcGis Pro into the necessary EIM format for upload to the EIM database (EIM study ID WQC2020BentCD00080).

Prior to submitting the electronic results, BFHD reviewed and validated the results. Any samples that did not meet laboratory QA/QC were appropriately flagged in the final result package submitted to BCD. Any changes to the referenced method, failure to meet the MQOs by the laboratory, or problems that may affect results during analysis are discussed in the following section, Section 6.

All sample results were reviewed promptly upon receipt from the laboratory for QAQC, accuracy and completeness. Any reporting issues were resolved immediately with the laboratory. After review, data was recorded electronically into the BCD database and uploaded into EIM for long term storage and retrieval.

6.0 Results

Forty-five water wells in Badger Coulee were sampled for groundwater nitrate concentrations from fall 2020 to summer 2022. The monitoring locations are shown in Figure 4, and the list of wells and sampling dates are provided in Tables 1 and 2. The groundwater sampling results for nitrate are provided in Appendix D, Table D.1. The laboratory reports are provided in Appendix D.

Ten surface water locations were sampled four times during the project (fall 2020 to summer 2022). The sampling locations are shown in Figure 5, and the list of sampling dates for each location are provided in Table 3. The surface water sampling results for nitrate are provided in Appendix D, Table D.2. The laboratory reports are provided in Appendix D.

The project goal was to collect quality samples at each of the 45 water wells and the ten surface water monitoring locations for each sampling period. The project goal was met with the variances noted in Section 6.1.

6.1 Data QA/QC Assessment

The MQOs for nitrate in both the groundwater and surface water samples were met for the 2020 through 2022 monitoring events as described in the 2021 and 2022 interim reports. The QC data for the nitrate samples show that field sampling has no measurable contamination, with field replicates and performance evaluation samples returning results within the anticipated range, giving the data user confidence that the data is of excellent quality and suitable for use (Table 4 and Appendix C). BFHD provides internal analysis of all sample runs and their QC data for this project show that for nitrate analysis, the laboratory produces data with high precision and accuracy with low bias.

There is high confidence in the data presented and discussed in this report. It is of exceptionally high quality.

6.1.1 Variances in Groundwater Data Collection and Analysis

This section summarizes the decisions and actions taken by BCD when laboratory errors and/or changes in field conditions were encountered during data collection and analysis for groundwater nitrate monitoring events. Groundwater sampling events described in the 2021 interim report included the following variances:

- The summer 2021 sampling event required re-collection and re-analysis of several samples that turned brown upon the addition of the lab buffer prior to the run analysis. The samples had a matrix inference issue. The samples were re-collected and re-analyzed within a week of the initial samples. The nitrate values were similar between the two sample runs, indicating the sample matrix interference had not impacted the sample nitrate results.
- Four groundwater samples were removed from the January 2021 data set: BC607WW, BC603WW, and BC605WW due to a lab error. These values were pulled from reporting in EIM, and the landowners notified. The samples were unable to be recollected within the same time frame, so the reported winter of 2021 batch results have 32 wells instead of 36. The data did not impact the analysis of whether the one-year monitoring results show the wells are above 10 mg/L, below 10 mg/L or variable given the multiple sampling events.

The groundwater sampling events described in the 2022 interim report included the following variances:

- Three samples from the July 2022 sampling event needed to be recollected and were analyzed 7/28/2022. These samples were collected from an irrigation water source instead of drinking water wells on the property. BCD management noted the issue immediately after receipt of the data package from Benton Franklin Health District, and the samples were recollected and analyzed the following week.
- Well BC603 was removed from the sampling program at the landowner's request.
- There was a sampling delay in the fall of 2021. The fall samples were collected in early November, after irrigation shutdown had already occurred. This was the only sampling event that deviated from the QAPP timeline.

6.1.2 Surface Water Sample Variances

This section summarizes the decisions and actions taken by BCD when laboratory errors and/or changes in field conditions were encountered during data collection and analysis for surface water nitrate monitoring events.

The surface water sampling events described in the 2021 interim report included the following variances:

- The fall 2021 sampling event was delayed and subsequently occurred after irrigation shut down. As such, the canal laterals had been drained and the samples from the KID canals could not be collected.
- Between the fall of 2020 and spring of 2021 sampling events, the BC005 sample location was relocated from a culvert at the intersection of Leslie Road to a location upstream at a culvert at the intersection of Lorraine J Blvd. The location was moved due to lack of flow downstream at the intended sampling site. All future samples were able to be collected from the original downstream location on Leslie Road.

The surface water sampling events described in the 2022 interim report included the following variance:

- Surface water samples collected in the Summer of 2022 were collected the same day as well water samples. They were analyzed within the same batch by the Benton Franklin Health District and as such separate PE samples, field blanks, and duplicates were not collected for this sampling period. The winter and fall 2022 sampling events had independent QA/QC samples collected for surface water and well water samples.
- One surface water sample, BC005SW, could not be collected in fall of 2022, which occurred after irrigation had shut down. As such, the KID lateral canal to be sampled had been drained.

6.2 Nitrate Monitoring Results

Groundwater and surface water sampling results are provided in tabular form in Appendix D. The following sections provide visual representation and descriptions summarizing the nitrate results.

6.2.1 Water Well Monitoring Results

As previously described, the water wells were grouped by their water producing units, including alluvial wells less than 130-feet deep, alluvial wells greater than 130-feet deep, shallow basalt wells, intermediate basalt well, and unclassified wells.

The MCL for nitrate in drinking water is 10 mg/L as nitrogen (40 CFR 141 Safe Drinking Water Act, and Chapter 246-290 WAC). The groundwater quality standards for nitrate in Washington State also establish a criterion at 10 mg/L as nitrogen (Chapter 173-200 WAC). For the purposes of viewing and discussing the results, three levels of nitrate concentration impact levels were established. The categories are as follows:

- "Low" are wells with concentrations below 10 mg/L, below the MCL.
- "Elevated" are wells with concentrations between 10 and 20 mg/L.
- "High" are wells with concentrations greater than 20 mg/L, twice the MCL.

The time series plots for groundwater nitrate results are presented in Figures 6 through 11. The drinking water limit is shown on the graphs (dashed black line) to indicate wells with nitrate concentration levels that are above or below the MCL. Figures 12 through 19 show the distribution of nitrate in the project area in plan view by each sampling event.

Ten alluvial wells less than 130 feet deep were sampled (Figure 6). In general, five wells had low nitrate levels during all sampling events. Five wells had elevated nitrate levels in all sampling events.

Nine alluvial wells greater than 131 feet deep were sampled (Figure 7). As previously noted, well BC603WW, dropped out of the program after three rounds of sampling. Of these wells, four had low nitrate concentrations during all sampling events. Three wells were elevated for all sampling events. Well BC127WW increased over the monitoring period.

Six alluvial and shallow basalt wells were monitored (Figure 8). Well BC117WW had high nitrate levels for all events. Elevated nitrate concentrations were detected in the five remaining wells for at least two events.

Nine wells producing water from the shallow basalt aquifers were sampled (Figure 9). Elevated nitrate concentrations were detected in four of the wells over the monitoring period, with wells BC607WW and BC611WW containing elevated nitrate concentrations for all sampling events. The remaining five wells had low concentrations (below the MCL) for all monitoring events.

There were two shallow and intermediate basalt wells, BC192WW and BC782321WW, sampled (Figure 10). Both wells had high nitrate levels over the monitoring period. Only one intermediate basalt well, BC601WW, was part of the monitoring program. Nitrate concentrations for this well were variable falling above (elevated) and below (low) the 10 mg/L threshold depending on the sampling event.

Seventeen wells were grouped as "unclassified" (Figure 11), with unknown water producing zone(s). With four of the wells, BC274WW, BC275WW, BC276WW, BC278WW dropping out of the program. Of the remaining 13 wells, three wells had elevated levels of nitrate, while the remaining nine had low levels of nitrate.

Trend analyses were completed on each time series with three or more data sets. The trend analysis is provided in more detail in Section 7.0.

6.2.2 Surface Water Monitoring Results

Surface water samples were collected during the irrigation season between fall 2020 to fall 2022. Samples were not collected in the winter months because the surface water canals were dry. The sample locations and corresponding nitrate values for the surface water samples within Badger Coulee are provided in Figures 20 and 21. Figure 20 shows the results for the 2020 to 2021 sampling events and Figure 21 shows the results for the 2022 sampling events.

Figure 22 shows a bar chart of the surface water results by sampling event and location. Although surface water samples, for reference purposes the nitrate drinking water MCL (10 mg/L) is represented as a black dashed line. Samples that could not be collected are discussed in Section 6 and represented as "NS" on the chart.

The surface water nitrate concentrations show minimal variability between the two sampling years in the KID laterals (BC002SW and BC003SW). Nitrate concentrations measured less than 2 mg/L for both years. Spring samples collected from the laterals in 2021 and 2022 had the lowest concentrations of nitrate (less than 0.9 mg/L), with consistently higher concentrations in the summer and fall.

The highest measured surface water nitrate concentrations were in sample BC005SW, which is collected from a topographic low in the bottom of a canyon that captures water from a spring created by irrigation induced seepage. This drain then flows into the headwaters of Amon Creek. The spring nitrate concentrations measured 47 mg/L in 2021 and 33.2 mg/L in 2022 from sample BC005SW.

Samples from Amon Creek (BC004SW, BC006SW, BC007SW, BC008SW and BC0010SW) had variable levels of nitrate depending on sample location, season, and year. BC004SW, was the furthest location upstream in the headwaters of the West Fork of Amon Creek. The majority of surface samples collected at this location had nitrate concentrations below 1.5 mg/L with the exception of the fall 2021 and Spring 2022 sampling events which had 4.3 mg/L nitrate and 9.8 mg/L, respectively.

Samples collected from the West Fork of Amon Creek (BC006SW) had higher concentrations of nitrate compared to all other Amon Creek sampling locations, including the samples collected from the East Fork of Amon Creek (BC007SW). BC006SW samples were collected from a wetland complex on the West Fork of the Amon Basin that receives discharge flows from Badger Coulee (e.g., BC005SW). Concentrations at BC006SW ranged from 6.4 mg/L to 11 mg/L in 2021 and from 7.2 mg/L – 10.4 mg/L in 2022. BC007SW, which is predominantly fed by irrigation source water from KID wastage flows, had lower concentrations ranging from 1.2 mg/L – 6.5 mg/L in 2021 and 0.6 mg/L – 1.3 mg/L in 2022.

Surface sample locations BC008SW and BC0010SW were collected at a point downstream of the West Fork/East Fork Confluence but upstream of Amon Creek's confluence with the Yakima River. These two sites had similar concentrations for each sampling event, measuring within 0.3 mg/L of each other in 2021 and within 0.6 mg/L in 2022. The nitrate concentrations had greater variability between seasons in 2021 for BC008SW and BC0010SW than observed in 2022. For example, at BC0008SW, nitrate concentrations ranged from 2.0 - 6.6 mg/L in 2021 versus 1.1 mg/L to 2.5 mg/L in 2022.

Sample BC009SW is from man-made spring sourced from stormwater pipes and groundwater located just to the west of Amon Basin, on the Yakima Delta Habitat Management Unit. The spring is located under I-182 and flows into the Yakima River. The water from the spring outfall had nitrate concentrations greater than 10 mg/L for three of the four sampling events in 2021 and two of three sampling events in 2022.

7.0 Discussion

The purpose of the study was to collect water well nitrate data of sufficient and repeatable quality that could be used to evaluate ground water nitrate conditions in Badger Coulee. Surface water samples were also collected as part of this study to investigate potential nitrate inputs and exports within Badger Coulee. The data collected as part of this study was done in accordance with QAPP to the best extent possible. The data was determined to be of exceptional quality, determined to be usable, and uploaded to EIM (Section 5 and Section 6). Variances and issues with the data and actions taken to maintain data quality and meet the project goal are described in Section 6.1.

7.1 Data Analyses Methods

To further assess groundwater nitrate conditions in Badger Coulee, the nitrate data presented in Section 6.2 was used for statistical and trend analyses. The analyses were split into the following two groups:

- The 2020 to 2022 times series, to evaluate groundwater nitrate trends over the monitoring period, and
- A long term-trend analysis, which combined the data collected from 2020 to 2022 with the data collected from 2015 to 2018 for water wells that were evaluated under both projects.

Mann-Kendall trend analysis was used to evaluate whether nitrate concentrations have statistically significant increasing or decreasing trends over the data record. A detailed description of the analytical methods is provided in Appendix E.

7.2 General Statistics and Trend Analysis - 2020 to 2022 Series

The 2020 to 2022 data series had relatively high data density with respect to the monitoring period; therefore, general statistics were calculated. The general statistics included minimum nitrate concentrations, maximum nitrate concentrations, mean, geometric mean, and standard deviation. A summary of the general statistics by well is provided in Table 5. Wells with a lower standard deviation indicate that there is less variability in nitrated concentrations over the data set. Thirty-one wells within the sampling program had maximum nitrate concentrations greater than the 10 mg/L MCL. Of those 31, 20 had minimum concentrations above the MCL.

Figure 23 is a box and whisker plot of nitrate concentrations by unit. All sampling results from 2020 to 2022 from all sample locations in a specific unit were used for the generation of the unit specific box and whisker plot. The average nitrate concentration for each unit is represented by and "x" in the box. The median is represented by the horizontal line in the box. The nitrate drinking water MCL is represented as a black line at 10 mg/L.

General nitrate levels and variability within each unit can be visualized using Figure 23. For example, alluvial wells less than 130 feet deep (shown in blue) have nitrate concentrations with average and median values from 2020 to 2022 slightly above the 10 mg/L MCL, while wells completed in shallow basalt (shown in green) had average and median concentrations less than the MCL with a similar variability and spread as the shallow alluvial wells. The plot shows a high degree of variability in nitrate concentrations in each aquifer. It also indicates that each aquifer unit is impacted by elevated nitrate concentrations.

We do not have a high level of confidence in the intermediate and shallow + intermediate box and whisker representations, shown in yellow and purple respectively. This is due to the number

of wells sampled from these units. Samples collected in the shallow and intermediate basalt had average values above 10 mg/L nitrate; however, it should be noted that this data only includes two wells. In addition, the intermediate basalt unit is only represented by one well.

A Mann-Kendal trend analysis was performed for each water well with three or more data points. The results are summarized in Table 6. The full ProUCL outputs, including the trend plots, are provided in Appendix E.

Two shallow alluvial wells (<130-ft deep), BC125WW and BC609 WW, had statistically significant decreasing nitrate trends. BC125WW decreased from above the MCL in 2021 to below the MCL for 2022. BC609WW remained below 5mg/L for the monitoring period. Water Well BC151WW had a statistically significant increasing trend but remained below the MCL for the monitoring period (Figure 6, Appendix E).

Two deep alluvial wells (>130-ft deep), BC127WW and BC604WW, had statistically significant trends (Table 6). BC604WW has been consistently above the MCL. BC127 steadily increased over the monitoring period. In 2020 is was below the MCL and increased to above the MCL in fall 2021 (Figure 7, Appendix E).

Two alluvial and shallow basalt wells had statistically significant trends, BC087WW and BC117WW. BC087WW was decreasing over the monitoring period starting above the MCL in 2020 and falling below the MCL in fall of 2021 (Figure 8, Appendix E). Well BC117WW had elevated to high nitrates over the monitoring period.

For the shallow basalt wells, two had statistically significant decreasing trends and three had increasing trends. Wells BC240WW, BC608WW, BC612WWWells had increasing trends. BC240WW and BC608WW increased over the monitoring period but remained below the MCL. BC612WW increase to above the MCL from spring to summer 2022. BC232WW and BC207WW had decreasing nitrate concentrations over the monitoring period. BC232WW had a decreasing trend over the monitoring period but remained above the MCL (Figure 9).

The wells in the intermediate and shallow and intermediate units did not have statistically significant trends, remaining relatively stable throughout the monitoring period.

Only one unclassified well, BC034WW, had a statistically significant trend, it increased, over the 2020 to 2022 monitoring period (Figure 11).

In general, there were few statistically significant trends identified within the 2020 to 2022 monitoring period. Many of the wells were relatively stable over this period. High variability (potentially seasonal) was observed in wells BC022WW and BC605WW.

7.3 Long-Term Trend Analysis – 2015 to 2022 Series

A long-term trend analysis was completed for the wells in the 2020 to 2022 monitoring program, which were also monitored under the previous grant, Ecology Centennial Grant WQC-2015-BentCD-00102. This data was retrieved from EIM. The full data set used for the long-term analysis is provided in Appendix F. The discussion of methods is provided in Appendix E.

There were four shallow alluvial wells (less than 130-ft deep), four deeper alluvial wells, five alluvial and shallow basalt wells, two shallow and intermediate basalt wells and three unclassified wells in both the older and recent data sets. Figures 24 through 28 show the nitrate concentration time series used for the analysis. The wells and a summary of the long-term trend analysis results are shown in Table 7. The full ProUCL tend analysis outputs including trend plots are provided in Appendix G.

Three of the four shallow alluvial wells had statistically significant trends. Wells BC088WW and BC125WW had decreasing nitrate concentrations over the long-term record. BC125WW decreased to below the MCL (Figure 24), while BC088WW is still above the MCL. Well BC151WW had a long-term increase in nitrate concentrations over the long-term record (Table 7).

Two of the four deep alluvial wells had statistically increasing nitrate trends, BC022WW and BC127WW. Nitrate concentrations in BC022WW have historically been at or above the MCL since 2015. Although there is variability in the record, the trend is increasing. Well BC127WW saw a steeper rise in nitrate concentrations beginning the fall of 2020, increasing to above the MCL (Figure 25).

Three of the five alluvial and shallow basalt wells, BC081WW, BC117WW, and BC128WW, had statistically significant long-term increasing trends. Well BC081 is increasing slowly compared to well BC117 (Figure 26), and both are above the MCL. BC128WW has an increasing trend, and some events sampled during the 2020 to 2022 monitoring period were above the MCL.

Well BC192WW, in the shallow and intermediate basalt unit, has a statistically significant increasing long term trend (Table 7). It increased about 10mg/L from 2016 to 2022, going from about 20mg/L to 30mg/L (Figure 27).

All three of the unclassified wells, BC012WW, BC034WW, and BC086WW, had statistically significant increasing long-term trends; however, all three remain below the MCL. It should be noted that BC034WW is approaching the MCL in recent sampling events.

Of the 18 water wells with long-term records, 12 had statistically significant trends, with the10 of the twelve seeing increasing trends. The decreasing trends were observed in the shallower alluvial wells BC088WW and BC125WW (Table 7).

7.4 Surface Water Data

With KID canal lining in Badger Coulee over the last decade, connectivity between the canal and groundwater has been lost, or significantly reduced. As such, the primary source of nitrogen in KID canal system water is from existing nitrates carried into the canals from Yakima River source water. The levels of nitrate measured in the KID canals were similar to ranges recently observed in the lower Yakima River by Sheibley and others (2022). For example:

- Continuous measurements of nitrate in the lower Yakima River from 2018 2020 showed the highest concentrations in the fall and winter months, with levels ranging from 1.2 – 1.8 milligrams of nitrogen per liter (mg-N/L) (Sheibley and others, 2022). Correspondingly, the measured nitrate concentrations in the KID canal samples were highest in the fall with levels just under 2 mg/L (Figure 22).
- Spring nitrate concentrations in the Yakima River reached a minimum with levels under 1.0 mg/L (Sheibley and others 2022). Similarly, canal surface water samples had the lowest levels of nitrate in the spring, also with values under 1.0 mg/L (Figure 22). The lower spring nitrate levels in the Yakima River were attributed to dilution with the onset of the spring freshet.

Sheibley and others (2022) noted that nitrate loads to the Yakima River increased steadily throughout the summer months without an increase in flow indicating a sustained input of nutrients to the Yakima River. The sustained inputs are likely from agricultural return flows and transport from nearby groundwater discharge. Further research of groundwater pathways in the lower Yakima River basin may help elucidate nitrate cycles and relationships between

groundwater and surface water as basin wide irrigation water application, groundwater returns, and Yakima River source nutrients are intricately linked.

The surface water samples collected from the Amon Creek watershed in the eastern part of Badger Coulee as part of this study indicate longitudinal (upstream vs downstream), seasonal, and interannual variability. Specifically, nitrate concentrations in the Amon Creek basin were generally higher within the West Fork of Amon Creek versus the East Fork of Amon Creek. This is interpreted to show nitrate inputs from Badger Coulee drainages discharging into the West Fork may be a greater contributing factor than irrigation wasteway operations discharging into the East Fork (Figures 20 and 21).

Future studies should examine annual and interannual variations of nitrate concentrations along with flow measurements in both the East Fork and West Fork of Amon Creek to evaluate the relative nitrate loading in each tributary. Residential housing neighborhoods, a golf course, and a large city park also line Amon Creek downstream of the East Fork and West Fork confluence. Residential areas with large lawns are likely contributing sources of anthropogenic nitrate to the Amon Creek system beyond the incoming concentrations from upstream tributaries. Programs and education for urban landowners along Amon Creek are recommended to help reduce nonpoint source pollution from lawns, the golf course, and urban park landscaping.

While most samples in Amon Creek were largely below or near the 10 mg/L MCL threshold (Figure 22), this is a drinking water standard and is not indicative of protection for watershed health. The state of Washington has not established standards for nutrients in surface water, however, the USEPA has published suggested reference conditions to protect water bodies from nutrient enrichment (Wise 2009). The suggested reference condition for Yakima River basin streams (including Amon Creek) in the Xeric West Ecoregion (USEPA, 2000) is listed at 0.072 mg/L for Nitrate plus Nitrite as N. All samples in Amon Creek were above the USEPA reference conditions. The data from this project suggests nitrate levels in Amon Creek exceed acceptable levels for watershed health. Additionally, Amon Creek may be a source of added nitrate to the lower Yakima River delta. The current nitrate levels in the Yakima Delta are unknown and the relative proportion of incoming nitrates from Amon to the existing Yakima delta nitrates warrants additional study in the future.

8.0 Conclusions

BCD completed a nitrate monitoring program from 2020 to 2022 for both surface and groundwater nitrates within Badger Coulee, as part of a larger effort to implement best management practices in the project area to mitigate potential further nitrate impacts. Data collected under 2020 to 2022 monitoring efforts, as part of Ecology grant WQC-2018-BentCD-00080, was intended to further the understanding of groundwater nitrates and was used to evaluate the impacts of the BMP projects as they are implemented in Badger Coulee.

The data collected from 2020 to 2022 and provided in Section 6.0 were of exceptional quality and used for statistical and trend analyses (Section 7.0). The data indicated that 20 wells monitored had minimum nitrate concentrations above the MCL, with 31 water wells experiencing at least one event above the MCL (Table 5). As shown in Figure 23, nitrate distribution is highly variable within each aquifer unit, and all aquifer units are impacted by elevated and/or high nitrate concentrations. In general, there were few statistically significant trends identified within the 2020 to 2022 monitoring period (Table 6, Figures 6 through 11). A number of the wells were relatively stable over this shorter period; however, high variability (potentially seasonal) was observed.

8.1 Groundwater Conclusions

Groundwater nitrate concentrations in all the monitored aquifer units indicate anthropogenic impacts. There are a number of historic and current land use practices including irrigation processes, agricultural fertilization (both inorganic and organic), and lawn fertilization and watering practices for residential, community and recreational areas (e.g., golf courses and parks), dairies, feedlots, and other livestock practices that may have contributed to the current nitrate distribution in Badger Coulee.

The long-term trends indicated that nitrate concentrations in all units have generally increased since the 2016 study. However, long-term decreasing trends detected in two of the shallower alluvial wells may indicate that changes to long-term trends would be visible first in the shallower aquifer units. This is supported by previous studies that concluded that nitrate at depth was migrating down from land use practices (Table 7. Figure 24).

Groundwater nitrate sample collection and trend analysis is an appropriate way to evaluate short and long-term changes in groundwater nitrate due to changes in surface practices of application or mitigation. Although, it will likely take time to see the impacts, especially at depths. Improvements to groundwater nitrate concentrations due to BMPs will likely be observed in the shallower wells and aquifer units due to faster recharge rates.

8.2 Surface Water Data Conclusions

The surface water sampling conducted from 2021 and 2022 provided a preliminary picture of incoming and outgoing surface water nitrate levels in Badger Coulee. Nitrate is present in the source irrigation water displaying concentrations and trends similar to those observed in the lower Yakima River. Determining nutrient loads from the irrigation source water to Badger Coulee was outside the scope of this work but should be part of management planning when working with landowners to mitigate added nutrient application from irrigation water.

While irrigation source water may contribute to groundwater nitrate loads, over-application of irrigation water to heavily fertilized areas (e.g., lawns) is likely to be a larger contributor to groundwater nitrates within Badger Coulee than canal source water. Over-application of irrigation water can lead to excess nitrate in the groundwater as water carries nitrates deeper into the soil profile and groundwater. Recognizing this possibility, site specific nutrient management plans were created as part of the larger grant project (WQC-BentCD-00080) for multiple landowners in Badger Coulee. These plans provide a guide for fertilizer application and irrigation water application specific to each property in order to foster nutrient management stewardship and decrease excess nutrients applied to the groundwater system. For properties with large animals, manure composting facilities were recommended.

All surface water samples from Amon Creek had detectable levels of nitrates. Samples collected from the West Fork Amon Creek generally had higher concentration levels than those found in the East Fork Amon Creek indicating that irrigation wasteway operations may not be the primary contributing factor to nitrate levels within the basin. Amon Creek is a known native salmon spawning area and thermal refuge for adult salmonids. Amon Creek also contains an urban wetland preserve in the headwaters that provides important shrub steppe habitat. Managing incoming nonpoint sources of nitrates into Amon Creek is important to protect both the Amon Creek watershed health as well as the Yakima River Delta.

9.0 Recommendations

Based on the results and conclusions described above in Sections 6 and 7 we have the following recommendations:

- Continue quarterly groundwater monitoring. The quarterly groundwater monitoring performed between 2020 and 2022 picked up variability in nitrate concentrations, such as potential seasonal influence that was not visible in the older 2016 and 2018 data.
- Attempt to increase the number of monitored water wells within the Badger Coulee Area and within the intermediate basalt unit. There are only two shallow + intermediate wells and one intermediate basalt well. This is a narrow data set to apply within the larger project area.
- Conduct a larger groundwater study to investigate groundwater flow paths and connectivity between the Badger Coulee Area and the Yakima River. A larger study to investigate and better understand the nutrient fluxes between surface and groundwater sources would help land and water managers protect surface and groundwater in the basin.
- Implement targeted BMPs within Badger Coulee rural areas to mitigate nutrient transport to groundwater. These BMPs may include manure composting facilities, well head and septic drain field inspections, and improved irrigation and fertilizer practices.
- Develop site specific nutrient management plans for rural landowners in Badger Coulee with continued follow-up to ensure plan implementation success. These plans instruct landowners on fertilizer application rates, irrigation watering rates, and targeted manure management to decrease nutrient loading to groundwater.
- Develop collaborative programs with the local health district to connect Badger Coulee landowners with the high nitrates in their drinking water to state programs designed to provide alternatives for safe drinking water.
- Expand monitoring of the Amon Creek watershed to evaluate annual nitrate loads within the watershed as well as exports of nitrate to the Yakima River Delta. The predominant sources of nitrate loading to Amon basin should be further evaluated to ascertain inputs from the West Fork, East Fork, along with private and public land ownership inputs. These efforts will likely inform future urban BMPs, such as xeriscaping and filter strips, that may help decrease nutrient loadings to Amon.

10.0 References

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Tables

Table 1. Summary of Quarterly Groundwater Monitoring Frequency

Groundwater and Surface Water Nitrate Monitoring

		Winter	Spring	Summer	Fall 2021	Winter	Spring	Summer	Fell 2022
Well	Fall 2020	2021	2021	2021	Fall 2021	2022	2022	2022	Fall 2022
				Alluvial (less	than 130-ft)				
BC088WW	10/6/2020	1/12/2021	3/23/2021	8/9/2021	11/9/2021	1/21/2022	4/6/2022	7/21/2022	9/27/2022
BC125WW	10/7/2020	1/11/2021	3/23/2021	8/10/2021	11/9/2021	1/20/2022	4/5/2022	7/21/2022	9/27/2022
BC151WW	10/6/2020	1/12/2021	3/23/2021	8/10/2021	11/9/2021	1/21/2022	4/6/2022	7/20/2022	9/29/2022
BC184WW	10/6/2020	1/11/2021	3/23/2021	8/10/2021	11/9/2021	1/20/2022	4/6/2022	7/20/2022	9/27/2022
BC254WW	10/8/2020	1/12/2021	3/24/2021	8/11/2021	11/10/2021	1/21/2022	4/6/2022	7/28/2022	9/29/2022
BC600WW	9/30/2020	1/11/2021	3/23/2021	8/11/2021	11/9/2021	1/20/2022	4/6/2022	7/20/2022	9/27/2022
BC609WW	9/28/2020	1/11/2021	3/23/2021	8/11/2021	11/9/2021	1/20/2022	4/5/2022	7/21/2022	9/29/2022
BC616WW	10/1/2020	1/11/2021	3/22/2021	8/13/2021	11/8/2021	1/20/2022	4/5/2022	7/28/2022	9/27/2022
			Al	luvial (greate	er than 130-ft)			
BC022WW	10/8/2020	1/11/2021	3/22/2021	8/9/2021	11/8/2021	1/20/2022	4/5/2022	7/19/2022	9/29/2022
BC100WW	10/7/2020	No Sample	3/22/2021	8/9/2021	11/8/2021	1/20/2022	4/5/2022	7/21/2022	9/29/2022
BC127WW	10/5/2020	1/12/2021	3/24/2021	8/10/2021	11/10/2021	1/21/2022	4/7/2022	7/20/2022	9/27/2022
BC194WW	10/5/2020	1/12/2021	3/24/2021	8/10/2021	11/10/2021	1/21/2022	4/7/2022	7/20/2022	9/27/2022
BC246WW	10/8/2020	1/13/2021	3/25/2021	8/10/2021	11/16/2021	1/19/2022	4/7/2022	7/19/2022	9/27/2022
BC268WW	10/5/2020	1/12/2021	3/24/2021	8/11/2021	10/8/2021	1/21/2022	4/6/2022	7/20/2022	9/27/2022
BC603WW	9/29/2020	1/13/2021	3/25/2021			Removed fro	om Program		
BC604WW	10/2/2020	1/11/2021	3/22/2021	8/11/2021	11/8/2021	1/20/2022	4/5/2022	7/19/2022	9/27/2022
BC613WW	9/28/2020	1/12/2021	3/24/2021	8/11/2021	11/10/2021	1/21/2022	4/7/2022	7/20/2022	9/29/2022
				Alluvial + Sh	allow Basalt				
BC087WW	10/6/2020	1/12/2021	3/23/2021	8/9/2021	11/9/2021	1/21/2022	4/6/2022	7/20/2022	9/29/2022
BC116WW	10/5/2020	1/12/2021	3/24/2021	8/10/2021	11/10/2021	1/21/2022	4/6/2022	7/20/2022	9/27/2022
BC117WW	10/5/2020	1/12/2021	3/24/2021	8/10/2021	11/10/2021	1/21/2022	No Sample	7/28/2022	9/27/2022
BC128WW	10/6/2020	1/12/2021	3/24/2021	8/10/2021	11/10/2021	1/21/2022	4/6/2022	7/20/2022	9/27/2022

Table 1. Summary of Quarterly Groundwater Monitoring Frequency

Groundwater and Surface Water Nitrate Monitoring

Well	Fall 2020	Winter 2021	Spring 2021	Summer 2021	Fall 2021	Winter 2022	Spring 2022	Summer 2022	Fall 2022
		2021	2021	Shallow	/ Basalt	2022	2022	2022	
BC232WW	10/7/2020	1/11/2021	3/23/2021	8/10/2021	11/9/2021	1/20/2022	4/5/2022	7/20/2022	9/28/2022
BC239WW	10/8/2020	1/13/2021	3/25/2021	8/10/2021	11/16/2021	1/19/2022	4/7/2022	7/19/2022	9/27/2022
BC240WW	10/6/2020		3/24/2021	8/10/2021	11/10/2021	1/21/2022	4/6/2022	7/20/2022	9/29/2022
BC605WW	10/1/2020	1/11/2021	3/22/2021	8/10/2021	11/8/2021	1/20/2022	4/5/2022	7/28/2022	9/27/2022
BC606WW	9/30/2020	1/13/2021	3/25/2021	8/11/2021	11/16/2021	1/19/2022	4/7/2022	7/19/2022	9/29/2022
BC607WW	9/29/2020	1/13/2021	3/25/2021	8/11/2021	11/16/2021	1/19/2022	4/7/2022	7/19/2022	9/28/2022
BC608WW	9/29/2020	1/13/2021	3/25/2021	8/11/2021	11/16/2021	1/19/2022	4/7/2022	7/19/2022	9/27/2022
BC611WW	10/1/2020	1/11/2021	3/22/2021	8/11/2021	11/8/2021	1/20/2022	4/5/2022	No Sample	9/27/2022
BC612WW	9/28/2020	1/12/2021	3/23/2021	8/11/2021	11/9/2021	1/21/2022	4/6/2022	7/20/2022	9/27/2022
			Sha	allow + Inter	mediate Basa	lt		-	
BC192WW	10/6/2020	1/12/2021	3/24/2021	8/10/2021	11/10/2021	1/19/2022	4/7/2022	7/21/2022	9/29/2022
BC782321W W	10/5/2020	1/13/2021	3/25/2021	8/13/2021	11/16/2021	1/21/2022	4/6/2022	7/21/2022	9/27/2022
				Intermedi	ate Basalt			-	
BC601WW	9/29/2020	1/11/2021	3/22/2021	8/11/2021	11/8/2021	1/20/2022	4/5/2022	7/21/2022	9/29/2022
				Unclassif	ied Wells				
BC034WW	10/7/2020	1/11/2021	3/23/2021	8/9/2021	11/9/2021	1/21/2022	4/5/2022	7/21/2022	9/27/2022
BC086WW	10/7/2020	1/11/2021	3/22/2021	8/9/2021	11/8/2021	1/19/2022	4/7/2022	7/19/2022	9/29/2022
BC235WW	10/1/2020	1/13/2021	3/25/2021	8/10/2021	11/16/2021	1/21/2022	4/5/2022	7/19/2022	9/29/2022
BC266WW	10/8/2020	1/11/2021	3/22/2021	8/11/2021	11/8/2021	1/20/2022	4/5/2022	7/28/2022	9/27/2022

Table 2. Summary of Semi Annual Groundwater Monitoring

Frequency

Groundwater and Surface Water Nitrate Monitoring

Well	Fall 2020	Spring 2021	Fall 2021	Spring 2022	Fall 2022							
	Alluvia	l Wells (less th	an 130 feet de	eep)								
BC602WW	10/2/2020	3/25/2021	11/16/2021	4/7/2022	9/29/2022							
BC273WW	No Sample	No Sample	No Sample	4/5/2022	No Sample							
	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt Wells											
BC081WW	10/7/2020	3/22/2021	11/8/2021	4/5/2022	9/28/2022							
BC610WW	9/28/2020	3/22/2021	11/8/2021	4/5/2022	9/28/2022							
Unclassified Wells												
BC012WW	10/8/2021	3/25/2021	11/16/2021	4/7/2022	9/30/2022							
BC277WW	9/30/2020	3/23/2021	11/9/2021	4/6/2022	No Sample							
BC278WW	9/30/2020	3/25/2021	No Sample	No Sample	No Sample							
BC279WW	9/30/2020	3/24/2021	11/10/2021	4/7/2022	9/27/2022							
BC500WW	10/6/2020	3/24/2021	11/10/2021	4/7/2022	9/29/2022							
BC614WW	9/30/2020	3/24/2021	11/10/2021	4/6/2022	9/28/2022							
BC615WW	9/29/2020	3/25/2021	11/16/2021	4/7/2022	9/27/2022							
BC274WW	9/29/2020	3/25/2021	No Sample	No Sample	No Sample							
BC275WW	10/1/2020	3/22/2021	No Sample	No Sample	No Sample							
BC276WW	10/1/2020	3/22/2021	No Sample	No Sample	No Sample							
BC325	No Sample	No Sample	No Sample	No Sample	9/29/2022							

Table 3. Summary of Surface Water Monitoring Frequency

Groundwater and Surface Water Nitrate Monitoring

Site	Source water	Fall 2020	Spring 2021	Summer 2021	Fall 2021	Spring 2022	Summer 2022	Fall 2022
BC001SW	Drain	10/9/2020	3/25/2021	8/16/2021	11/15/2021	4/28/2022	7/21/2022	10/3/022
BC002SW	KID Canal	10/9/2020	4/12/2021	8/16/2021	No Sample	4/28/2022	7/21/2022	No Sample
BC003SW	KID Canal	10/9/2020	4/12/2021	8/16/2021	No Sample	4/28/2022	7/21/2022	10/3/022
BC004SW	Drain	10/9/2020	3/24/2021 4/12/2021	8/16/2021	11/15/2021	4/28/2022	7/21/2022	10/3/022
BC005SW	Drain	10/9/2020	3/24/2021 4/12/2021	8/16/2021	11/15/2021	4/28/2022	7/21/2022	10/3/022
BC006SW	Amon Creek	10/9/2020	3/24/2021 4/12/2021	8/16/2021	11/15/2021	4/28/2022	7/21/2022	10/3/022
BC007SW	Amon Creek	10/9/2020	3/24/2021 4/12/2021	8/16/2021	11/15/2021	4/28/2022	7/21/2022	10/3/022
BC008SW	Amon Creek	10/9/2020	3/24/2021 4/12/2021	8/16/2021	11/15/2021	4/28/2022	7/21/2022	10/3/022
BC009SW	Spring	10/9/2020	3/23/2021	8/16/2021	11/15/2021	4/28/2022	7/21/2022	10/3/022
BC010SW	Amon Creek	10/9/2020	3/23/2021 4/2/2021	8/16/2021	11/15/2021	4/28/2022	7/21/2022	10/3/022

Table 4. Summary of Data Validation/Quality Control

Groundwater and Surface Water Nitrate Monitoring

Badger Coulee, Bentron County, Washington

	Fiscal Yea	r 2021 (Appel e	t al. 2022)	Fiscal Yea	r 2022 (Appel e	t al. 2023)	Full Pro	ject 2020 Throu	gh 2022
Parameter	Number of	Samples not		Number of	Samples not		Number of	Samples not	
Parameter	Verification	meeting	MQOs Met	Verification	meeting	MQOs Met	Verification	meeting	MQOs Met
	Samples	MQO		Samples	MQO		Samples	MQO	
Well Water Samples									
Field Duplicate	24	0	Y	18	0	Y	42	0	Y
Performance Evaluation	21	4*	γ*	16	3	γ*	37	7	γ*
Field Blank	5	0	Y	3	0	Y	8	0	Y
Surface Water Samples									
Field Duplicate	4	0	Y	2	1**	Y**	6	1**	Y**
Performance Evaluation	10	2	γ*	6	1*	γ*	16	3*	γ*
Field Blank	4	0	Y	3	0	Y	7	0	Y

Notes:

MQO = Method quality objective

QA/QC = Quality Assurance/Quality Control FY = Fiscal Year

* 1.0 mg/L PE samples did not meet the 125% threshold recovery limit due to the low concentrations analyzed. The difference between the measured samples and PE standard were within 0.5 mg/L for all results, but due to the low concentration, the results returned a RPD above 125%. For the purposes of the study, these results are considered acceptable as they do not impact the quality control of the sampling events.

** One FD sample did not meet the RPD threshold of <20% due to the low concentration of the sample and duplicate results. The sample and duplicate results were 0.8 mg/L and 0.5 mg/L, respectively and are considered acceptable as the results do not impact the quality control of the sampling events.

Table 5. 2020-2022 General Statistics

Groundwater and Surface Water Nitrate Monitoring Badger Coulee, Bentron County, Washington

Variable	NumObs.	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Geo-Mean	Standard Deviation
		Alluvial W	ells (less tha	n 130-ft)		Deriditori
BC088WW	9	14.5	16.6	15.7	15.7	0.6
BC125WW	9	4.6	11.6	9.2	8.9	2.4
BC151WW	9	6.2	9.0	7.7	7.6	1.0
BC184WW	9	15.1	21.0	19.1	19.0	1.8
BC254WW	9	1.5	18.7	15.5	13.1	5.4
BC600WW	9	7.2	8.2	7.8	7.8	0.3
BC602WW	5	2.9	3.8	3.3	3.3	0.4
BC609WW	9	1.6	3.9	3.2	3.1	0.6
BC616WW	9	12.5	14.4	12.9	12.9	0.6
		Alluvial We	lls (greater tl	nan 130-ft)		
BC022WW	9	16.4	29.6	21.8	21.3	5.0
BC100WW	9	0.7	1.2	0.9	0.9	0.2
BC127WW	9	4.2	23.4	11.4	9.7	6.9
BC194WW	9	11.4	14.3	13.2	13.1	1.1
BC246WW	9	1.3	5.2	2.0	1.8	1.2
BC268WW	9	2.7	4.9	3.4	3.3	0.8
BC273WW	2	13.4	13.7	13.6	13.6	0.2
BC603WW	3	4.7	16.4	8.6	7.2	6.7
BC604WW	9	16.5	18.3	17.4	17.4	0.6
BC613WW	9	6.6	9.2	7.8	7.8	0.9
		Alluvial+	Shallow Basa	lt Wells		
BC081WW	5	12.1	12.8	12.5	12.5	0.3
BC087WW	9	6.5	22.2	13.1	11.5	6.8
BC116WW	9	1.6	13.1	9.0	8.0	3.3
BC117WW	8	21.7	59.0	36.2	34.5	12.3
BC128WW	9	3.4	14.3	9.6	8.6	4.3
BC610WW	5	18.0	25.3	21.0	20.8	3.0
	-	Shall	ow Basalt W	ells		
BC232WW	9	6.4	8.2	7.2	7.1	0.6
BC239WW	9	4.3	6.2	5.5	5.4	0.7
BC240WW	9	3.8	7.4	5.7	5.6	1.3
BC605WW	9	5.3	20.9	12.3	10.9	6.1
BC606WW	9	4.8	5.6	5.2	5.2	0.3
BC607WW	9	12.9	23.4	18.6	18.2	4.0
BC608WW	9	4.6	8.3	7.0	6.9	1.3
BC611WW	8	14.2	17.3	16.1	16.1	0.9
BC612WW	9	3.1	18.7	7.0	5.8	5.2

Table 5. 2020-2022 General Statistics

Groundwater and Surface Water Nitrate Monitoring Badger Coulee, Bentron County, Washington

Variable	NumObs.	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Geo-Mean	Standard Deviation
		Shallow +	- Intermedia	te Wells		
BC192WW	9	24.9	30.8	28.8	28.8	2.3
BC782321WW	9	11.8	46.0	40.6	38.2	10.9
		Inte	rmediate We	ells		
BC601WW	9	7.5	12.5	9.689	9.221	1.9
		Unc	classified We	lls		
BC012WW	5	2.6	6.6	4.0	3.7	1.8
BC034WW	9	6.6	9.9	7.9	7.9	1.0
BC086WW	9	3.0	4.6	3.7	3.7	0.4
BC235WW	9	1.7	15.4	11.6	10.1	4.2
BC266WW	9	14.0	17.7	16.6	16.6	1.2
BC274WW	2	18.2	36.3	27.3	25.7	12.8
BC275WW	2	12.4	12.7	12.6	12.6	0.2
BC276WW	2	20.8	25.1	23.0	22.9	3.0
BC277WW	4	4.8	5.3	5.0	5.0	0.2
BC278WW	2	30.6	32.9	31.8	31.7	1.6
BC279WW	5	12.0	13.8	13.1	13.1	0.8
BC325WW	1	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9	N/A
BC500WW	5	5.7	6.7	6.1	6.0	0.5
BC614WW	5	1.3	3.2	1.9	1.8	0.8
BC615WW	5	0.9	1.9	1.6	1.5	0.4
BC617WW	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A
BC618WW	2	4.8	5.4	5.1	5.1	0.4

Notes:

BOLD = Above the MCL of 10mg/L

Table 6. Summary of 2020-2022 Trend Analyses

Groundwater and Surface Water Nitrate Monitoring

Well ID	Number of Observations	First Recorded Spring WL	Last Recorded Spring WL	L direction ¹ (S)		Approximate p-value	OLS Regression Slope
			Alluvial (le	ss than 130-ft)	•	•	
BC088WW	9	2020	2022	Insufficient	-14	0.0877	-0.0008
BC125WW	9	2020	2022	Decreasing	-24	0.00824	-0.0076
BC151WW	9	2020	2022	Increasing	31	8.31E-04	0.0036
BC184WW	9	2020	2022	Insufficient	-5	0.337	-0.0024
BC254WW	9	2020	2022	Insufficient	6	0.301	0.0101
BC273WW*	2	2022	2022				
BC600WW	9	2020	2022	Insufficient	-1	0.5	-0.0001
BC602WW	5	2020	2022	Insufficient	-6	0.11	-0.0009
BC609WW	9	2020	2022	Decreasing	-23	0.0105	-0.0018
BC616WW	9	2020	2022	Insufficient	-8	0.23	0.0003
			Alluvial (grea	ater than 130-f	t)		
BC022WW	9	2020	2022	Insufficient	10	0.174	0.0025
BC100WW	9	2020	2022	Insufficient	9	0.189	0.0003
BC127WW	9	2020	2022	Increasing	36	1.32E-04	0.0261
BC194WW	9	2020	2022	Insufficient	-15	0.0682	-0.002
BC246WW	9	2020	2022	Insufficient	-9	0.197	-0.0022
BC268WW	9	2020	2022	Insufficient	8	0.23	0.0016
BC603WW	3	2020	2021	Insufficient	1	0.5	0.0091
BC604WW	9	2020	2022	Increasing	28	0.00244	0.0021
BC613WW	9	2020	2022	Insufficient	-8	0.233	-0.0016

Table 6. Summary of 2020-2022 Trend Analyses

Groundwater and Surface Water Nitrate Monitoring

Well ID	Number of Observations	First Recorded Spring WL	Last Recorded Spring WL	VL direction ¹ (S)		Approximate p-value	OLS Regression Slope							
	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt													
BC081WW	5	2020	2022	Insufficient	6	0.11	0.0008							
BC087WW	9	2020	2022	Decreasing	-22	0.0143	-0.0235							
BC116WW	9	2020	2022	Insufficient	-2	0.458	0.0014							
BC117WW	8	2020	2022	Increasing	26	9.91E-04	0.0439							
BC128WW	9	2020	2022	Insufficient	3	0.417	0.0037							
BC610WW	5	2020	2022	Insufficient	2	0.403	-0.0018							
			Shalle	ow Basalt										
BC232WW	9	2020	2022	Decreasing	-19	0.0296	-0.0016							
BC239WW	9	2020	2022	Insufficient	-14	0.0853	-0.0016							
BC240WW	9	2020	2022	Increasing	18	0.0382	0.003							
BC605WW	9	2020	2022	Insufficient	-8	0.233	-0.0087							
BC606WW	9	2020	2022	Insufficient	8	0.23	0.0003							
BC607WW	9	2020	2022	Decreasing	-24	0.00824	-0.0113							
BC608WW	9	2020	2022	Increasing	19	0.0296	0.0039							
BC611WW	8	2020	2022	Insufficient	0	N/A	-0.0013							
BC612WW	9	2020	2022	Increasing	30	0.00125	0.017							
			Interme	diate Basalt	•	•								
BC601WW	9	2020	2022	Insufficient	-1	0.5	0							
	•	Sh	allow and Ir	itermediate Ba	salt	•								
BC192WW	9	2020	2022	Insufficient	-14	0.0877	-0.0037							
BC782321WW	9	2020	2022	Insufficient	1	0.5	0.0228							

Table 6. Summary of 2020-2022 Trend Analyses

Groundwater and Surface Water Nitrate Monitoring

Badger Coulee, Bentron County, Washington

Well ID	Number of Observations	First Recorded Spring WL	Last Recorded Spring WL	Trend direction ¹	M-K Test Value (S)	Approximate p-value	OLS Regression Slope		
	-		Unc	lassified					
BC012WW	5	2020	2022	Insufficient	0	N/A	-0.0008		
BC034WW	9	2020	2022	Increasing	29	0.00167	0.0037		
BC086WW	9	2020	2022	Insufficient	15	0.0711	0.0009		
BC235WW	9	2020	2022	Insufficient	-13	0.104	0.0004		
BC266WW	9	2020	2022	Insufficient	-3	0.417	-0.0011		
BC274WW*	2	2020	2021						
BC275WW*	2	2020	2021						
BC276WW*	2	2020	2021						
BC277WW	4	2020	2022	Insufficient	3	0.235	0.0006		
BC278WW	2	2020	2021			<u>.</u>			
BC279WW	5	2020	2022	Insufficient	-1	0.5	-0.0002		
BC325WW*	1	2022	2022						
BC500WW	5	2020	2022	Insufficient	1	0.5	0.0005		
BC614WW	5	2020	2022	Insufficient	5	0.156	0.0019		
BC615WW	5	2020	2022	Insufficient	-3	0.307	-0.0009		
BC617WW*	1	2021	2021						
BC618WW*	2	2022	2022						

Notes:

* Less than two data points. Trend analysis not conducted.

¹ Insufficient = not enough statistically significant evidence to establish a trend direction.

Table 7. Long-term Nitrate Trend Analyses

Groundwater and Surface Water Nitrate Monitoring

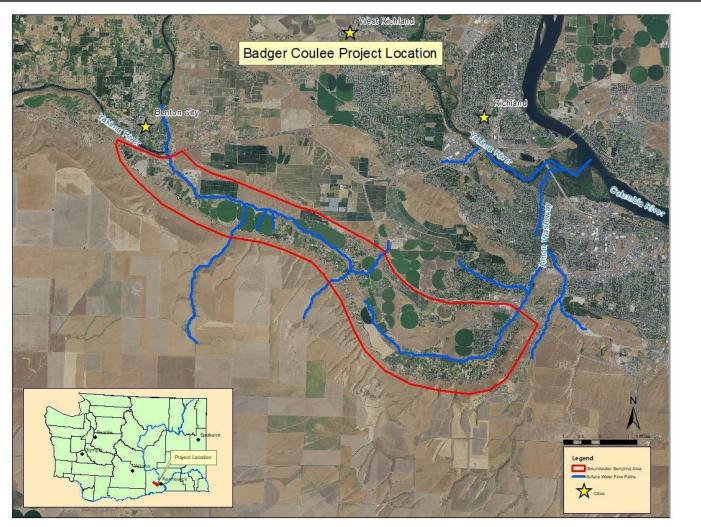
Badger Coulee, Bentron County, Washington

Well ID	Production Unit	Number of Observations	First Recorded Spring WL	Last Recorded Spring WL	Trend	M-K Test Value (S)	Approximate p-value	OLS Regression Slope				
		All	uvial <130-f	t deep	-	-						
BC088WW	Alluvial	13	2016	2022	Decreasing	-44	0.0044	-0.2198				
BC125WW	Alluvial	12	2016	2022	Decreasing	-46	0.001	-0.6003				
BC151WW	Alluvial	13	2016	2022	Increasing	73	5.39E-06	0.4709				
BC184WW	Alluvial	13	2016	2022	Insufficient	27	0.056	0.2527				
	Alluvial >130-ft deep											
BC022WW	Alluvial	13	2015	2022	Increasing	46	0.00302	0.9464				
BC100WW	Alluvial	12	2016	2022	Insufficient	15	0.1629	-0.1609				
BC127WW	Alluvial	13	2016	2022	Increasing	78	1.32E-06	1.7779				
BC194WW	Alluvial	13	2016	2022	Insufficient	-15	0.0682	-0.002				
		Alluvi	al and Shall	ow Basalt	-							
BC081WW	Alluvial+Shallow Basalt	8	2016	2022	Increasing	19	0.0124	0.131				
BC087WW	Alluvial+Shallow Basalt	14	2016	2022	Insufficient	-20	0.1488	-0.375				
BC116WW	Alluvial+Shallow Basalt	13	2016	2022	Insufficient	-16	0.1792	-0.0399				
BC117WW	Alluvial+Shallow Basalt	13	2016	2022	Increasing	45	1.20E-03	2.4815				
BC128WW	Alluvial+Shallow Basalt	13	2016	2022	Increasing	31	0.038	0.6937				
	·	Shallow	and Interme	ediate Basa	lt							
BC192WW	Shallow + Intermediate Basalt	13	2016	2022	Increasing	24	0.0803	0.6874				
BC782321WW	Shallow + Intermediate Basalt	13	2015	2022	Insufficient	-21	0.1096	0.1687				
	·	-	Unclassifi	ed		-						
BC012WW	Unclassified	9	2015	2022	Increasing	20	0.0238	0.5138				
BC034WW	Unclassified	13	2015	2022	Increasing	67	2.74E-05	0.5038				
BC086WW	Unclassified	12	2016	2022	Increasing	45	0.0012	0.2644				

Notes:

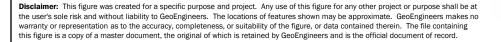
¹ Insufficient = not enough statistically significant evidence to establish a trend direction.

Figures



Benton Conservation District

Source(s): Map generated by Benton Country Consecration District 2022



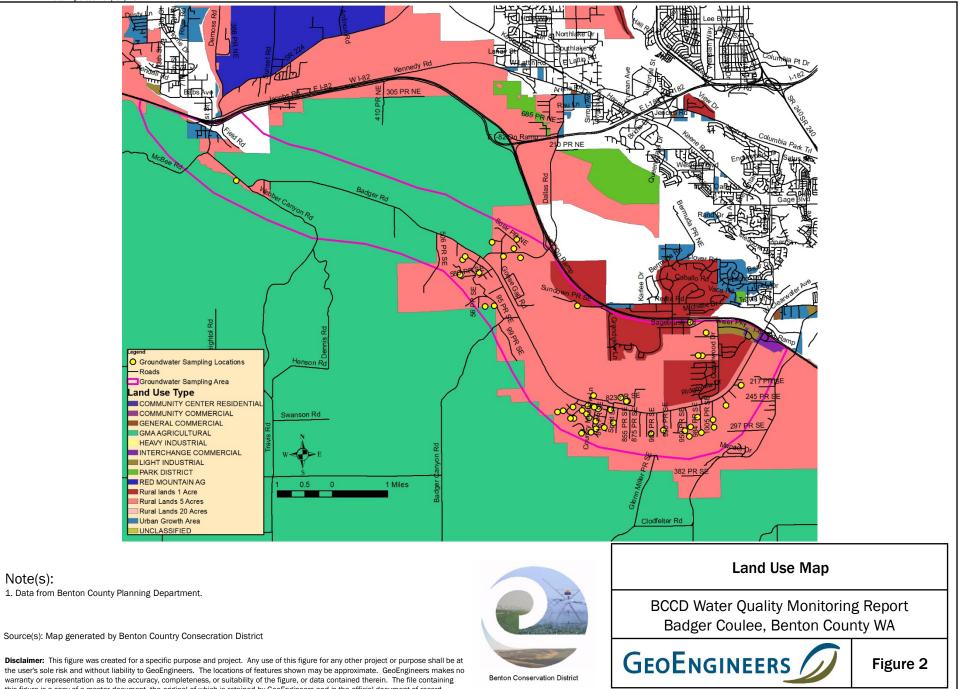
Project Area Location Map – Badger Coulee

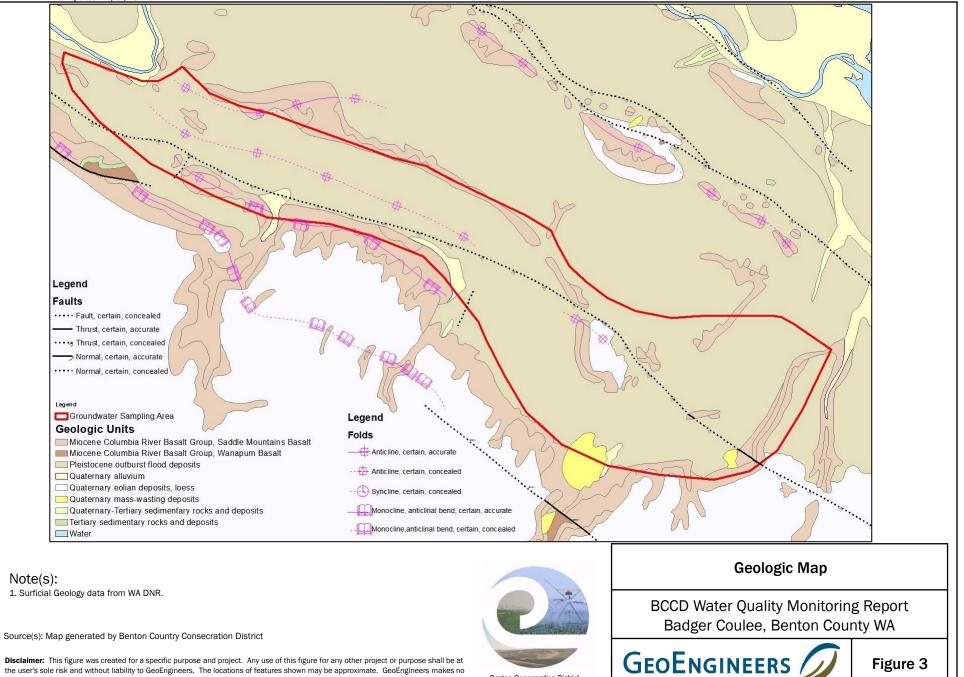
BCCD Water Quality Monitoring Report Badger Coulee, Benton County WA



Figure 1

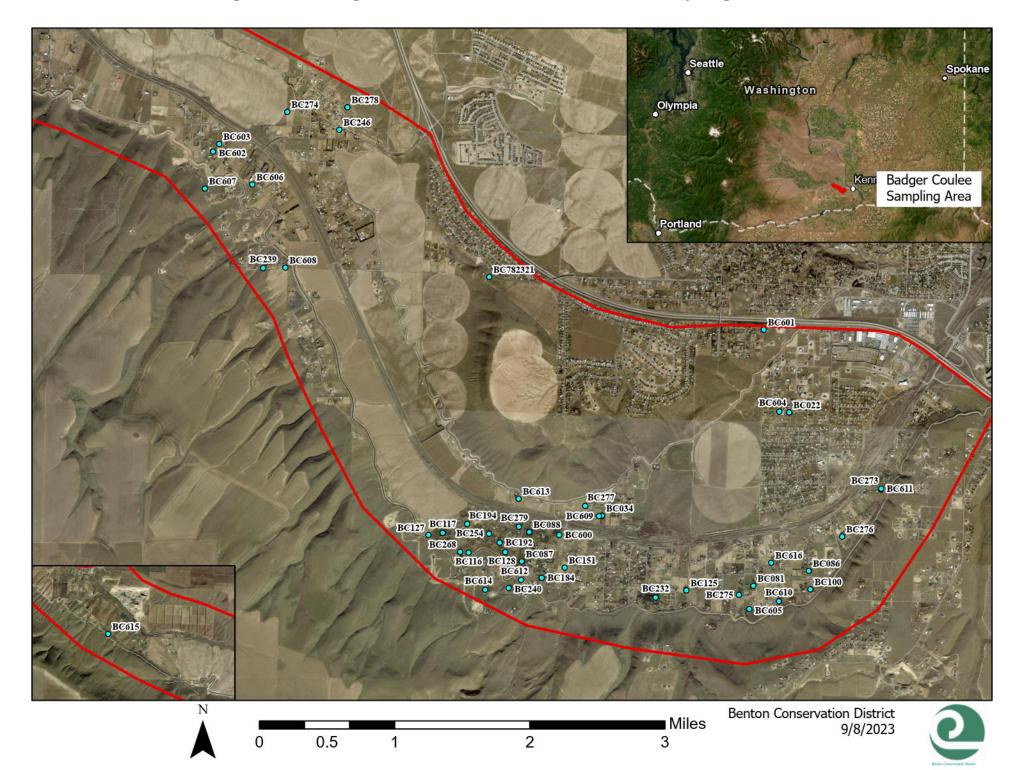
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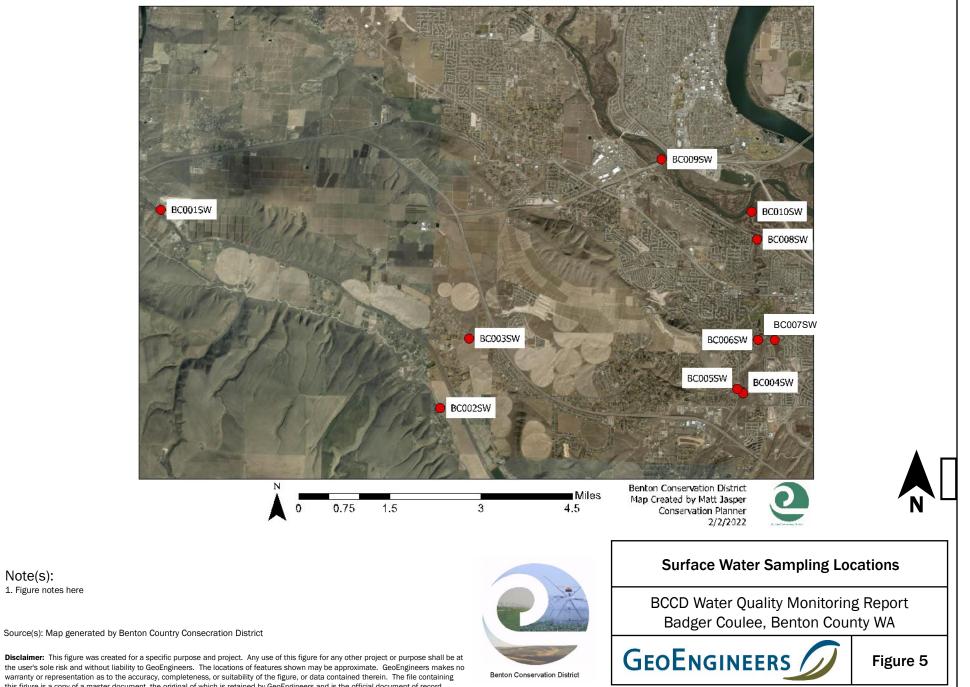


Benton Conservation District

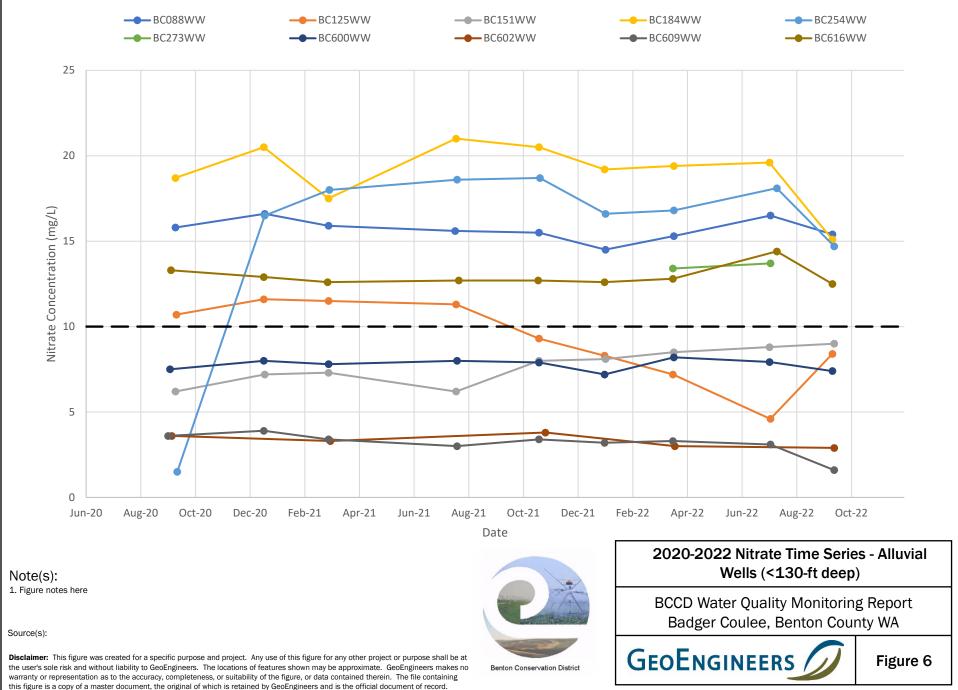
Figure 3 – Badger Coulee Area Groundwater Sampling Locations

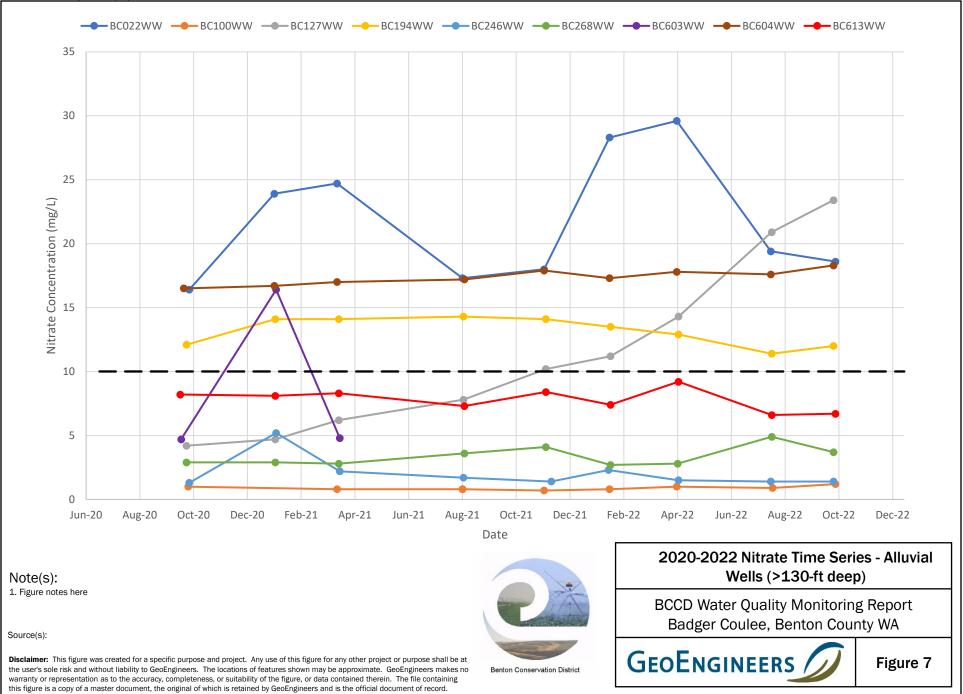


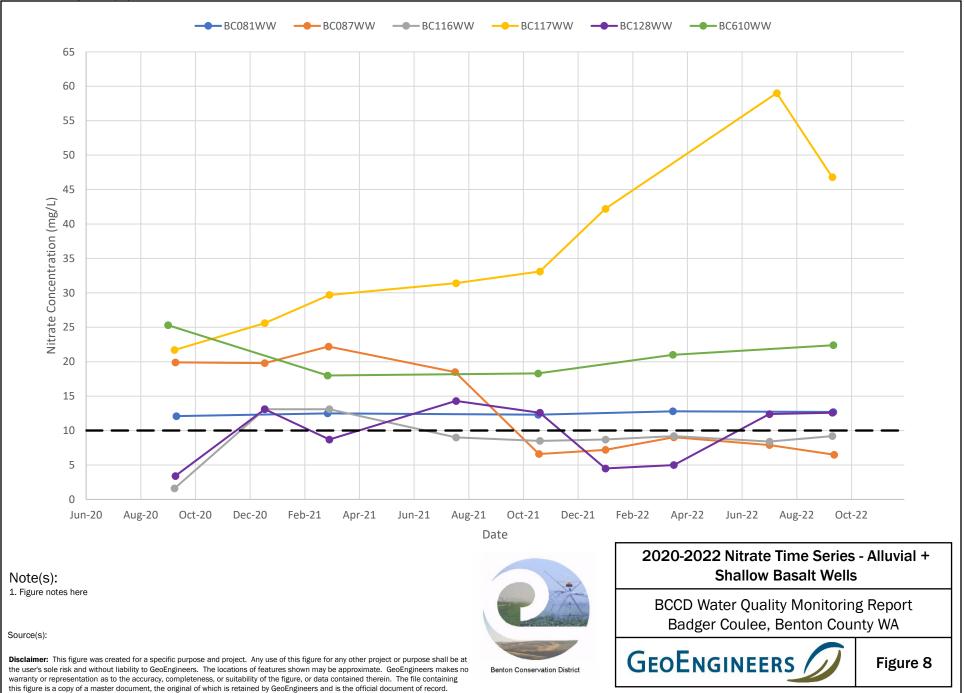
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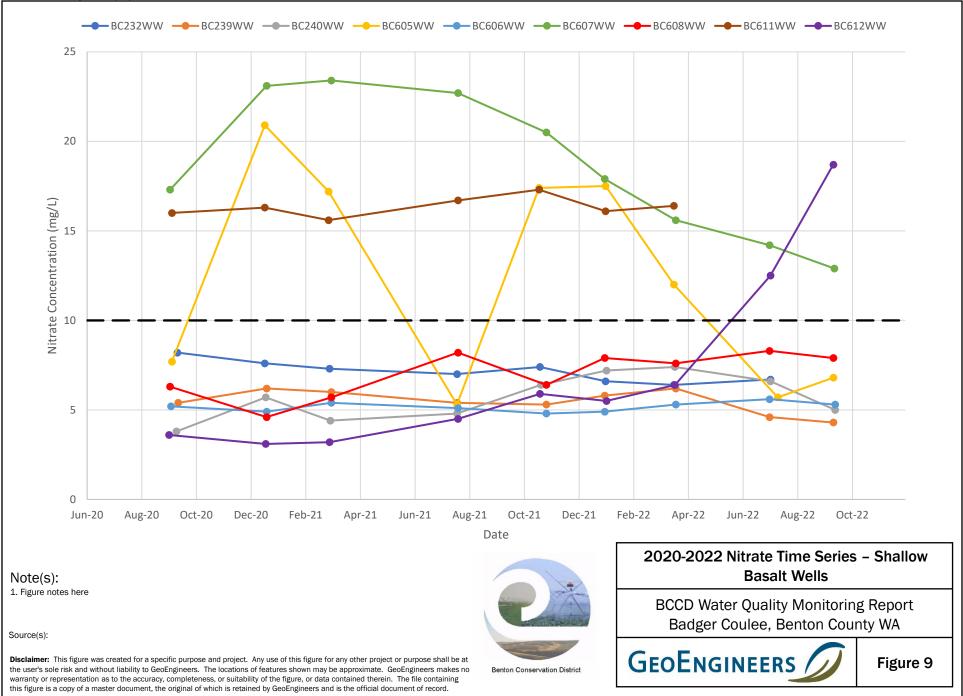




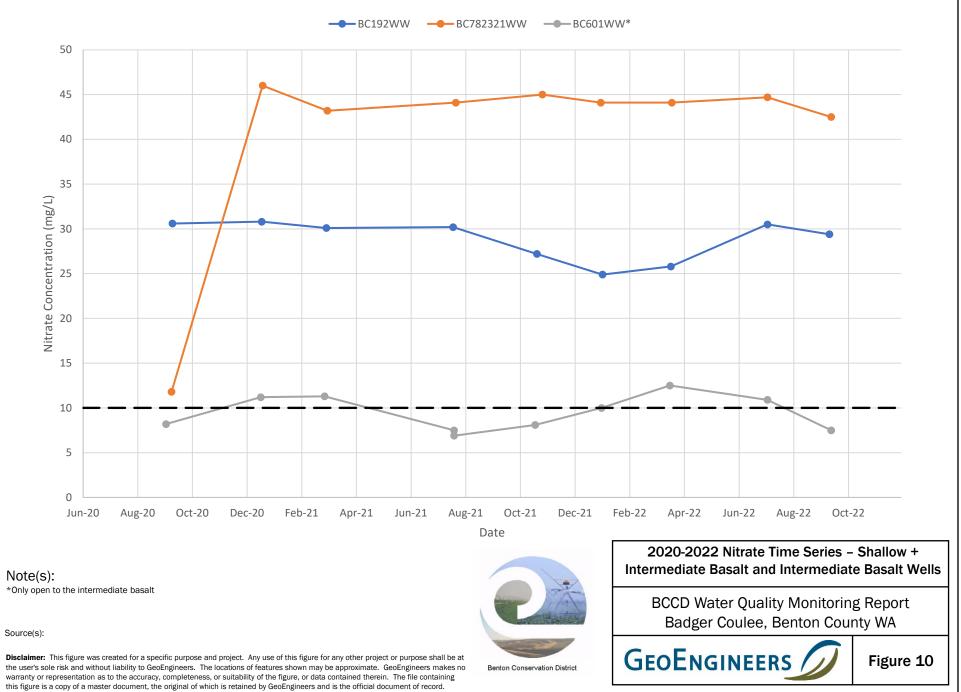


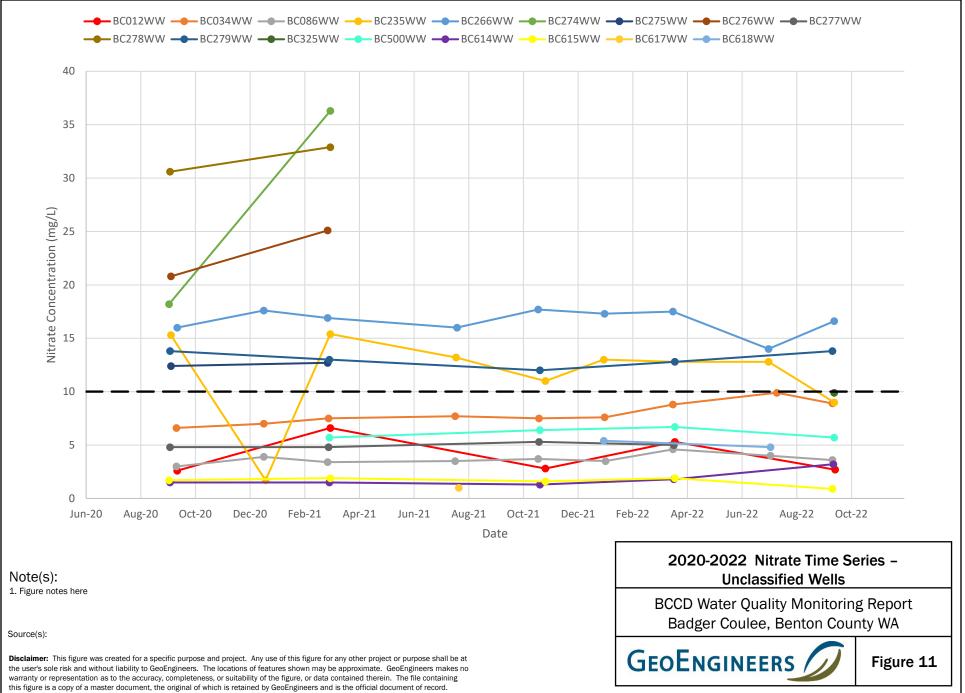


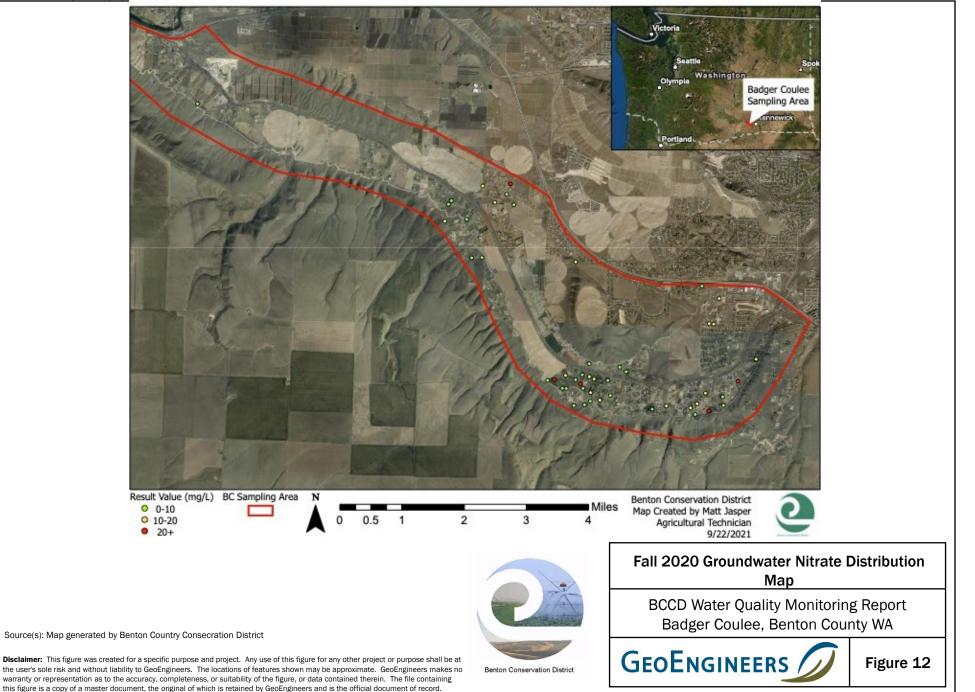


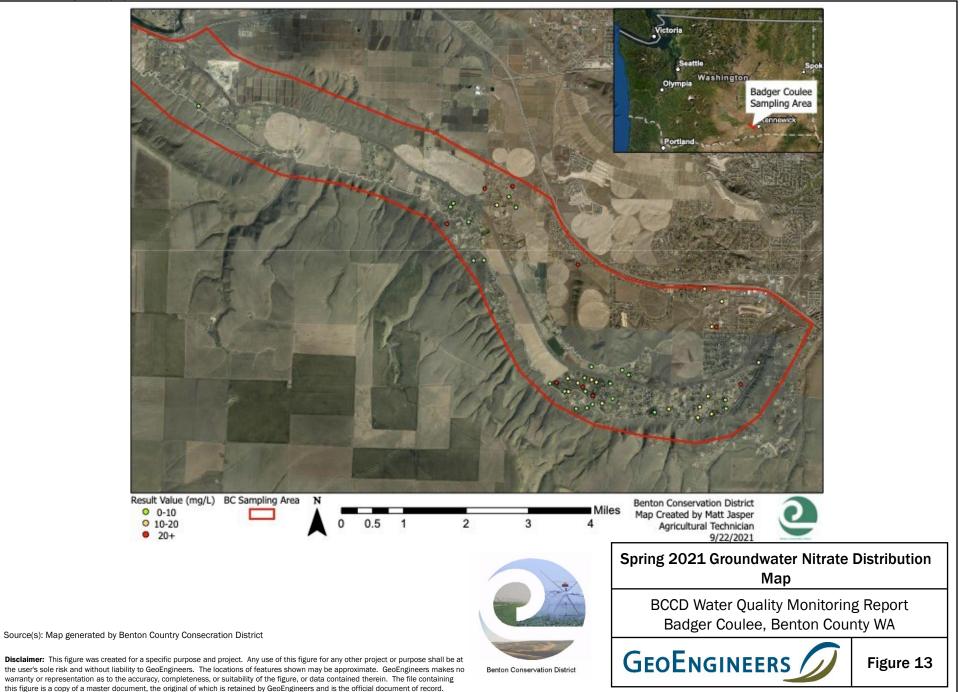


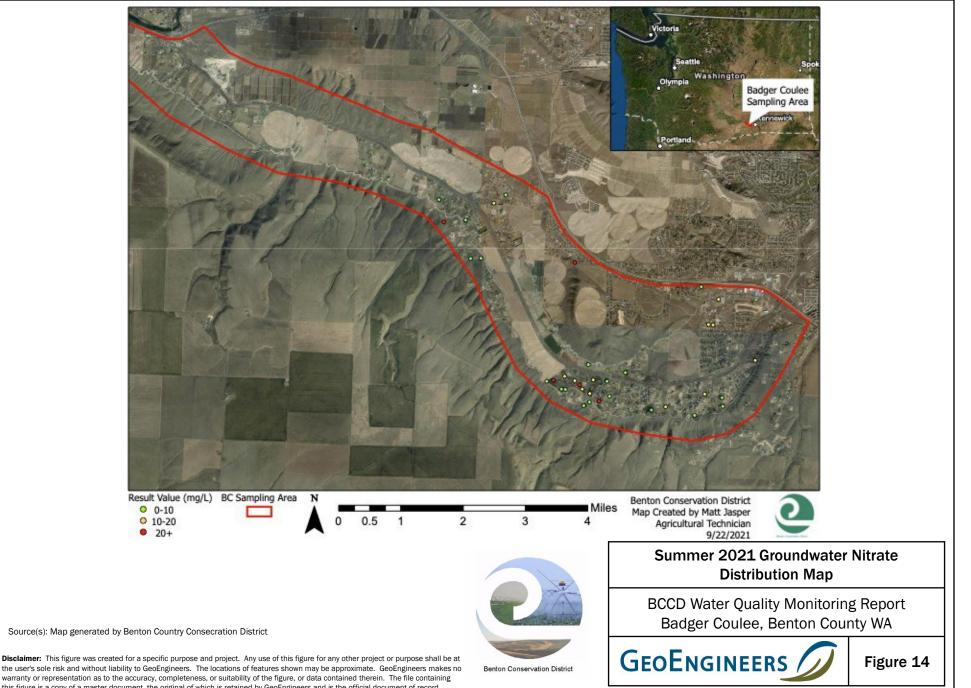


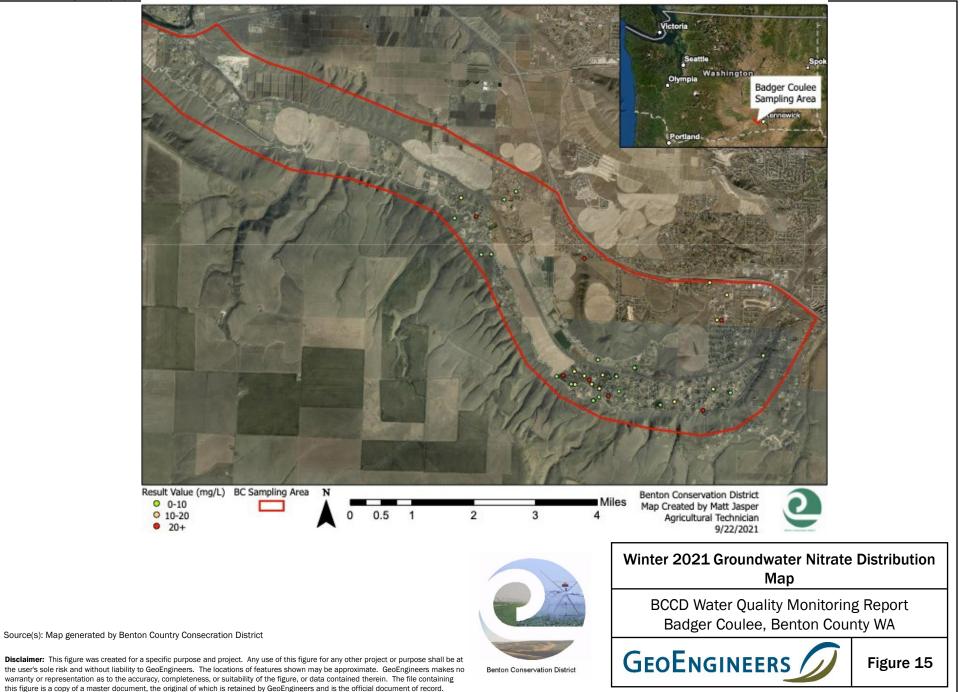


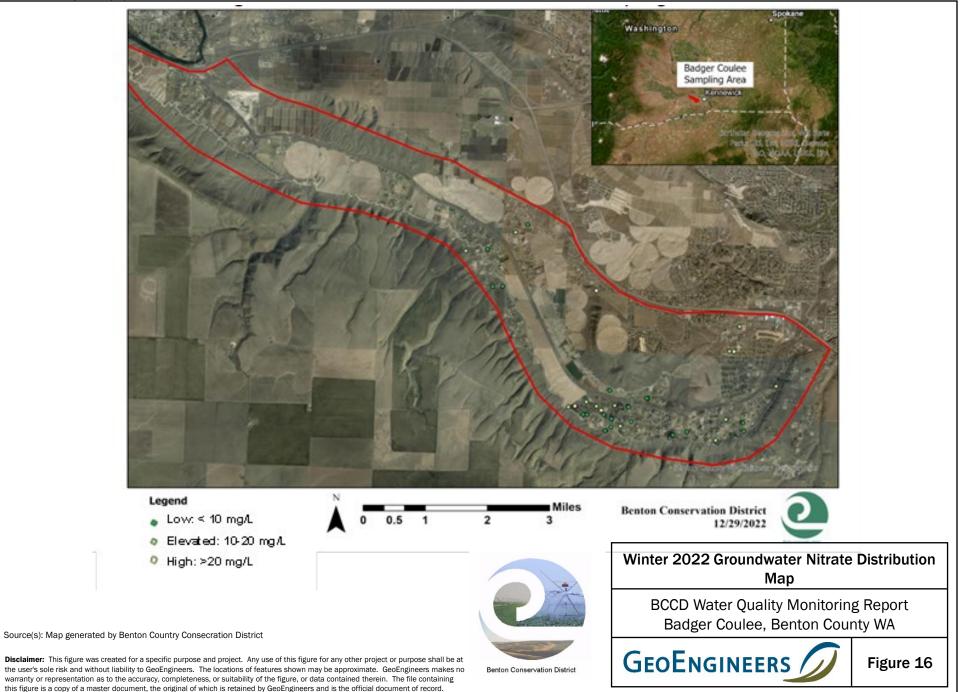


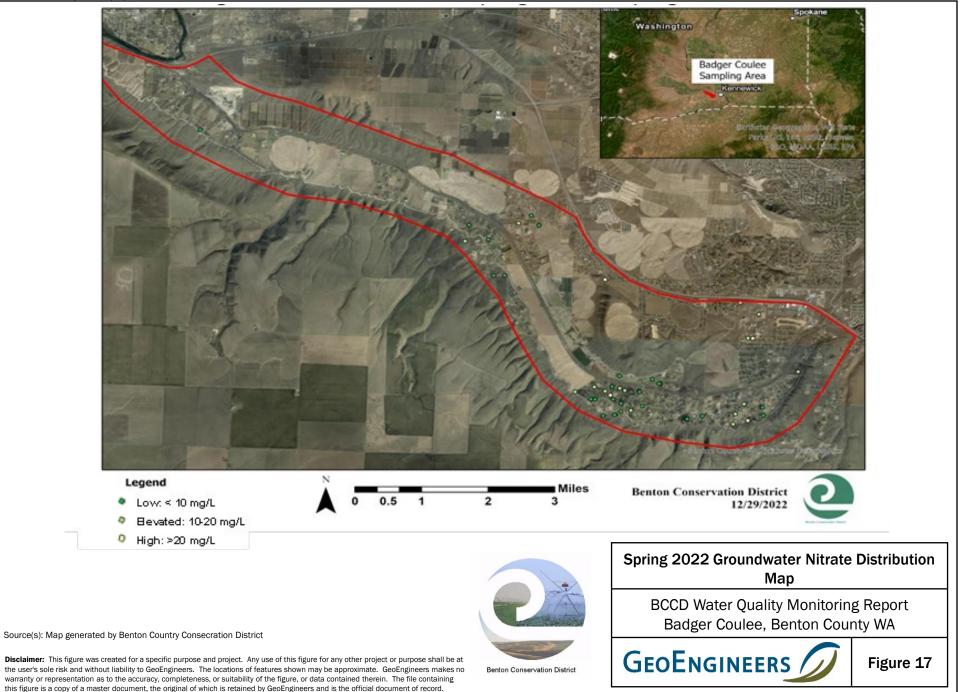


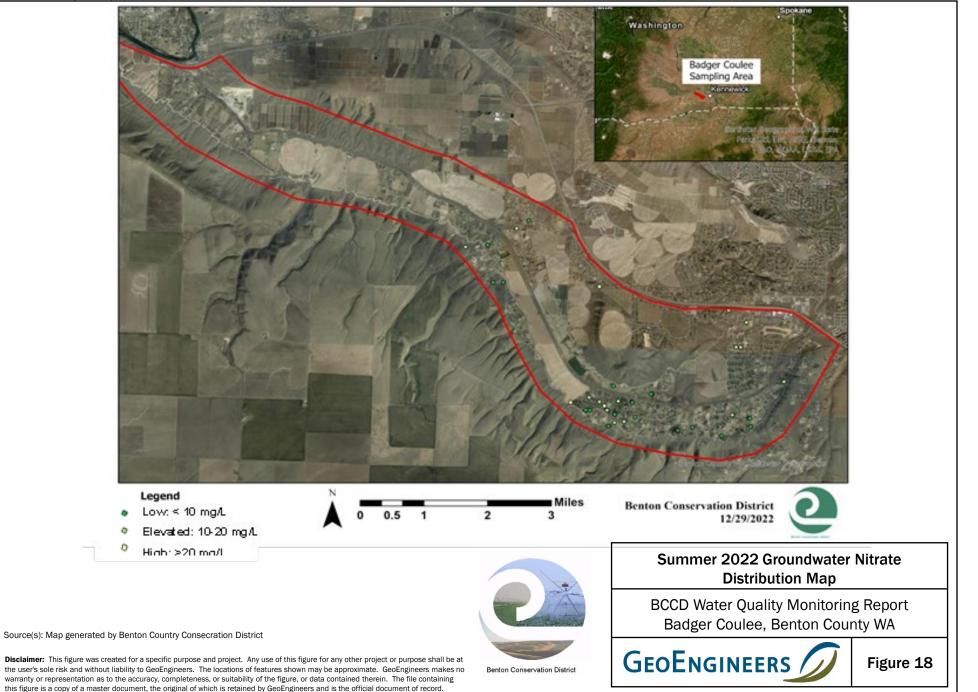


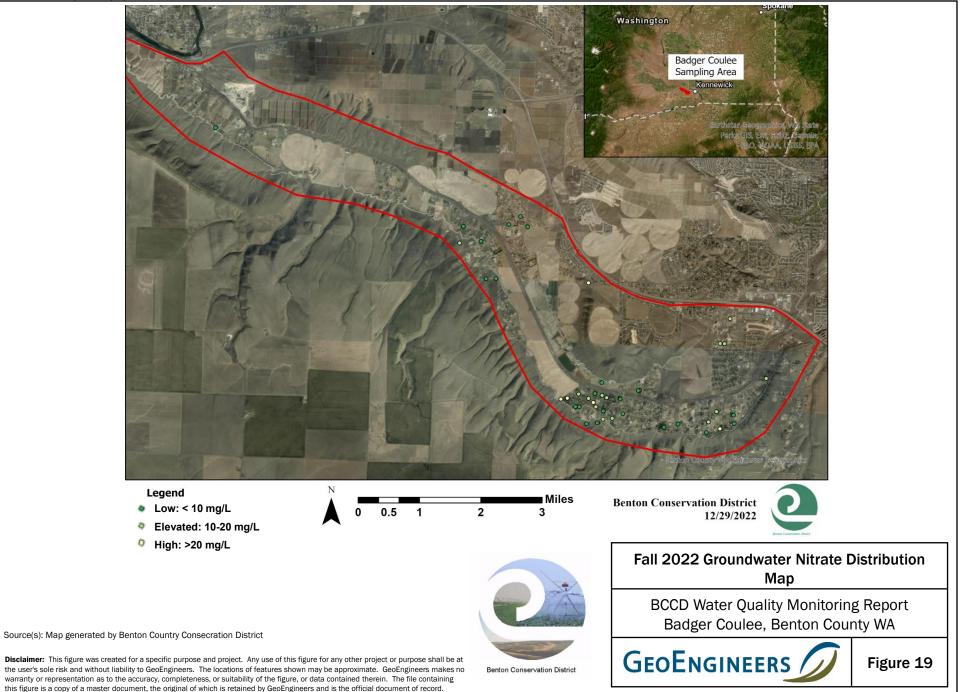


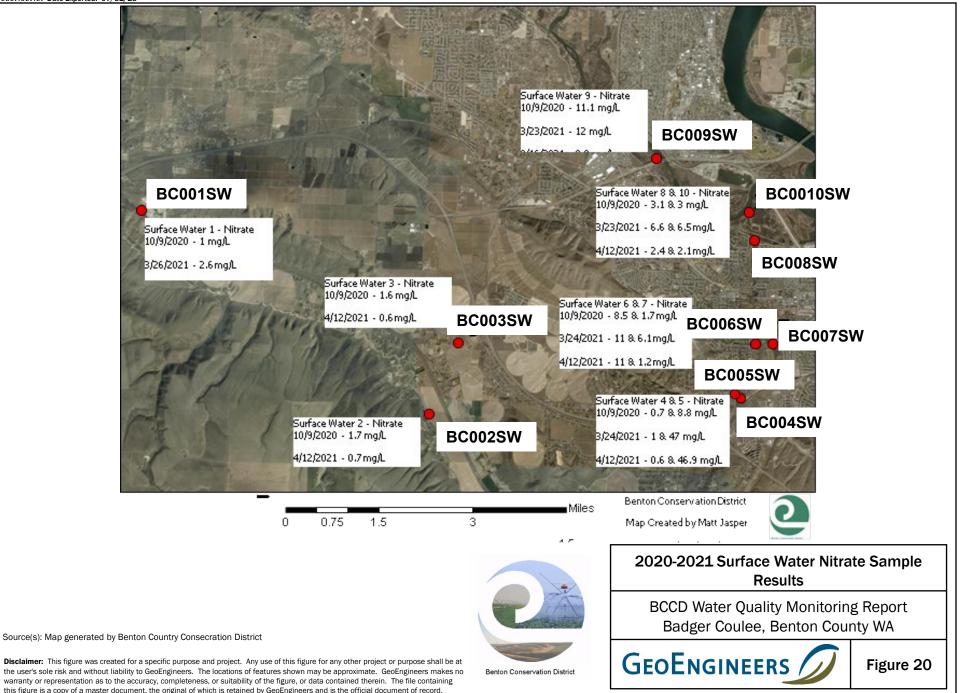


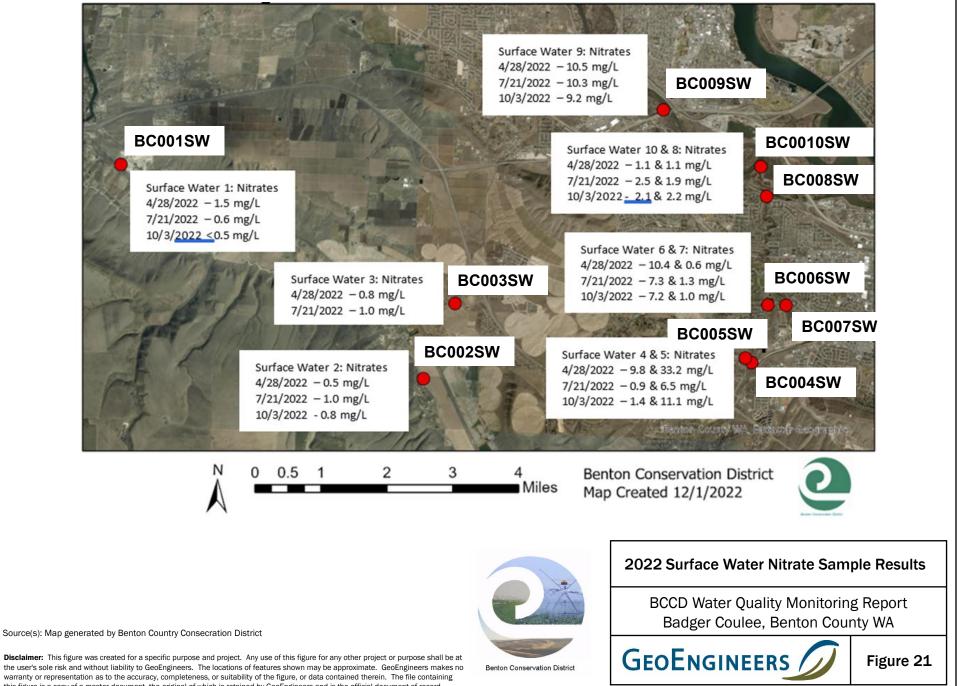




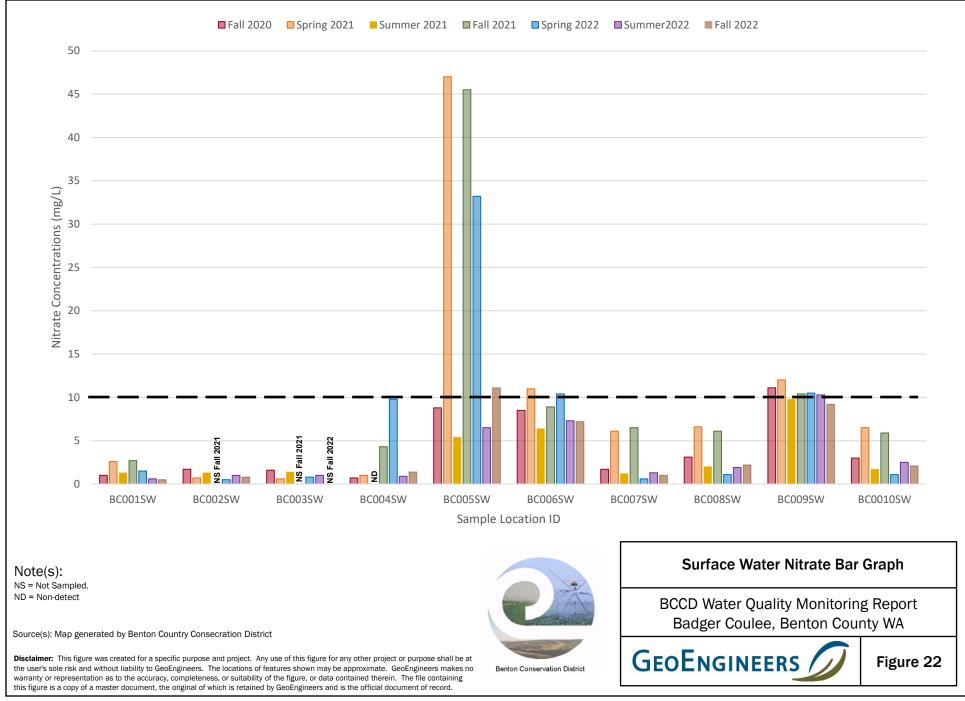


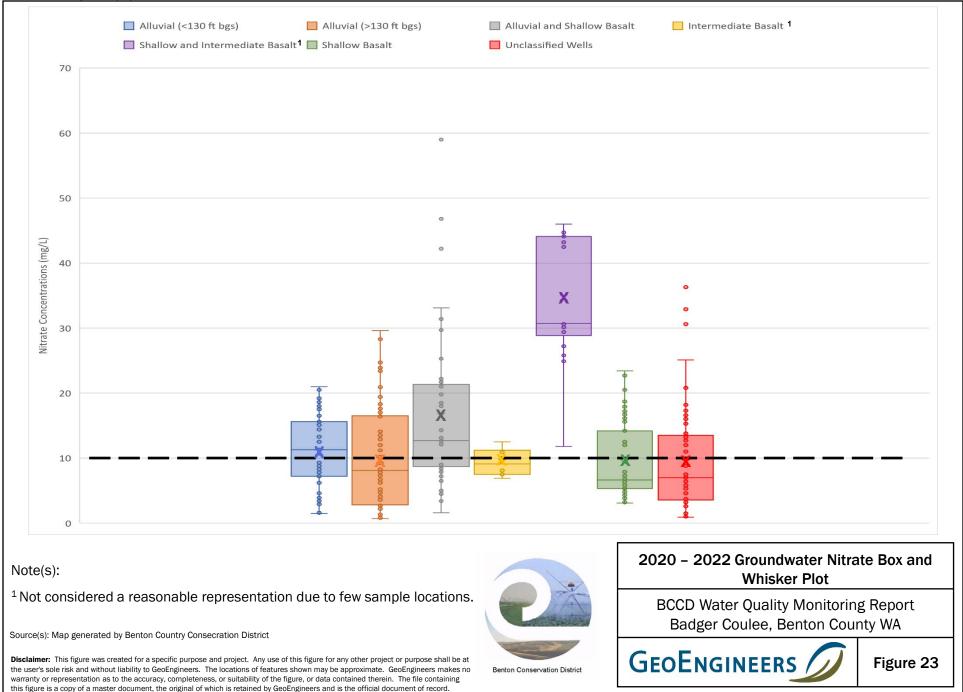




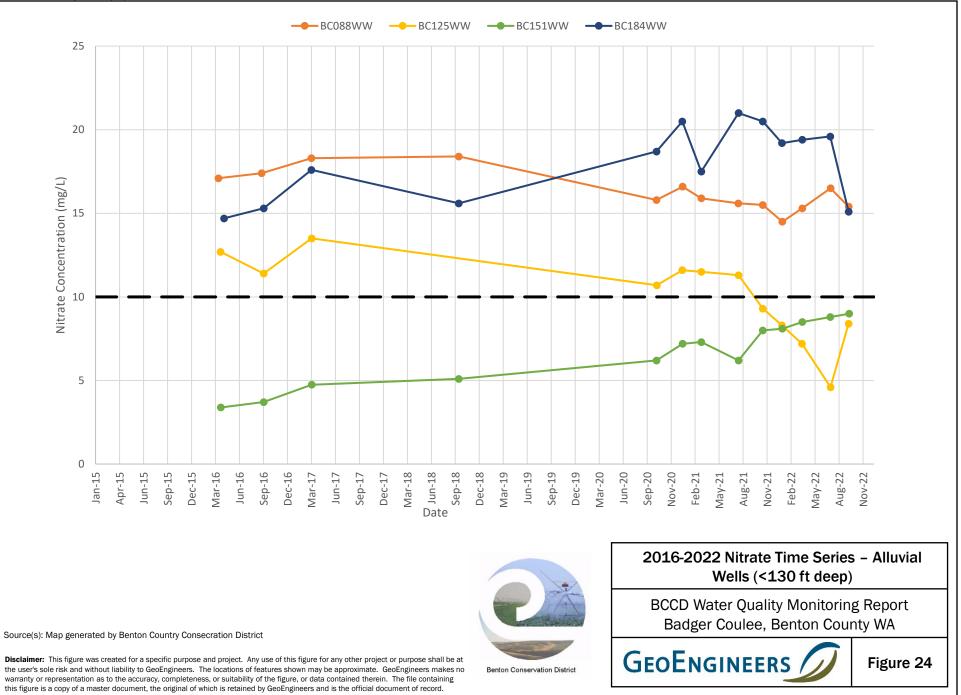


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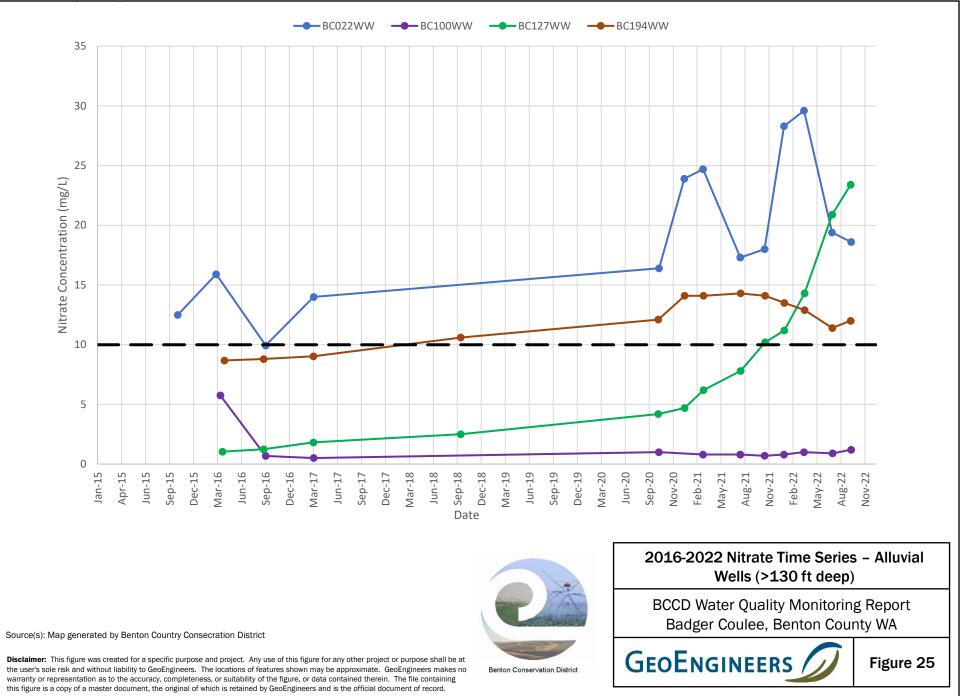


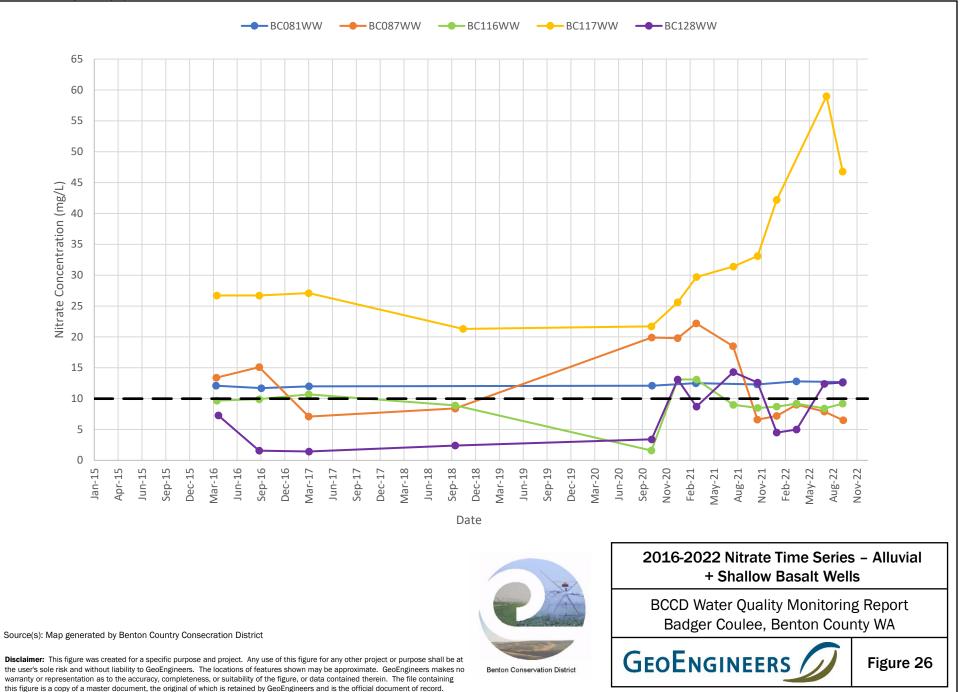


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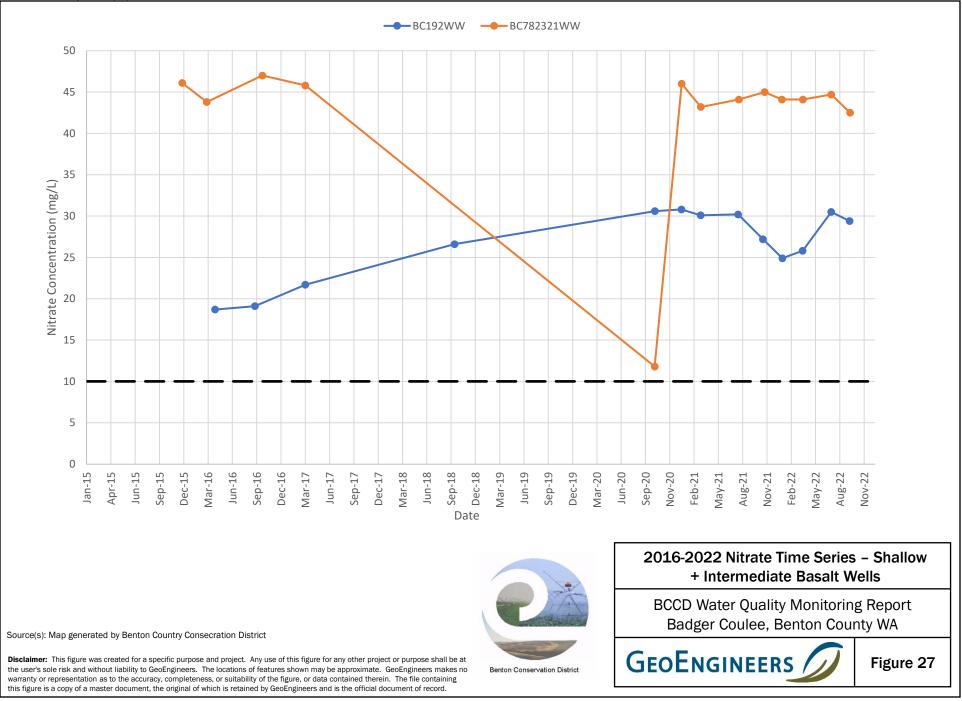


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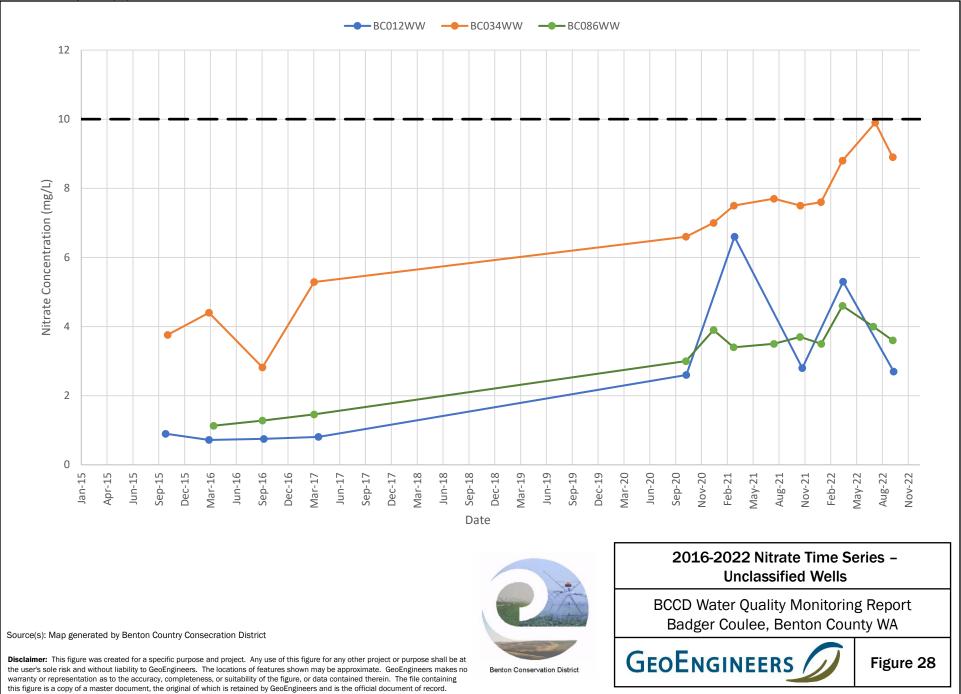








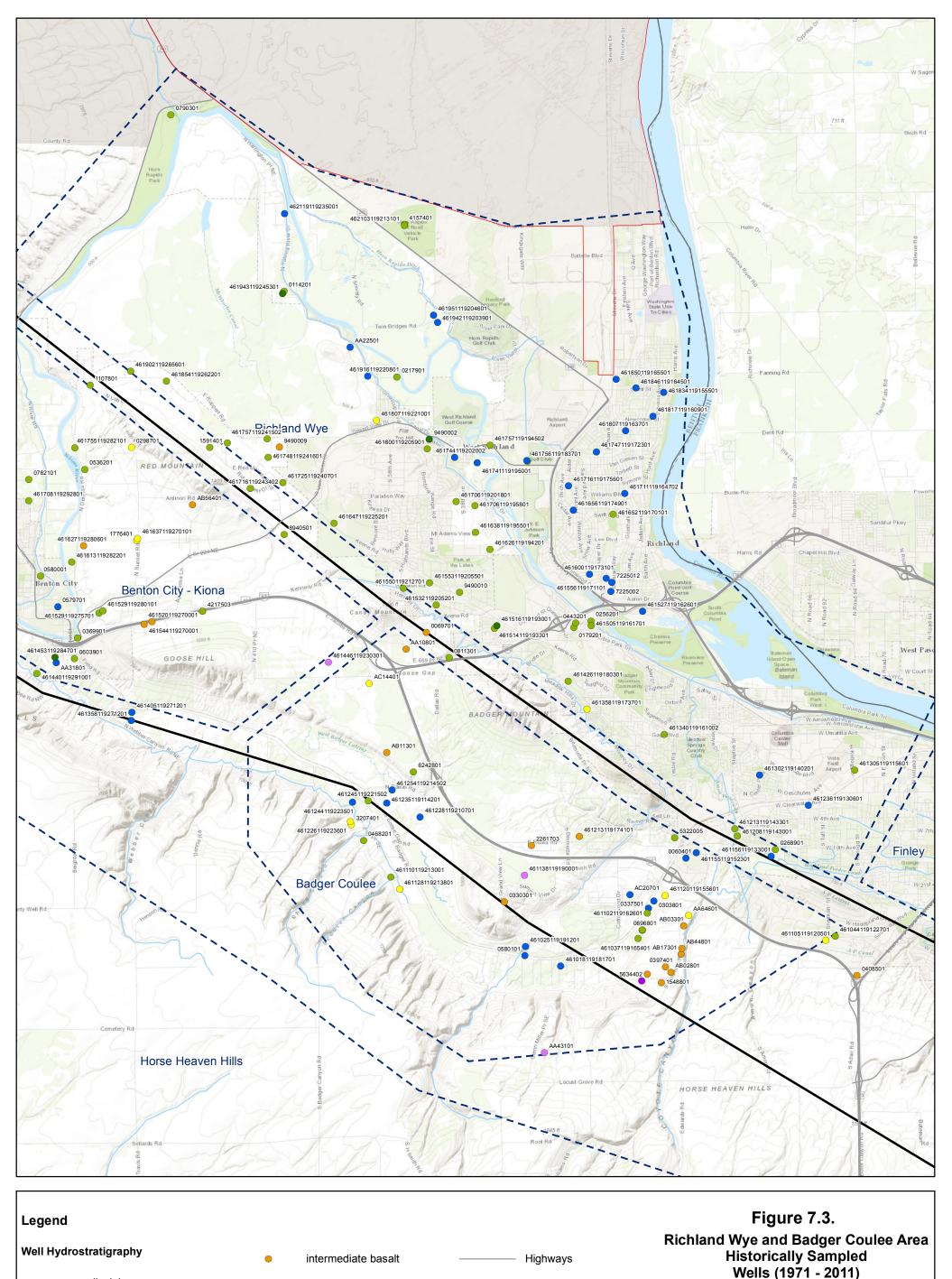
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Appendices

Appendix A.

Previous Results



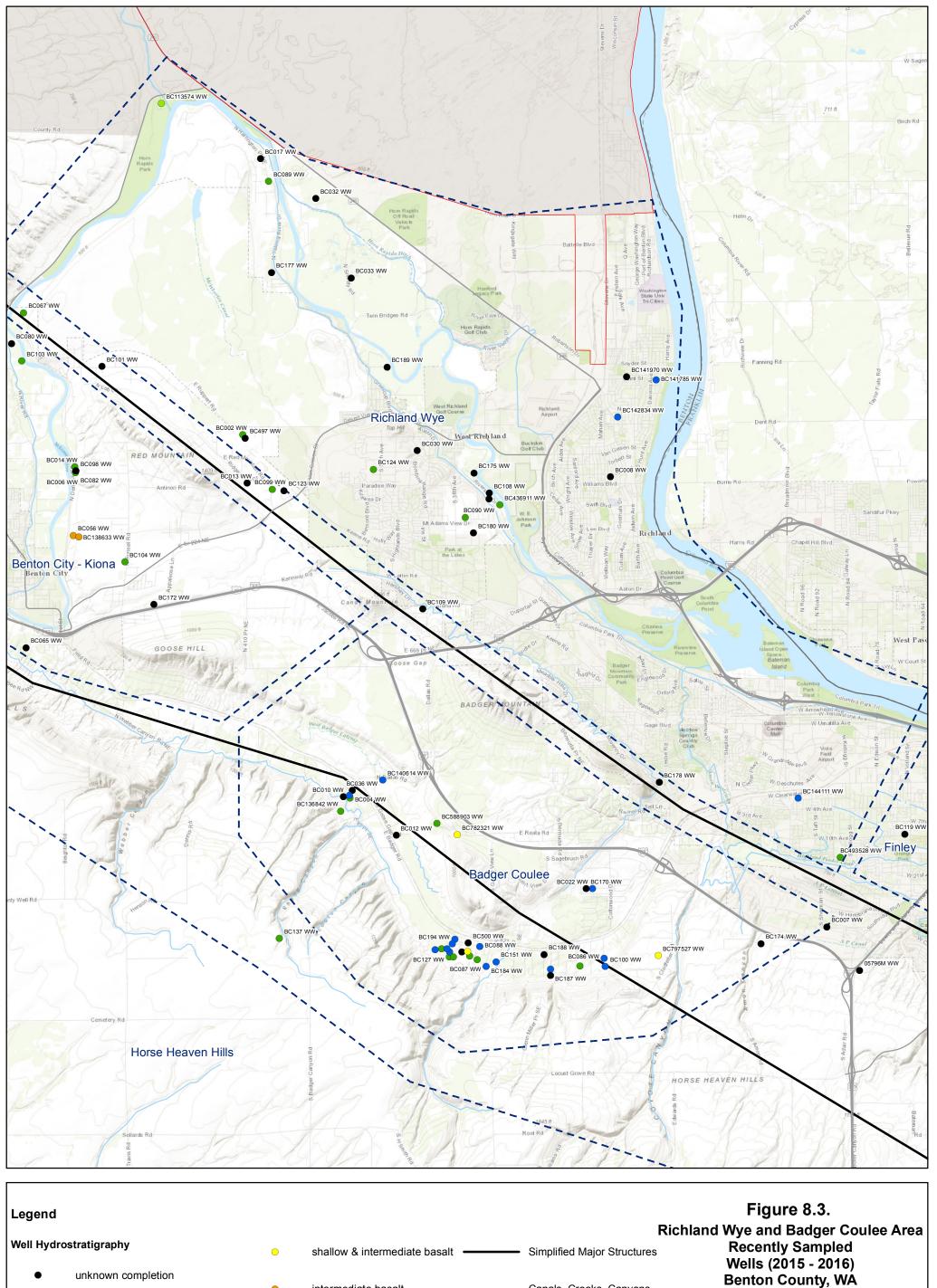
- alluvial
- alluvial and shallow basalt
- shallow basalt
- shallow and intermediate basalt
- intermediate and deep basalt .
 - deep basalt

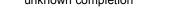
 - General Area Boundary

Hanford

- Simplified Major Structures
 - Canals, Creeks, Canyons
- 0 0.5 2 1 Miles Ν

Benton County, WA





alluvial

- shallow basalt / shallow basalt & alluvial
- shallow basalt

intermediate basalt

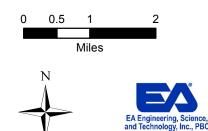
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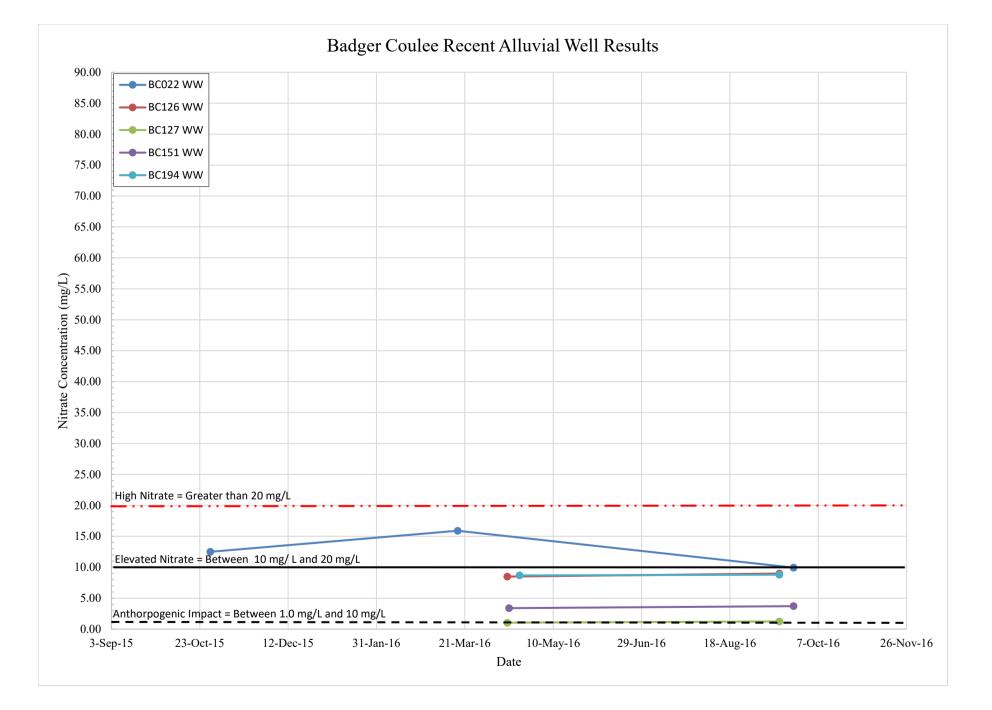
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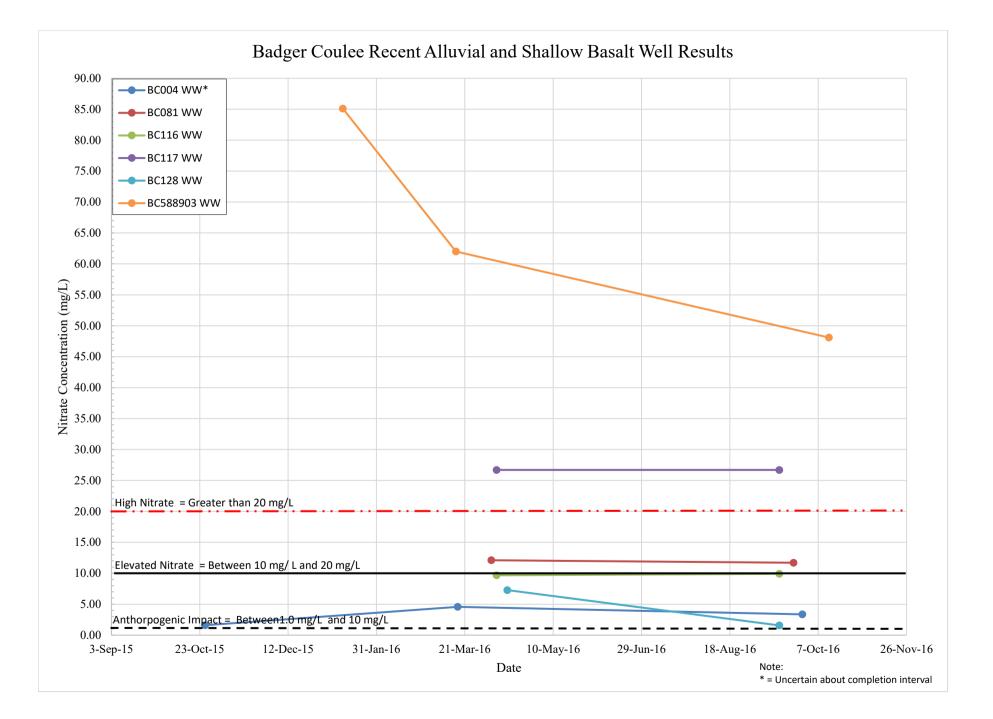
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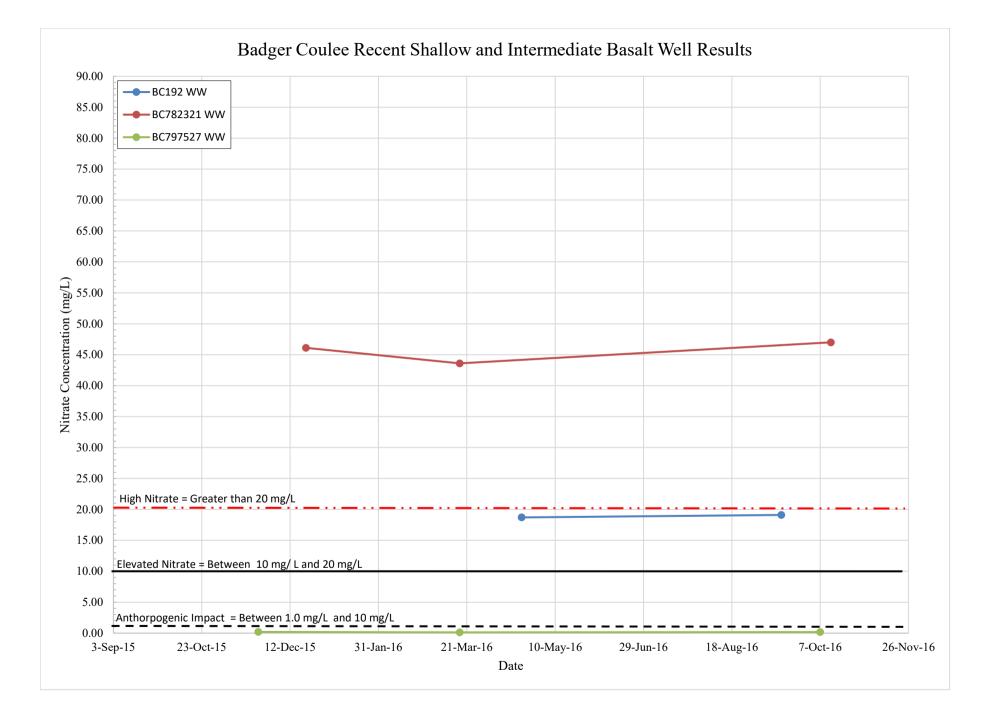
General Area Boundary

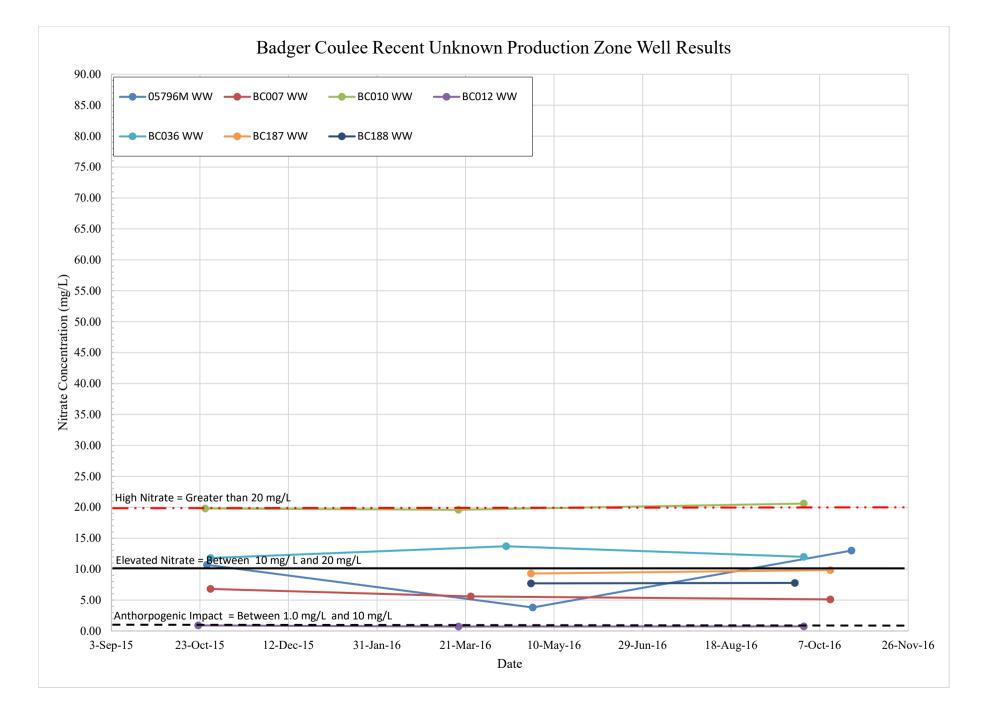
Canals, Creeks, Canyons











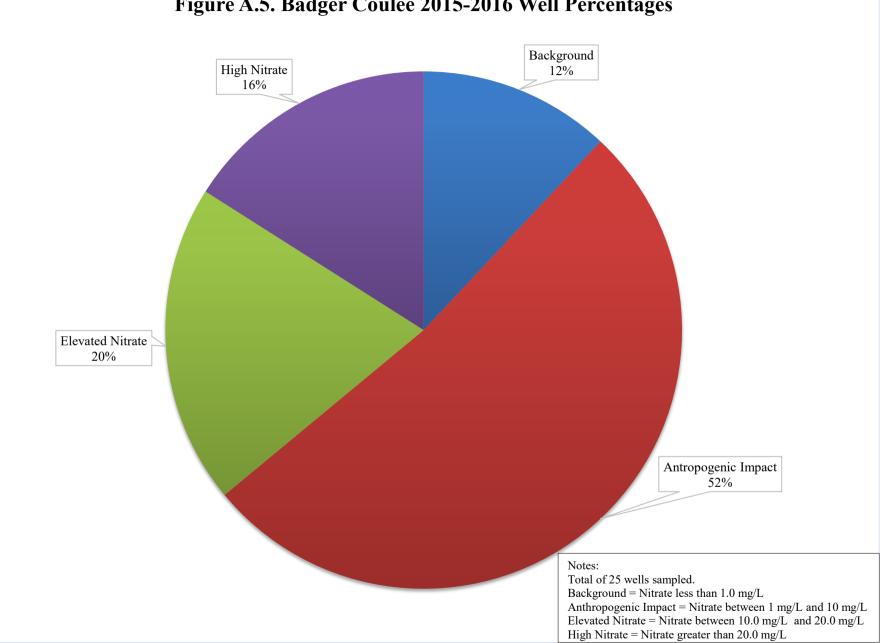


Figure A.5. Badger Coulee 2015-2016 Well Percentages

Name	Sample ID	SampleDate	Nitrate ResultOrig (mg/L)	Water bearing Zone	Area
			2 200	Shallow Basalt and	
CLODFELTER HEIGHTS 1 & 2	AA64601	2/16/2004	2.300	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
Two K Bross Well	AB02801	1/19/2005	3.400	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
Clodfelter Heights 7 & 8	AB03301	11/15/2004	2.900	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
Klinginsmith	AB11301	3/14/2005	0.800	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
Clodfelter Heights 13 & 14	AB17301	2/22/2005	0.400	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
Clodfelter Heights 11 & 12	AB44801	2/8/2004	0.500	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
Goose Ridge North	AC14401	7/3/2008	0.200	Shallow Basalt and Inter	
J & B Construction	AC20701	10/14/2008	4.930	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
BADGER CANYON WATER ASSN	0060401	5/3/2010	3.500	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
BADGER CANYON WATER ASSN BADGER CANYON WATER ASSN	0060401	6/1/2009	3.600	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
BADGER CANYON WATER ASSN BADGER CANYON WATER ASSN	0060401	5/28/2008	3.600	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
BADGER CANYON WATER ASSN	0060401	5/23/2007	3.210	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
BADGER CANYON WATER ASSN BADGER CANYON WATER ASSN	0060401	5/16/2006	3.200	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
BADGER CANYON WATER ASSN BADGER CANYON WATER ASSN	0060401	5/25/2005	3.800	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
BADGER CANYON WATER ASSN BADGER CANYON WATER ASSN	0060401	5/24/2004	3.570	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
BADGER CANYON WATER ASSN BADGER CANYON WATER ASSN	0060401	11/24/2004	3.600	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
BADGER CANYON WATER ASSN BADGER CANYON WATER ASSN	0060401	4/12/2002	4.100	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
BADGER CANYON WATER ASSN BADGER CANYON WATER ASSN	0060401	5/30/2001	3.000	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
BADGER CANYON WATER ASSN BADGER CANYON WATER ASSN	0060401	5/3/2001	3.780	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
HERITAGE ASSEMBLY OF GOD	0303801	7/27/2006	2.000	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
SUMMIT VIEW WATER SYSTEM	0330301	6/24/2010	0.400	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
SUMMIT VIEW WATER SYSTEM	0330301	6/24/2009	0.200	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
SUMMIT VIEW WATER SYSTEM	0330301	4/21/2009	0.500	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
SUMMIT VIEW WATER SYSTEM	0330301	3/20/2008	0.300	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
SUMMIT VIEW WATER SYSTEM	0330301	6/18/2007	0.200	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
SUMMIT VIEW WATER SYSTEM	0330301	3/29/2006	0.400	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
SUMMIT VIEW WATER SYSTEM	0330301	5/27/2005	0.200	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
SUMMIT VIEW WATER SYSTEM	0330301	12/21/2004	0.070	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
SUMMIT VIEW WATER SYSTEM	0330301	8/3/2001	0.200	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
HORST, JOE WATER SYSTEM	0337501	3/7/2001	4.000	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
SUNDANCE ESTATES	0397401	11/9/2007	0.300	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
SUNDANCE ESTATES	0397401	8/8/2004	0.200	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
SUNDANCE ESTATES	0397401	3/31/2003	0.400	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
SUNDANCE ESTATES	0397401	11/27/2001	0.200	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
SUNDANCE ESTATES	0397401	12/13/2000	0.300	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
CONNER WATER SYSTEM	0408501	12/4/2001	0.200	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
SHEEP CANYON NO 2	0468201	8/22/2004	0.700	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
SHEEP CANYON NO 3	0468201	7/6/2000	0.300	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
CANYON VILLAGE WATER SYSTEM INC	0580101	12/29/2009	0.500	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
DESERT ROSE H2O SUPPLY NO 1	0696701	1/11/2010	7.400	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
DESERT ROSE H2O SUPPLY NO 1	0696701	9/7/2007	4.600	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
DESERT ROSE H2O SUPPLY NO 1	0696701	7/2/2004	3.700	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
DESERT ROSE H20 SUPPLY NO 2	0696801	1/11/2010	3.600	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
DESERT ROSE H20 SUPPLY NO 2	0696801	7/7/2007	2.200	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
DESERT ROSE H20 SUPPLY NO 2	0696801	7/2/2004	2.400	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
MARCOUX, CHARLES	1548801	5/2/2008	0.200	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
MARCOUX, CHARLES	1548801	6/30/2005	0.200	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee

Name	Sample ID	SampleDate	Nitrate ResultOrig (mg/L)	Water bearing Zone	Area
TUMBLE WEED ACRES WELL ASSOCIATION	2187701	5/28/2008	7.000		
				Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
BADGER MOUNTAIN IRRIGATION DISTRICT	2261703	4/20/2010	0.200		
BADGER MOONTAIN INMOATION DISTRICT	2201705	4/20/2010	0.200	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
BADGER MOUNTAIN IRRIGATION DISTRICT	2261703	12/4/2009	0.300	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
BADGER MOUNTAIN IRRIGATION DISTRICT	2261703	8/31/2009	0.200	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
BADGER MOUNTAIN IRRIGATION DISTRICT	2261703	12/18/2008	0.200	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
BADGER MOUNTAIN IRRIGATION DISTRICT	2261703	8/17/2007	0.300	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
BADGER MOUNTAIN IRRIGATION DISTRICT	2261703	8/29/2006	0.050	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
BADGER MOUNTAIN IRRIGATION DISTRICT	2261703	8/10/2005	0.050	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
BADGER MOUNTAIN IRRIGATION DISTRICT	2261703	6/17/2005	0.300	Intermediate Basalt Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
BADGER MOUNTAIN IRRIGATION DISTRICT	2261703	7/29/2004	0.200		Badger Coulee Badger Coulee
BADGER MOUNTAIN IRRIGATION DISTRICT	2261703	12/30/2003	0.200		Badger Coulee
BADGER MOUNTAIN IRRIGATION DISTRICT	2261703	2/4/2002	0.050		
BADGER CANYON RANCHETTES NO 2	3207401	1/13/2010	1.700	Shallow Basalt and Inter	0
BADGER CANYON RANCHETTES NO 3	3207401	8/10/2007	4.000	Shallow Basalt and Inter	0
KID - Lorayne J	5322005	7/7/2010	1.140	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
KID - Lorayne J	5322005	6/23/2009	1.200	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
KID - Lorayne J	5322005	4/1/2008	1.500	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
KID - Lorayne J	5322005	9/5/2007	0.820	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
KID - Lorayne J	5322005	12/4/2006	0.200	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
KID - Lorayne J	5322005	3/22/2005	1.900	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
KID - Lorayne J	5322005	12/28/2004	0.930	Shallow Basalt Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee Badger Coulee
KID - Lorayne J	5322005	4/2/2003	1.980	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
KID - Lorayne J	5322005	5/22/2002	1.600	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
KID - Lorayne J	<u>5322005</u> 5322005	1/11/2001 8/10/2000	0.700 1.300	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
KID - Lorayne J					Badger Coulee
SOUTHGATE WATER COMPANY	5634402	9/28/2010	0.200	Deep Basalt	
SOUTHGATE WATER COMPANY	5634402	9/29/2009	0.200	Deep Basalt	Badger Coulee Badger Coulee
SOUTHGATE WATER COMPANY	5634402	11/14/2008	0.200	Deep Basalt Deep Basalt	Badger Coulee
SOUTHGATE WATER COMPANY SOUTHGATE WATER COMPANY	<u>5634402</u> 5634402	12/7/2007	0.500 0.300	1	Badger Coulee
SOUTHGATE WATER COMPANY SOUTHGATE WATER COMPANY	5634402	11/4/2005	0.300	Deep Basalt	Badger Coulee
SOUTHGATE WATER COMPANY	5634402	12/30/2004	0.200	Deep Basalt	Badger Coulee
SOUTHGATE WATER COMPANY	5634402	11/21/2003	0.200	Deep Basalt	Badger Coulee
SOUTHGATE WATER COMPANY	5634402	3/2/2003	0.500	Deep Basalt	Badger Coulee
SOUTHGATE WATER COMPANY	5634402	11/14/2002	0.200	Deep Basalt	Badger Coulee
SOUTHGATE WATER COMPANY	5634402	11/21/2002	0.200	Deep Basalt	Badger Coulee
SOUTHGATE WATER COMPANY	5634402	11/9/2001	0.300	Deep Basalt	Badger Coulee
SOUTHGATE WATER COMPANY	5634402	11/12/2000	0.200	Deep Basalt	Badger Coulee
FARAGHER WATER SYSTEM	6242801	3/25/2004	1.900	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
				Alluvial	Badger Coulee
08N/28E-22D01	461018119181701	9/4/1986	8.100		6
08N/28E-16L01	461025119191201	9/4/1986	11.000	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
08N/28E-14L01	461037119165401	9/5/1986	2.500	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
08N/29E-17G02	461044119122701	2/25/1987	2.600	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
08N/29E-17G02	461044119122701	9/16/1986	2.500	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
08N/29E-17G02	461044119122701	9/2/1986	2.600	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
08N/29E-17G02	461044119122701	6/25/1982	1.800	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
08N/28E-14C02	461102119162601	2/20/1988	2.800	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
08N/28E-14C02	461102119162601	3/4/1987	3.000	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee

Name	Sample ID	SampleDate	Nitrate ResultOrig (mg/L)	Water bearing Zone	Area
08N/28E-14C02	461102119162601	9/4/1986	3.000	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
08N/29E-17L01	461105119120501	9/2/1986	3.200	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
08N/28E-07M01	461110119213001	9/15/1988	0.100	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
08N/28E-11R01	461120119155601	9/12/1988	0.100	Shallow Basalt and Intern	Badger Coulee
08N/28E-11R01	461120119155601	2/17/1988	0.100	Shallow Basalt and Intern	0
08N/28E-11R01	461120119155601	9/4/1986	0.300	Shallow Basalt and Intern	0
08N/28E-07P01	461128119213801	8/27/1982	0.100	Shallow Basalt and Intern	Badger Coulee
08N/28E-09F01	461138119190001	9/5/2001	0.221	Shallow Basalt and Intern	Badger Coulee
08N/30E-04N02	461155119042201	9/6/1986	6.500	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
08N/28E-12C03	461155119152301	9/4/1986	5.000	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
08N/29E-07B01	461156119133001	2/17/1988	5.000	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
08N/29E-07B01	461156119133001	2/25/1987	5.600	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
08N/29E-07B01	461156119133001	9/2/1986	8.200	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
08N/28E-01R01	461208119143001	2/17/1988	0.100	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
08N/28E-01R01	461208119143001	9/5/1986	0.100	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
08N/28E-01R02	461213119143301	2/19/1988	5.100	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
08N/28E-01R02	461213119143301	9/5/1986	5.300	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
08N/28E-03P01	461213119174101	9/5/1986	0.100	Intermediate Basalt	Badger Coulee
08N/27E-01G01	461226119223601	2/20/1988	0.100	Shallow Basalt and Intern	Badger Coulee
08N/28E-06G01	461228119210701	9/23/1971	8.600	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
08N/28E-06G01	461235119114201	9/3/1986	16.000	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
08N/27E-01B01	461244119223501	2/17/1988	14.000	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
08N/27E-01B01	461244119223501	2/25/1987	16.000	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
08N/27E-01B01	461244119223501	9/2/1986	12.000	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
08N/27E-01A01D1	461245119221502	7/22/1983	11.000	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
08N/27E-01A01D1	461245119221502	3/8/1983	7.900	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
08N/27E-01A01D1	461245119221502	8/27/1982	11.000	Shallow Basalt	Badger Coulee
09N/29E-36N02	461254119075701	2/22/1988	6.000	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
09N/29E-36N02	461254119075701	9/6/1986	3.500	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
09N/28E-31P01D1	461254119214502	9/13/1988	17.000	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
09N/28E-31P01D1	461254119214502	2/22/1988	11.000	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
09N/28E-31P01D1	461254119214502	9/3/1986	24.000	Alluvial	Badger Coulee
09N/27E-24N01	461446119230301	9/5/2001	0.221	Intermediate Basalt and I	Badger Coulee

Appendix B.

Sample Locations

Table B1. Groundwater Sample Locations

Location (WA)	Property Ownership	Well Log	Well Type	Latitude	Longitude
BC012WW	Private			46.21431732	119.3594284
BC022WW	Private	BCE649	Alluvial	46.1878891	119.2913055
BC034WW	Private			46.17625427	119.3197098
BC078WW	Private				
BC081WW	Private	АКО797	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	46.16922379	119.2960587
BC086WW	Private	BHT466		46.1709938	119.2875671
BC087WW	Private	BNQ609	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	46.17111206	119.3318634
BC088WW	Private	AKH804	Alluvial	46.17427826	119.3308334
BC100WW	Private		Alluvial	46.16902924	119.2872467
BC116WW	Private	AGM112	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	46.17189026	119.3400803
BC117WW	Private	APG016	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	46.17391586	119.3441696
BC125WW	Private		Alluvial	46.16852951	119.3063583
BC127WW	Private	APG021	Alluvial	46.17363739	119.3463593
BC128WW	Private	АНК208	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	46.17205429	119.3344421
BC151WW	Private		Alluvial	46.17058182	119.3252182
BC184WW	Private	ABX320	Alluvial	46.16941833	119.3287201
BC192WW	Private	BCJ725	Shallow and Intermediate Basalt	46.17305374	119.33535

Table B1. Groundwater Sample Locations

Location (WA)	Property Ownership	Well Log	Well Type	Latitude	Longitude
BC194WW	Private	ALC739	Alluvial	46.17494965	119.3404388
BC500WW	Private			46.17519379	119.3348236
BC782321WW	Private	BBJ639	Shallow and Intermediate Basalt	46.2014389	119.3812027
BC232WW	Private	AEL588	Shallow Basalt	46.16820526	119.298233
BC235WW	Private			46.2149086	119.3660507
BC239WW	Private	AAL297	Shallow Basalt	46.20166779	119.3730545
BC240WW	Private	BAP194	Shallow Basalt	46.16822052	119.3337479
BC246WW	Private	AFH017	Alluvial	46.21672058	119.3619461
BC254WW	Private	AGM135	Alluvial	46.17397308	119.3370285
BC266WW	Private			46.19388962	119.2897186
BC268WW	Private	BLD098	Alluvial	46.17193985	119.3413773
BC609WW	Private		Alluvial	46.17623138	119.3201218
BC610WW	Private		Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	46.16765976	119.2919769
BC612WW	Private	BBJ622	Shallow Basalt	46.16915131	119.3318024
BC613WW	Private	AEG423	Alluvial	46.17784119	119.33255
BC615WW	Private			46.23556137	119.4664993
BC274WW	Private			46.21842957	119.369957
BC601WW	Private	AHG900	Intermediate Basalt	46.19681931	119.2954712
BC608WW	Private		Shallow Basalt	46.20182037	119.3696136
BC603WW	Private	APK165	Alluvial	46.21480942	119.3804016
BC607WW	Private		Shallow Basalt	46.21001053	119.3824081
BC277WW	Private			46.17481995	119.3323898
BC600WW	Private	AEL011	Alluvial	46.1740799	119.3261795
BC279WW	Private	AKH817		46.17481995	119.3323898
BC278WW	Private			46.21910858	119.3607101

Table B1. Groundwater Sample Locations

Location (WA)	Property Ownership	Well Log	Well Type	Latitude	Longitude
BC614WW	Private	BHT510		46.16801834	119.3373337
BC606WW	Private	BLD141	Shallow Basalt	46.21062088	119.3751373
BC605WW	Private	BIF672	Shallow Basalt	46.16682816	119.2965164
BC275WW	Private			46.16820526	119.298233
BC611WW	Private	AEL422	Shallow Basalt	46.17993164	119.2767563
BC273WW	Private	AEL423		46.18001938	119.2767563
BC616WW	Private		Alluvial	46.17173004	119.2934189
BC276WW	Private			46.17501068	119.2826233
BC604WW	Private	BBJ801	Alluvial	46.18793106	119.2928314
BC602WW	Private	AKA079	Alluvial	46.21397018	119.3813019
BC325WW	Private			46.174235	119.290247

Table B1. Surface Water Sample Locations

Location (WA)	Adjacent Water Body	Water Type (canal, creek, ditch, etc?)	Latitude	Longitude
BC001SW	Yakima River	Creek	46.24343	-119.464
BC002SW	Amon Creek	Canal	46.19841	-119.366
BC003SW	Amon Creek	Canal	46.21499	-119.357
BC004SW	Amon Creek	Creek	46.20386	-119.262
BC005SW	Amon Creek	Creek	46.2048	-119.264
BC006SW	Amon Creek	Creek	46.21668	-119.258
BC007SW	Amon Creek	Creek	46.21672	-119.252
BC008SW	Amon Creek	Creek	46.24053	-119.259
BC009SW	Yakima River	Spring	46.25887	-119.292
BC0010SW	Yakima River	Creek	46.24705	-119.261

Appendix C.

Data Quality Control and Validation

Table C.1. Field Duplicate Results

Groundwater and Surface Water Nitrate Monitoring

Badger Coulee, Bentron County, Washington

Sample Source	Sample ID	Date Sampled	Date Analyzed	Parent Sample Nirate (mg/L)	Field Duplicate Nitrate (mg/L)	RPD%	Meets QA Criteria (RPD ≤ 20)		
Groundwater Wells									
Well	BC235 WW	10/1/2020	10/2/2020	15.3	15.1	1.32	Yes		
Well	BC087 WW	10/6/2020	10/7/2020	19.9	19.9	0	Yes		
Well	BC088 WW	10/6/2020	10/7/2020	15.8	15.9	0.63	Yes		
Well	BC184 WW	10/6/2020	10/7/2020	18.7	18.9	1.06	Yes		
Well	BC232 WW	10/7/2020	10/7/2020	8.2	8.3	1.21	Yes		
Well	BC022 WW	10/8/2020	10/9/2020	16.4	16.2	1.23	Yes		
Well	BC254 WW	10/8/2020	10/9/2020	1.5	1.5	0	Yes		
Well	BC022WW	1/11/2021	1/13/2021	23.9	24.3	1.66	Yes		
Well	BC604WW	1/11/2021	1/13/2021	16.7	16.9	1.19	Yes		
Well	BC611WW	1/11/2021	1/13/2021	16.3	16.5	1.22	Yes		
Well	BC125WW	3/23/2021	3/24/2021	11.5	11.7	1.72	Yes		
Well	BC232WW	3/23/2021	3/24/2021	7.2	7.3	1.38	Yes		
Well	BC609WW	3/23/2021	3/24/2021	3.4	3.3	2.99	Yes		
Well	BC034WW	3/23/2021	3/24/2021	7.5	7.4	1.34	Yes		
Well	BC277WW	3/23/2021	3/24/2021	4.8	4.8	0	Yes		
Well	BC601WW	8/13/2021	8/13/2021	7.2	6.9	4.26	Yes		
Well	BC022WW	8/13/2021	8/13/2021	16	16	0	Yes		
Well	BC100WW	8/13/2021	8/13/2021	0.8	0.7	13.3	Yes		
Well	BC782321WW	8/9/2021	8/11/2021	44.1	44.7	1.35	Yes		
Well	BC601WW	11/8/2021	11/10/2021	8.1	8	1.24	Yes		
Well	BC266WW	11/8/2021	11/10/2021	17.7	18.1	2.23	Yes		
Well	BC022WW	11/8/2021	11/10/2021	18	18.3	1.65	Yes		
Well	BC604WW	11/8/2021	11/10/2021	17.9	18.3	2.21	Yes		
Well	BC611WW	11/8/2021	11/10/2021	17.3	17	1.75	Yes		
Well	BC601WW	1/19/2022	1/19/2022	10	10.3	2.96	Yes		
Well	BC266WW	1/20/2022	1/21/2022	17.3	17.5	1.15	Yes		
Well	BC022WW	1/20/2022	1/21/2022	28.3	28.9	2.1	Yes		
Well	BC782321WW	1/20/2022	1/21/2022	44.1	44.5	0.9	Yes		
Well	BC601WW	4/5/2022	4/6/2022	12.5	12.6	0.8	Yes		

Table C.1. Field Duplicate Results

Groundwater and Surface Water Nitrate Monitoring

Badger Coulee, Bentron County, Washington

Sample Source	Sample ID	Date Sampled	Date Analyzed	Parent Sample Nirate (mg/L)	Field Duplicate Nitrate (mg/L)	RPD%	Meets QA Criteria (RPD ≤ 20)
Well	BC266WW	4/5/2022	4/6/2022	17.5	17.8	1.7	Yes
Well	BC022WW	4/5/2022	4/6/2022	29.6	30.3	2.34	Yes
Well	BC604WW	4/5/2022	4/6/2022	17.8	18.1	1.67	Yes
Well	BC611WW	4/5/2022	4/6/2022	16.4	16.6	1.21	Yes
Well	BC612WW	7/20/2022	7/20/2022	12.5	12.2	2.43	Yes
Well	BC268WW	7/20/2022	7/20/2022	4.9	4.6	5.92	Yes
Well	BC151WW	7/20/2022	7/20/2022	8.8	9.1	2.46	Yes
Well	BC184WW	7/20/2022	7/20/2022	19.6	19.6	0	Yes
Well	BC194WW	9/27/2022	9/28/2022	12	11.9	0.84	Yes
Well	BC246WW	9/27/2022	9/28/2022	1.4	1.4	1.45	Yes
Well	BC279WW	9/27/2022	9/28/2022	13.8	13.5	2.2	Yes
Well	BC608WW	9/27/2022	9/28/2022	7.9	8	2.14	Yes
Well	BC610WW	9/28/2022	9/28/2022	22.4	23.6	5.22	Yes
			S	urface Water			
Surface	BC002SW	10/9/2020	10/9/2020	1.7	1.7	0	Yes
Surface	BC0105SW	3/25/2021	3/26/2021	6.5	6.1	6.35	Yes
Surface	BC010SW	8/16/2021	8/18/2021	1.7	1.7	0	Yes
Surface	BC004SW	11/15/2021	11/17/2021	4.5	4.3	4.32	Yes
Surface	BC003SW	4/28/2022	4/29/2022	0.8	0.5	46.15	No
Surface	BC009SW	10/3/2022	10/5/2022	9.2	9.2	0.54	Yes

Table C.2. Performance Evaluation Results

Groundwater and Surface Water Nitrate Monitoring

Badger Coulee, Bentron County, Washington

Source Water	Sample ID	Date Collected	Date Analyzed	PE Nitrate Conc. (mg/L)	Reference Solution Nitrate Conc. (mg/L)	Perenct Recovery (%)	Meets QA Criteria? (78% –125%)
Groundwater Wel		-					
Well	BC612 PE	9/28/2020	9/30/2020	1.3	1	130	No
Well	BC610 PE	9/28/2020	9/30/2020	10.9	10	109	Yes
Well	BC613 PE	9/28/2020	9/30/2020	36.2	35	103.43	Yes
Well	BC609 PE	9/28/2020	9/30/2020	99	100	99	Yes
Well	BC151PE	1/12/2021	1/13/2021	1.31	1	131	No
Well	BC088PE	1/12/2021	1/13/2021	11.3	10	113	Yes
Well	BC087PE	1/12/2021	1/13/2021	37	35	105.71	Yes
Well	BC612PE	1/12/2021	1/13/2021	103	100	103	Yes
Well	BC240PE	3/24/2021	3/24/2021	1.4	1	140	No
Well	BC614PE	3/24/2021	3/24/2021	10.3	10	103	Yes
Well	BC128PE	3/24/2021	3/24/2021	36.1	35	103.14	Yes
Well	BC192 PE	3/24/2021	3/24/2021	102	100	102	Yes
Well	BC232 PE	8/11/2021	8/11/2021	1.3	1	130	No
Well	BC088 PE	8/11/2021	8/11/2021	11.5	10	115	Yes
Well	BC087 PE	8/11/2021	8/11/2021	36	35	102.86	Yes
Well	BC151 PE	8/11/2021	8/11/2021	102	100	102	Yes
Well	BC601 PE	8/13/2021	8/13/2021	10.1	10	101	Yes
Well	BC240PE	11/10/2021	11/10/2021	1.3	1	130	No
Well	BC614PE	11/10/2021	11/10/2021	10.5	10	105	Yes
Well	BC128PE	11/10/2021	11/10/2021	36.1	35	103.14	Yes
Well	BC192PE	11/10/2021	11/10/2021	98.2	100	98.2	Yes
Well	BC194PE	1/21/2022	1/21/2022	1.3	1	130	No
Well	BC613PE	1/21/2022	1/21/2022	10.9	10	109	Yes
Well	BC117PE	1/21/2022	1/21/2022	34.8	35	99.43	Yes
Well	BC086PE	1/21/2022	1/21/2022	98.2	100	98.2	Yes
Well	BC127PE	4/7/2022	4/8/2022	1.3	1	129	No
Well	BC194PE	4/7/2022	4/8/2022	11.2	10	112	Yes
Well	BC500PE	4/7/2022	4/8/2022	36.2	35	103.43	Yes
Well	BC279PE	4/7/2022	4/8/2022	98.6	100	98.6	Yes
Well/Surface*	BC273PE1*	7/21/2022	7/22/2022	1.4	1	140	No
Well	BC034PE4	7/21/2022	7/22/2022	37.2	35	106.29	Yes
Well//Surface*	BC088PE3*	7/21/2022	7/22/2022	11.2	10	112	Yes

Table C.2. Performance Evaluation Results

Groundwater and Surface Water Nitrate Monitoring

Badger Coulee, Bentron County, Washington

Source Water	Sample ID	Date Collected	Date Analyzed	PE Nitrate Conc. (mg/L)	Reference Solution Nitrate Conc. (mg/L)	Perenct Recovery (%)	Meets QA Criteria? (78% –125%)
Well	BC125PE2	7/21/2022	7/22/2022	102	100	102	Yes
Well	BC001PE	9/27/2022	9/28/2022	1	1	100	Yes
Well	BC002PE	9/27/2022	9/28/2022	10.6	10	106	Yes
Well	BC003PE	9/27/2022	9/28/2022	36.3	35	103.71	Yes
Well	BC004PE	9/27/2022	9/28/2022	100	100	100	Yes
Surface Water							
Surface	BC001 PE	10/9/2020	10/9/2020	1.2	1	120	Yes
Surface	BC001 PE	10/9/2020	10/9/2020	36	35	102.86	Yes
Surface	BC010 PE	3/23/2021	3/24/2021	1.5	1	150	No
Surface	BC009 PE	3/23/2021	3/24/2021	12	10	120	Yes
Surface	BC003 PE	4/12/2021	4/12/2021	1.1	1	110	Yes
Surface	BC002 PE	4/12/2021	4/12/2021	36.9	35	105.43	Yes
Surface	BC008 PE	8/16/2021	8/18/2021	1.1	1	110	Yes
Surface	BC009 PE	8/16/2021	8/18/2021	9.8	10	98	Yes
Surface	BC001PE	4/28/2022	4/29/2022	1.1	1	110	Yes
Surface	BC002PE	4/28/2022	4/29/2022	36	35	102.86	Yes
Surface	BC005	11/15/2021	11/17/2021	1.8	1	180	No
Surface	BC006	11/15/2021	11/17/2021	35.2	35	100.57	Yes
Surface	BC000PE1	10/3/2022	10/5/2022	0.6	1	60	No
Surface	BC000PE2	10/3/2022	10/5/2022	9.8	10	98	Yes

*Well water and surface water samples were collected and submitted to the laboratory on the same day. Only one set of PE samples were submitted to the laboratory.

Table C.3. Field Blank Results

Groundwater and Surface Water Nitrate Monitoring

Badger Coulee, Bentron County, Washington

Sampling Event	Field Blank Sample ID	Nitrate Conc. (mg/L)	Sample Collection Date	Sample Analyzed Date	Field Blank Solution Source
Groundwater Well Events					
Fall 2020/WW	BC615FB	0.4	9/29/2020	9/30/2020	BFHD
Winter 2021/WW	BC782321FB	0.63	1/13/2021	1/13/2021	BFHD
Spring 2021/WW	BC605FB	0.5	3/22/2021	3/24/2021	BFHD
Summer 2021/WW	BC612FB	NA	8/11/2021	8/11/2021	BFHD
Fall 2021/WW	BC125FB	< 0.5	11/9/2021	11/10/2021	BFHD
Winter 2022/WW	BC246FB	< 0.5	1/19/2021	1/20/2021	BFHD
Spring 2022/WW	BC268FB	< 0.5	4/6/2022	4/7/2022	BFHD
Fall 2022/WW	BC000FB	< 0.5	9/28/2022	9/28/2022	BFHD
Surface Water Well Events					
Fall 2020/SW	BC004BF	<0.5	10/9/2020	10/9/2020	BFHD
Spring 2021/SW	BC004FB	0.4	3/24/2021	3/24/1931	BFHD
Summer 2021/SW	BC0001SWFB	<0.5	8/16/2021	8/18/2021	BFHD
Fall 2021/SW	BC001SWFB	< 0.5	11/15/2021	11/17/2021	BFHD
Spring 2022/SW	BC004FB	< 0.5	4/28/2023	4/29/2023	BFHD
Summer 2022/WW+SW*	BC605FB	< 0.5	7/19/2022	7/20/2022	BFHD
Fall 2022/SW	BC000FB	< 0.5	10/3/2022	10/3/2022	BFHD

*Well water and surface water samples were collected and submitted to the laboratory on the same day. Only one set of FB samples were submitted to the laboratory.

NR = Not Reported

Appendix D.

2020-2022 Groundwater and Surface Water Nitrate Concentration Results and Laboratory Reports

<u>Sample</u>	Well Type	Date	Nitrate Result (mg/L)
BC022WW	Alluvial	10/8/2020	16.4
BC022WW	Alluvial	1/11/2021	23.9
BC022WW	Alluvial	3/22/2021	24.7
BC022WW	Alluvial	8/9/2021	17.3
BC022WW	Alluvial	8/9/2021	16
BC022WW	Alluvial	11/8/2021	18
BC022WW	Alluvial	1/20/2022	28.3
BC022WW	Alluvial	4/5/2022	29.6
BC022WW	Alluvial	7/19/2022	19.4
BC022WW	Alluvial	9/29/2022	18.6
BC088WW	Alluvial	10/6/2020	
BC088WW	Alluvial	1/12/2021	16.6
BC088WW	Alluvial	3/23/2021	15.9
BC088WW	Alluvial	8/9/2021	15.6
BC088WW	Alluvial	11/9/2021	15.5
BC088WW	Alluvial	1/21/2022	14.5
BC088WW	Alluvial	4/6/2022	14.5
BC088WW	Alluvial	7/21/2022	16.5
BC088WW	Alluvial	9/27/2022	15.4
BC100WW	Alluvial	10/7/2020	13.4
BC100WW BC100WW	Alluvial	3/22/2021	0.8
BC100WW BC100WW	Alluvial	8/9/2021	0.8
	Alluvial		
BC100WW		8/9/2021	0.8
BC100WW	Alluvial	11/8/2021	
BC100WW	Alluvial	1/20/2022	0.8
BC100WW	Alluvial	4/5/2022	1
BC100WW	Alluvial	7/21/2022	0.9
BC100WW	Alluvial	9/29/2022	1.2
BC125WW	Alluvial	10/7/2020	
BC125WW	Alluvial	1/11/2021	
BC125WW	Alluvial	3/23/2021	
BC125WW	Alluvial	8/10/2021	11.3
BC125WW	Alluvial	11/9/2021	9.3
BC125WW	Alluvial	1/20/2022	8.3
BC125WW	Alluvial	4/5/2022	7.2
BC125WW	Alluvial	7/21/2022	4.6
BC125WW	Alluvial	9/27/2022	8.4
BC127WW	Alluvial	10/5/2020	
BC127WW	Alluvial	1/12/2021	4.7
BC127WW	Alluvial	3/24/2021	6.2
BC127WW	Alluvial	8/10/2021	7.8
BC127WW	Alluvial	11/10/2021	10.2
BC127WW	Alluvial	1/21/2022	11.2
BC127WW	Alluvial	4/7/2022	14.3
BC127WW	Alluvial	7/20/2022	20.9
BC127WW	Alluvial	9/27/2022	23.4

<u>Sample</u>	Well Type	Date	Nitrate Result (mg/L)
BC151WW	Alluvial	10/6/2020	6.2
BC151WW	Alluvial	1/12/2021	7.2
BC151WW	Alluvial	3/23/2021	7.3
BC151WW	Alluvial	8/10/2021	6.2
BC151WW	Alluvial	11/9/2021	8
BC151WW	Alluvial	1/21/2022	8.1
BC151WW	Alluvial	4/6/2022	8.5
BC151WW	Alluvial	7/20/2022	8.8
BC151WW	Alluvial	9/29/2022	9
BC184WW	Alluvial	10/6/2020	18.7
BC184WW	Alluvial	1/11/2021	20.5
BC184WW	Alluvial	3/23/2021	17.5
BC184WW	Alluvial	8/10/2021	21
BC184WW	Alluvial	11/9/2021	20.5
BC184WW	Alluvial	1/20/2022	19.2
BC184WW	Alluvial	4/6/2022	19.4
BC184WW	Alluvial	7/20/2022	19.6
BC184WW	Alluvial	9/27/2022	15.1
BC194WW	Alluvial	10/5/2020	12.1
BC194WW	Alluvial	1/12/2021	14.1
BC194WW	Alluvial	3/24/2021	14.1
BC194WW	Alluvial	8/10/2021	14.3
BC194WW	Alluvial	11/10/2021	14.1
BC194WW	Alluvial	1/21/2022	13.5
BC194WW	Alluvial	4/7/2022	12.9
BC194WW	Alluvial	7/20/2022	11.4
BC194WW	Alluvial	9/27/2022	12
BC246WW	Alluvial	10/8/2020	1.3
BC246WW	Alluvial	1/13/2021	5.2
BC246WW	Alluvial	3/25/2021	
BC246WW	Alluvial	8/10/2021	1.7
BC246WW	Alluvial	11/16/2021	1.4
BC246WW	Alluvial	1/19/2022	2.3
BC246WW	Alluvial	4/7/2022	1.5
BC246WW	Alluvial	7/19/2022	1.4
BC246WW	Alluvial	9/27/2022	1.4
BC254WW	Alluvial	10/8/2020	1.5
BC254WW	Alluvial	1/12/2021	16.5
BC254WW	Alluvial	3/24/2021	18
BC254WW	Alluvial	8/11/2021	18.6
BC254WW	Alluvial	11/10/2021	18.7
BC254WW	Alluvial	1/21/2022	16.6
BC254WW	Alluvial	4/6/2022	16.8
BC254WW	Alluvial	7/28/2022	18.1
BC254WW	Alluvial	9/29/2022	14.7

<u>Sample</u>	Well Type	Date	Nitrate Result (mg/L)
BC268WW	Alluvial	10/5/2020	2.9
BC268WW	Alluvial	1/12/2021	2.9
BC268WW	Alluvial	3/24/2021	2.8
BC268WW	Alluvial	8/11/2021	3.6
BC268WW	Alluvial	11/10/2021	4.1
BC268WW	Alluvial	1/21/2022	2.7
BC268WW	Alluvial	4/6/2022	2.8
BC268WW	Alluvial	7/20/2022	4.9
BC268WW	Alluvial	9/27/2022	3.7
BC273WW	Alluvial	4/5/2022	13.4
BC273WW	Alluvial	7/21/2022	13.7
BC600WW	Alluvial	9/30/2020	7.5
BC600WW	Alluvial	1/11/2021	8
BC600WW	Alluvial	3/23/2021	7.8
BC600WW	Alluvial	8/11/2021	8
BC600WW	Alluvial	11/9/2021	7.9
BC600WW	Alluvial	1/20/2022	7.2
BC600WW	Alluvial	4/6/2022	8.2
BC600WW	Alluvial	7/20/2022	7.93
BC600WW	Alluvial	9/27/2022	7.4
BC602WW	Alluvial	10/2/2020	3.6
BC602WW	Alluvial	3/25/2021	3.3
BC602WW	Alluvial	11/16/2021	3.8
BC602WW	Alluvial	4/7/2022	3
BC602WW	Alluvial	9/29/2022	2.9
BC603WW	Alluvial	9/29/2020	4.7
BC603WW	Alluvial	1/13/2021	16.4
BC603WW	Alluvial	3/25/2021	4.8
BC604WW	Alluvial	10/2/2020	16.5
BC604WW	Alluvial	1/11/2021	
BC604WW	Alluvial	3/22/2021	17
BC604WW	Alluvial	8/11/2021	17.2
BC604WW	Alluvial	11/8/2021	17.9
BC604WW	Alluvial	1/20/2022	17.3
BC604WW	Alluvial	4/5/2022	17.8
BC604WW	Alluvial	7/19/2022	17.6
BC604WW	Alluvial	9/27/2022	18.3
BC609WW	Alluvial	9/28/2020	3.6
BC609WW	Alluvial	1/11/2021	3.9
BC609WW	Alluvial	3/23/2021	3.4
BC609WW	Alluvial	8/11/2021	3
BC609WW	Alluvial	11/9/2021	3.4
BC609WW	Alluvial	1/20/2022	3.2
BC609WW	Alluvial	4/5/2022	3.3
BC609WW	Alluvial	7/21/2022	3.1

<u>Sample</u>	Well Type	Date	Nitrate Result (mg/L)
BC609WW	Alluvial	9/29/2022	1.6
BC613WW	Alluvial	9/28/2020	
BC613WW	Alluvial	1/12/2021	
BC613WW	Alluvial	3/24/2021	
BC613WW	Alluvial	8/11/2021	7.3
BC613WW	Alluvial	11/10/2021	8.4
BC613WW	Alluvial	1/21/2022	7.4
BC613WW	Alluvial	4/7/2022	
BC613WW	Alluvial	7/20/2022	
BC613WW	Alluvial	9/29/2022	
BC616WW	Alluvial	10/1/2020	
BC616WW	Alluvial	1/11/2021	
BC616WW	Alluvial	3/22/2021	
BC616WW	Alluvial	8/13/2021	
BC616WW	Alluvial	11/8/2021	
BC616WW	Alluvial	1/20/2022	
BC616WW	Alluvial	4/5/2022	
BC616WW	Alluvial	7/28/2022	
BC616WW	Alluvial	9/27/2022	
BC081WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	10/7/2020	12.1
BC081WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	3/22/2021	
BC081WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	11/8/2021	
BC081WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	4/5/2022	
BC081WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	9/28/2022	12.7
BC087WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	10/6/2020	19.9
BC087WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	1/12/2021	19.8
BC087WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	3/23/2021	22.2
BC087WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	8/9/2021	18.5
BC087WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	11/9/2021	6.6
BC087WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	1/21/2022	7.2
BC087WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	4/6/2022	9.03
BC087WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	7/20/2022	7.9
BC087WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	9/29/2022	6.5
BC116WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	10/5/2020	1.6
BC116WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	1/12/2021	13.1
BC116WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	3/24/2021	13.1
BC116WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	8/10/2021	9
BC116WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	11/10/2021	8.5
BC116WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	1/21/2022	8.7
BC116WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	4/6/2022	9.2
BC116WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	7/20/2022	8.4
BC116WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	9/27/2022	9.2
BC117WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	10/5/2020	21.7
BC117WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	1/12/2021	25.6
BC117WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	3/24/2021	29.7

<u>Sample</u>	Well Type	<u>Date</u>	Nitrate Result (mg/L)
BC117WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	8/10/2021	31.4
BC117WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	11/10/2021	33.1
BC117WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	1/21/2022	42.2
BC117WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	7/28/2022	59
BC117WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	9/27/2022	46.8
BC128WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	10/6/2020	3.4
BC128WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	1/12/2021	13.1
BC128WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	3/24/2021	8.7
BC128WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	8/10/2021	14.3
BC128WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	11/10/2021	12.6
BC128WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	1/21/2022	4.5
BC128WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	4/6/2022	5
BC128WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	7/20/2022	12.4
BC128WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	9/27/2022	12.6
BC610WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	9/28/2020	25.3
BC610WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	3/22/2021	18
BC610WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	11/8/2021	18.3
BC610WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	4/5/2022	21
BC610WW	Alluvial and Shallow Basalt	9/28/2022	22.4
BC601WW	Intermediate Basalt	9/29/2020	8.2
BC601WW	Intermediate Basalt	1/11/2021	11.2
BC601WW	Intermediate Basalt	3/22/2021	11.3
BC601WW	Intermediate Basalt	8/11/2021	7.5
BC601WW	Intermediate Basalt	8/11/2021	6.9
BC601WW	Intermediate Basalt	11/8/2021	8.1
BC601WW	Intermediate Basalt	1/20/2022	10
BC601WW	Intermediate Basalt	4/5/2022	12.5
BC601WW	Intermediate Basalt	7/21/2022	10.9
BC601WW	Intermediate Basalt	9/29/2022	7.5
BC192WW	Shallow and Intermediate Basalt	10/6/2020	30.6
BC192WW	Shallow and Intermediate Basalt	1/12/2021	30.8
BC192WW	Shallow and Intermediate Basalt	3/24/2021	30.1
BC192WW	Shallow and Intermediate Basalt	8/10/2021	30.2
BC192WW	Shallow and Intermediate Basalt	11/10/2021	27.2
BC192WW	Shallow and Intermediate Basalt	1/21/2022	24.9
BC192WW	Shallow and Intermediate Basalt	4/6/2022	25.8
BC192WW	Shallow and Intermediate Basalt	7/21/2022	30.5
BC192WW	Shallow and Intermediate Basalt	9/27/2022	29.4
BC782321WW	Shallow and Intermediate Basalt	10/5/2020	11.8
BC782321WW	Shallow and Intermediate Basalt	1/13/2021	46
BC782321WW	Shallow and Intermediate Basalt	3/25/2021	43.2
BC782321WW	Shallow and Intermediate Basalt	8/13/2021	44.1
BC782321WW	Shallow and Intermediate Basalt	11/16/2021	45
BC782321WW	Shallow and Intermediate Basalt	1/19/2022	44.1
BC782321WW	Shallow and Intermediate Basalt	4/7/2022	44.1

<u>Sample</u>	Well Type	<u>Date</u>	Nitrate Result (mg/L)
BC782321WW	Shallow and Intermediate Basalt	7/21/2022	44.7
BC782321WW	Shallow and Intermediate Basalt	9/29/2022	42.5
BC232WW	Shallow Basalt	10/7/2020	8.2
BC232WW	Shallow Basalt	1/11/2021	7.6
BC232WW	Shallow Basalt	3/23/2021	7.3
BC232WW	Shallow Basalt	8/10/2021	7
BC232WW	Shallow Basalt	11/9/2021	7.4
BC232WW	Shallow Basalt	1/20/2022	6.6
BC232WW	Shallow Basalt	4/5/2022	6.4
BC232WW	Shallow Basalt	7/20/2022	6.7
BC232WW	Shallow Basalt	9/28/2022	7.3
BC239WW	Shallow Basalt	10/8/2020	5.4
BC239WW	Shallow Basalt	1/13/2021	6.2
BC239WW	Shallow Basalt	3/25/2021	6
BC239WW	Shallow Basalt	8/10/2021	5.4
BC239WW	Shallow Basalt	11/16/2021	5.3
BC239WW	Shallow Basalt	1/19/2022	5.8
BC239WW	Shallow Basalt	4/7/2022	6.2
BC239WW	Shallow Basalt	7/19/2022	4.6
BC239WW	Shallow Basalt	9/27/2022	4.3
BC240WW	Shallow Basalt	10/6/2020	3.8
BC240WW	Shallow Basalt	1/12/2021	5.7
BC240WW	Shallow Basalt	3/24/2021	4.4
BC240WW	Shallow Basalt	8/10/2021	4.8
BC240WW	Shallow Basalt	11/10/2021	6.4
BC240WW	Shallow Basalt	1/21/2022	7.2
BC240WW	Shallow Basalt	4/6/2022	7.4
BC240WW	Shallow Basalt	7/20/2022	6.6
BC240WW	Shallow Basalt	9/29/2022	5
BC605WW	Shallow Basalt	10/1/2020	7.7
BC605WW	Shallow Basalt	1/11/2021	20.9
BC605WW	Shallow Basalt	3/22/2021	17.2
BC605WW	Shallow Basalt	8/10/2021	5.3
BC605WW	Shallow Basalt	11/8/2021	17.4
BC605WW	Shallow Basalt	1/20/2022	17.5
BC605WW	Shallow Basalt	4/5/2022	12
BC605WW	Shallow Basalt	7/28/2022	5.7
BC605WW	Shallow Basalt	9/27/2022	6.8
BC606WW	Shallow Basalt	9/30/2020	5.2
BC606WW	Shallow Basalt	1/13/2021	4.9
BC606WW	Shallow Basalt	3/25/2021	5.4
BC606WW	Shallow Basalt	8/11/2021	5.1
BC606WW	Shallow Basalt	11/16/2021	4.8
BC606WW	Shallow Basalt	1/19/2022	4.9
BC606WW	Shallow Basalt	4/7/2022	5.3

<u>Sample</u>	Well Type	Date	Nitrate Result (mg/L)
BC606WW	Shallow Basalt	7/19/2022	5.6
BC606WW	Shallow Basalt	9/29/2022	5.3
BC607WW	Shallow Basalt	9/29/2020	17.3
BC607WW	Shallow Basalt	1/13/2021	23.1
BC607WW	Shallow Basalt	3/25/2021	23.4
BC607WW	Shallow Basalt	8/11/2021	22.7
BC607WW	Shallow Basalt	11/16/2021	20.5
BC607WW	Shallow Basalt	1/19/2022	17.9
BC607WW	Shallow Basalt	4/7/2022	15.6
BC607WW	Shallow Basalt	7/19/2022	14.2
BC607WW	Shallow Basalt	9/28/2022	12.9
BC608WW	Shallow Basalt	9/29/2020	
BC608WW	Shallow Basalt	1/13/2021	4.6
BC608WW	Shallow Basalt	3/25/2021	5.7
BC608WW	Shallow Basalt	8/11/2021	8.2
BC608WW	Shallow Basalt	11/16/2021	6.4
BC608WW	Shallow Basalt	1/19/2022	7.9
BC608WW	Shallow Basalt	4/7/2022	7.6
BC608WW	Shallow Basalt	7/19/2022	8.3
BC608WW	Shallow Basalt	9/27/2022	7.9
BC611WW	Shallow Basalt	10/1/2020	
BC611WW	Shallow Basalt	1/11/2021	16.3
BC611WW	Shallow Basalt	3/22/2021	15.6
BC611WW	Shallow Basalt	8/11/2021	16.7
BC611WW	Shallow Basalt	11/8/2021	17.3
BC611WW	Shallow Basalt	1/20/2022	16.1
BC611WW	Shallow Basalt	4/5/2022	16.4
BC611WW	Shallow Basalt	9/27/2022	14.2
BC612WW	Shallow Basalt	9/28/2020	3.6
BC612WW	Shallow Basalt	1/12/2021	
BC612WW	Shallow Basalt	3/23/2021	3.2
BC612WW	Shallow Basalt	8/11/2021	4.5
BC612WW	Shallow Basalt	11/9/2021	5.9
BC612WW	Shallow Basalt	1/21/2022	5.5
BC612WW	Shallow Basalt	4/6/2022	6.39
BC612WW	Shallow Basalt	7/20/2022	12.5
BC612WW	Shallow Basalt	9/27/2022	18.7
BC012WW	Unclassified Wells	10/8/2020	2.6
BC012WW	Unclassified Wells	3/25/2021	6.6
BC012WW	Unclassified Wells	11/16/2021	2.8
BC012WW	Unclassified Wells	4/7/2022	5.3
BC012WW	Unclassified Wells	9/30/2022	2.7
BC034WW	Unclassified Wells	10/7/2020	
BC034WW	Unclassified Wells	1/11/2021	7
BC034WW	Unclassified Wells	3/23/2021	7.5

<u>Sample</u>	Well Type	<u>Date</u>	Nitrate Result (mg/L)
BC034WW	Unclassified Wells	8/9/2021	7.7
BC034WW	Unclassified Wells	11/9/2021	7.5
BC034WW	Unclassified Wells	1/20/2022	7.6
BC034WW	Unclassified Wells	4/5/2022	8.8
BC034WW	Unclassified Wells	7/28/2022	9.9
BC034WW	Unclassified Wells	9/27/2022	8.9
BC086WW	Unclassified Wells	10/7/2020	3
BC086WW	Unclassified Wells	1/11/2021	3.9
BC086WW	Unclassified Wells	3/22/2021	3.4
BC086WW	Unclassified Wells	8/9/2021	3.5
BC086WW	Unclassified Wells	11/8/2021	3.7
BC086WW	Unclassified Wells	1/21/2022	3.5
BC086WW	Unclassified Wells	4/5/2022	4.6
BC086WW	Unclassified Wells	7/21/2022	4
BC086WW	Unclassified Wells	9/27/2022	3.6
BC235WW	Unclassified Wells	10/1/2020	15.3
BC235WW	Unclassified Wells	1/13/2021	1.7
BC235WW	Unclassified Wells	3/25/2021	15.4
BC235WW	Unclassified Wells	8/10/2021	13.2
BC235WW	Unclassified Wells	11/16/2021	11
BC235WW	Unclassified Wells	1/19/2022	13
BC235WW	Unclassified Wells	4/7/2022	12.8
BC235WW	Unclassified Wells	7/19/2022	12.8
BC235WW	Unclassified Wells	9/29/2022	9
BC266WW	Unclassified Wells	10/8/2020	16
BC266WW	Unclassified Wells	1/11/2021	17.6
BC266WW	Unclassified Wells	3/22/2021	16.9
BC266WW	Unclassified Wells	8/11/2021	16
BC266WW	Unclassified Wells	11/8/2021	17.7
BC266WW	Unclassified Wells	1/20/2022	17.3
BC266WW	Unclassified Wells	4/5/2022	17.5
BC266WW	Unclassified Wells	7/19/2022	14
BC266WW	Unclassified Wells	9/29/2022	16.6
BC274WW	Unclassified Wells	9/29/2020	18.2
BC274WW	Unclassified Wells	3/25/2021	36.3
BC275WW	Unclassified Wells	10/1/2020	12.4
BC275WW	Unclassified Wells	3/22/2021	12.7
BC276WW	Unclassified Wells	10/1/2020	20.8
BC276WW	Unclassified Wells	3/22/2021	25.1
BC277WW	Unclassified Wells	9/30/2020	4.8
BC277WW	Unclassified Wells	3/23/2021	4.8
BC277WW	Unclassified Wells	11/9/2021	5.3
BC277WW	Unclassified Wells	4/6/2022	5
BC278WW	Unclassified Wells	9/30/2020	30.6
BC278WW	Unclassified Wells	3/25/2021	32.9

Table D.1. Water Well Nitrate Results

Groundwater and Surface Water Nitrate Monitoring Badger Coulee, Bentron County, Washington

<u>Sample</u>	Well Type	Date	Nitrate Result (mg/L)
BC279WW	Unclassified Wells	9/30/2020	13.8
BC279WW	Unclassified Wells	3/24/2021	13
BC279WW	Unclassified Wells	11/10/2021	12
BC279WW	Unclassified Wells	4/7/2022	12.8
BC279WW	Unclassified Wells	9/27/2022	13.8
BC325WW	Unclassified Wells	9/29/2022	9.9
BC500WW	Unclassified Wells	10/6/2020	5.8
BC500WW	Unclassified Wells	3/24/2021	5.7
BC500WW	Unclassified Wells	11/10/2021	6.4
BC500WW	Unclassified Wells	4/7/2022	6.7
BC500WW	Unclassified Wells	9/29/2022	5.7
BC614WW	Unclassified Wells	9/30/2020	1.5
BC614WW	Unclassified Wells	3/24/2021	1.5
BC614WW	Unclassified Wells	11/10/2021	1.3
BC614WW	Unclassified Wells	4/6/2022	1.8
BC614WW	Unclassified Wells	9/28/2022	3.2
BC615WW	Unclassified Wells	9/29/2020	1.7
BC615WW	Unclassified Wells	3/25/2021	1.9
BC615WW	Unclassified Wells	11/16/2021	1.6
BC615WW	Unclassified Wells	4/7/2022	1.9
BC615WW	Unclassified Wells	9/27/2022	0.9
BC617WW	Unclassified Wells	8/13/2021	1
BC618WW	Unclassified Wells	1/19/2022	5.4
BC618WW	Unclassified Wells	7/21/2022	4.8

Table D.2. Surface Water Nitrate Results

Groundwater and Surface Water Nitrate Monitoring Badger Coulee, Bentron County, Washington

Fall 2020			
Sample Date	Sample ID	Nitrate Result (mg/l)	
10/9/2020	BC001SW	1	
10/9/2020	BC002SW	1.7	
10/9/2020	BC003SW	1.6	
10/9/2020	BC004SW	0.7	
10/9/2020	BC005SW	8.8	
10/9/2020	BC006SW	8.5	
10/9/2020	BC007SW	1.7	
10/9/2020	BC008SW	3.1	
10/9/2020	BC009SW	11.1	
10/9/2020	BC0010SW	3	
	Spring 2021		
3/25/2021	BC001SW	2.6	
4/12/2021	BC002SW	0.7	
4/12/2021	BC003SW	0.6	
4/12/2021	BC004SW	1	
3/24/2021	BC005SW	47	
3/24/2021	BC006SW	11	
3/24/2021	BC007SW	6.1	
3/24/2021	BC008SW	6.6	
3/23/2021	BC009SW	12	
3/23/2021	BC0010SW	6.5	
	Summer 2021		
8/16/2021	BC001SW	1.3	
8/16/2021	BC002SW	1.3	
8/16/2021	BC003SW	1.4	
8/16/2021	BC004SW	0	
8/16/2021	BC005SW	5.4	
8/16/2021	BC006SW	6.4	
8/16/2021	BC007SW	1.2	
8/16/2021	BC008SW	2	
8/16/2021	BC009SW	9.8	
8/16/2021	BC0010SW	1.7	
Fall 2021			
11/15/2021	BC001SW	2.7	

Badger Coulee, Bentron County, Washington		
11/15/2021	BC004SW	4.3
11/15/2021	BC005SW	45.5
11/15/2021	BC006SW	8.9
11/15/2021	BC007SW	6.5
11/15/2021	BC008SW	6.1
11/15/2021	BC009SW	10.4
11/15/2021	BC0010SW	5.9
	Fall 2022	
10/3/2022	BC001SW	0.5
10/3/2022	BC002SW	0.8
10/3/2022	BC004SW	1.4
10/3/2022	BC005SW	11.1
10/3/2022	BC006SW	7.2
10/3/2022	BC007SW	1
10/3/2022	BC008SW	2.2
10/3/2022	BC009SW	9.2
10/3/2022	BC0010SW	2.1
	Summer 2022	
7/21/2022	BC001SW	0.6
7/21/2022	BC002SW	1
7/21/2022	BC003SW	1
7/21/2022	BC004SW	0.9
7/21/2022	BC005SW	6.5
7/21/2022	BC006SW	7.3
7/21/2022	BC007SW	1.3
7/21/2022	BC008SW	1.9
7/21/2022	BC009SW	10.3
7/21/2022	BC0010SW	2.5
	Spring 2022	
4/28/2022	BC001SW	1.5
4/28/2022	BC002SW	0.5
4/28/2022	BC003SW	0.8
4/28/2022	BC004SW	9.8
4/28/2022	BC005SW	33.2
4/28/2022	BC006SW	10.4
4/28/2022	BC007SW	0.6
4/28/2022	BC008SW	1.1

Table D.2. Surface Water Nitrate Results Groundwater and Surface Water Nitrate Monitoring

Table D.2. Surface Water Nitrate Results

Groundwater and Surface Water Nitrate Monitoring

Badger Coulee, Bentron County, Washington

4/28/2022	BC009SW	10.5
4/28/2022	BC0010SW	1.1

Appendix E.

2020-2022 Trend Analysis Results and Plots



Description of Trend Analysis Methods

The Mann-Kendall trend analyses were used to evaluate whether nitrate concentrations have statistically significant increasing or decreasing trends over the data record for both recent and long-term data records.

It is a non-parametric test that identifies trends by comparing each later-measured value to all the earlier measured values. Non-parametric tests are used for datasets that do not follow normal distribution, which is typical of environmental datasets. In this study, a statistical data analysis software ProUCL version 5.2, developed by U.S Environmental Protection Agency is used. The Mann-Kendall trend analysis seeks to either confirm or reject the null hypothesis that no trend is present, and the data series are independent of time. It uses the Kendall score statistic (S) and the normalized Kendall score statistic (P-value).

The Kendall score, S, is computed by comparing the later-measured value to the previous values and assigning either a -1,0, or 1, based on whether there is a decrease between the values (-1), the values are equal (0), or there is an increase between the values (1). S is then computed as a summation of these assigned values. When S is a large positive number, there is an increasing trend in the data. When S is a large negative number the is a decreasing trend in the data, and when the absolute value S is small there is no trend in the data. The maximum and minimum values of S depend on the number of measured data points. Normalized or standardized Kendall score assumes a minimum of 20 sample points. Since all the wells sampled contained less than 20 measurements, normalized Kendall score is not reported in the results summary tables.

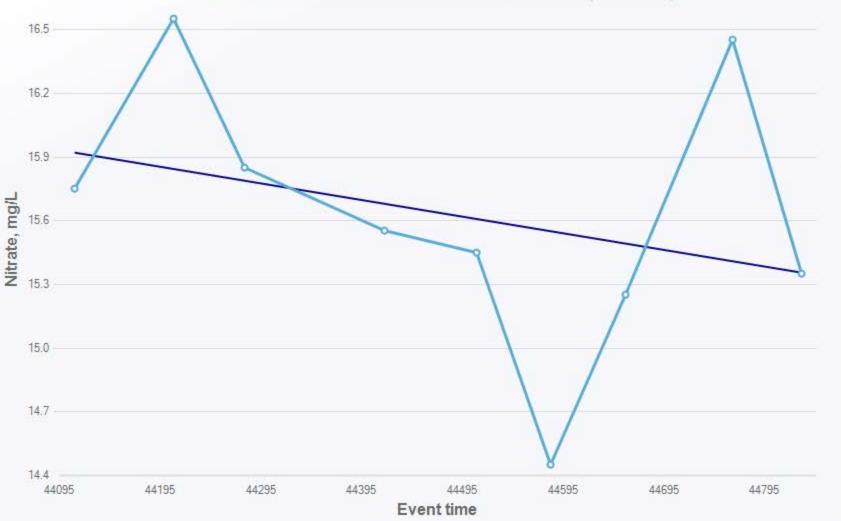
The critical value is used for comparison to a test statistic based on the sample size and selected confidence interval. When using the Mann-Kendall Analysis the test statistic is the Standardized Value of S, or the standardized Kendall Score. The critical value will be either negative or positive depending on whether the trend line is decreasing or increasing, respectively. Look up tables are preprogrammed into Pro-UCL 5.2 and are used for sample sizes greater than 20. If the standardized value of S is larger than the critical value, then the trend is statistically significant, and the data has a non-normal distribution. If the standardized value is less than the critical value, then there is insufficient evidence for a statistically significant trend.

P-value is a measurement of normality in the data and provides a measurement of statistical significance for a linear trend in the data. The p-value ranges from 0 to 1 and is a normalized function of the residual data measurements i.e., deviation from the data set's mean value. A p-value equal to 1 indicates a perfect normal distribution and indicates that the Mann-Kendal method of analysis is not appropriate. A small p-value near zero indicates a non-normal distribution and a possible statistically significant trend. Statistical significance depends on the level of the confidence interval selected for the analysis.

The time series data was entered into ProUCL, and the Mann-Kendall trend analysis was selected with a 95% confidence interval and 5% level of significance. For duplicate samples and samples with the same date and time from the EIM database, the higher of the two values was used.

ProUCL calculates general statistics including the mean and standard deviation, the values of S, normalized S, the variance of S (Var(S)), and the least squares trend line slope. In addition to Mann-Kendall statistics, the p-value provides another way to reject the null hypothesis.

Mann-Kendall Trend Test - BC088WW (Alluvial)

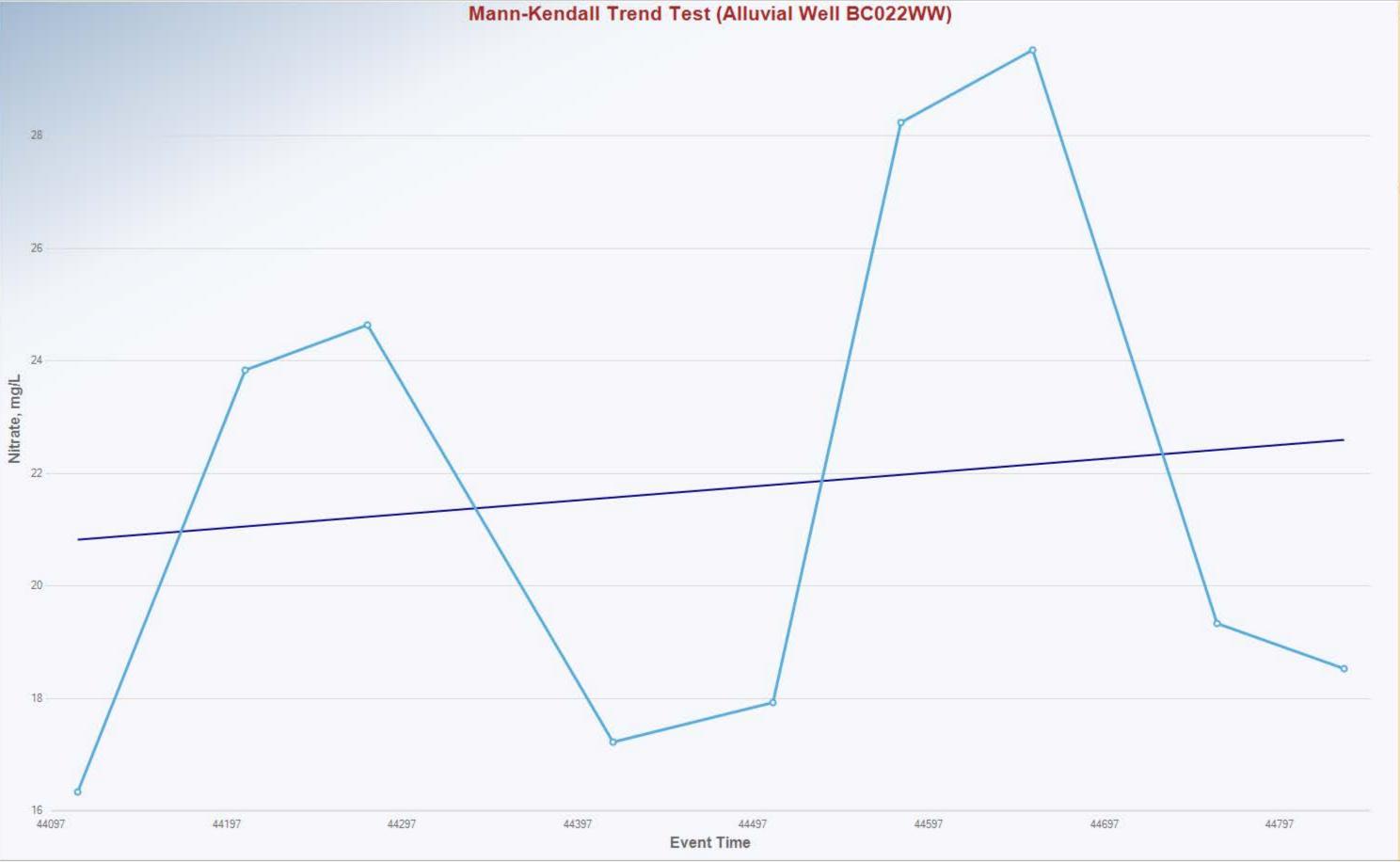


ann-Kendall Trend Analysis	
n	9
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	9.5917
Standardized Value of S	-1.3553
M-K Test Value (S)	-14
Tabulated p-value	0.0900
Approximate p-value	0.0877

OLS Regression Line (Blue)

Ma

OLS Regression Slope -0.0008 OLS Regression Intercept 50.5475



Mann-Kendall Trend Analysis

n	3
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	9.5917
Standardized Value of S	0.9383
M-K Test Value (S)	10
Tabulated p-value	0.1790
Approximate p-value	0.1740

OLS Regression Line (Blue)

OLS Regression Slope	0.0025
OLS Regression Intercept	-87.2964

Mann-Kendall Trnd Test - BC100WW (Alluvial)

Mann-Kendall Trend Analysis

9

0.9500

0.0500

9.0738

0.8817

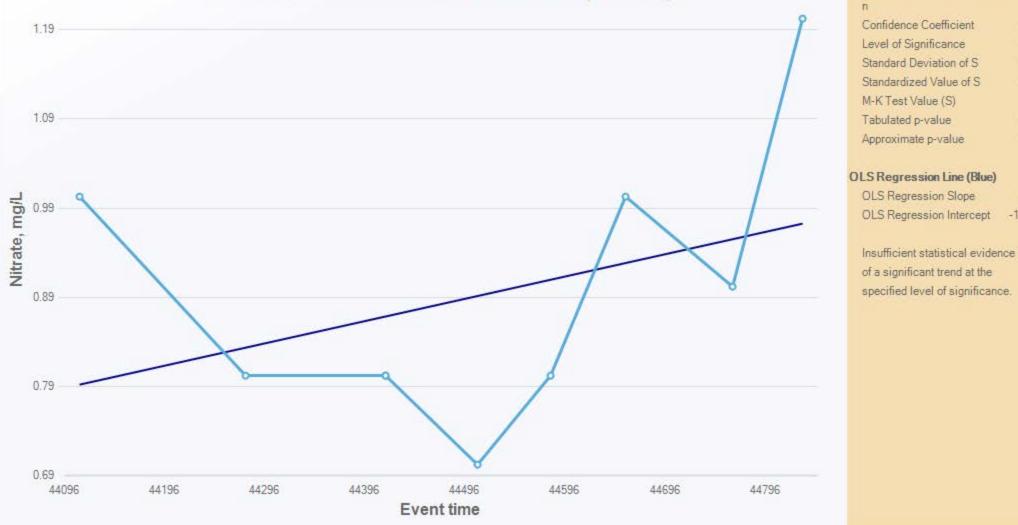
0.2380

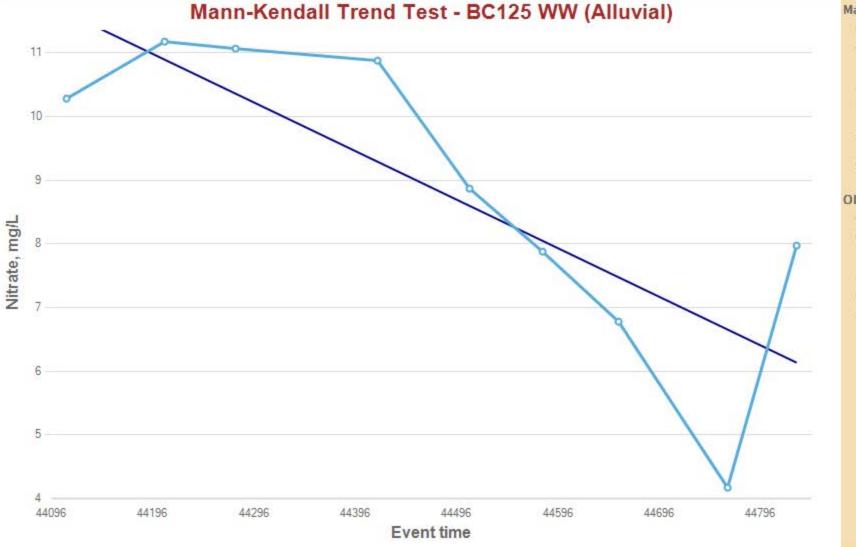
0.1890

0.0003

-10.2534

9





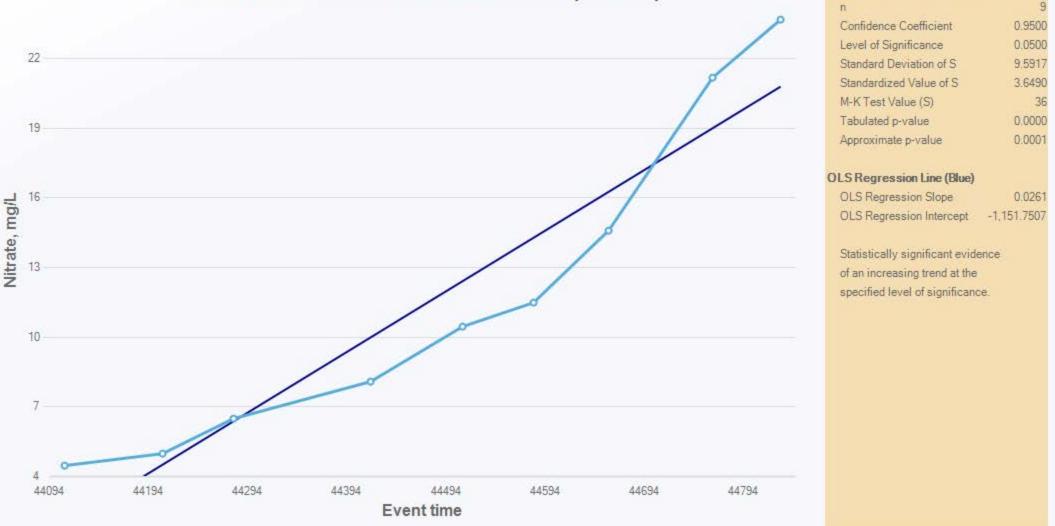
ann-Kendall Trend Analysis	
n	9
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	9.5917
Standardized Value of S	-2.3979
M-K Test Value (S)	-24
Tabulated p-value	0.0060
Approximate p-value	0.0082
C Dearanaian Line (Dhus)	

OLS Regression Line (Blue)

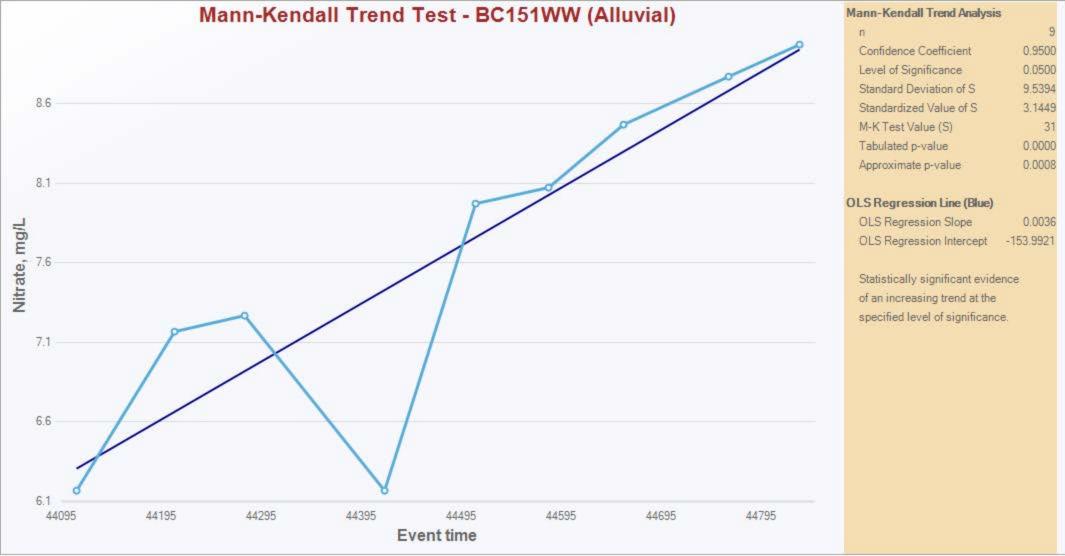
OLS Regression Slope -0.0076 OLS Regression Intercept 349.2915

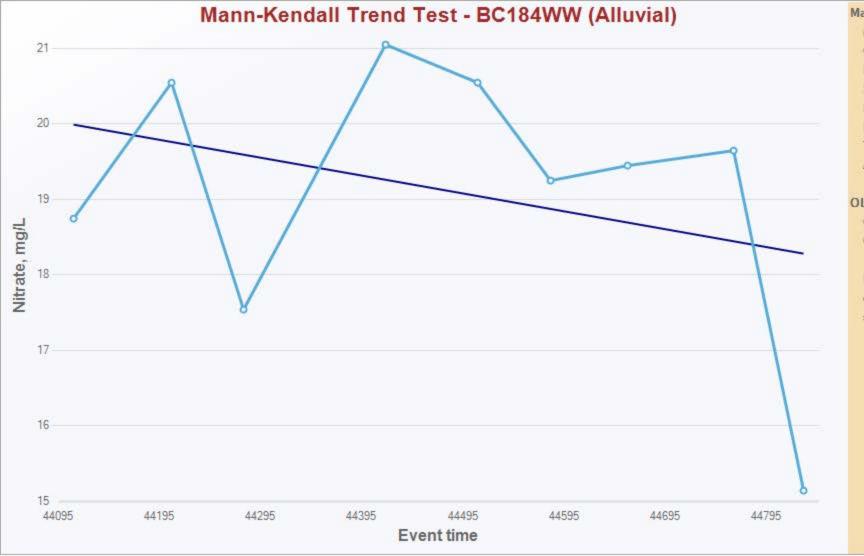
Statistically significant evidence of a decreasing trend at the specified level of significance.

Mann-Kendall Trend Test - BC127WW (Alluvial)



Mann-Kendall Trend Analysis

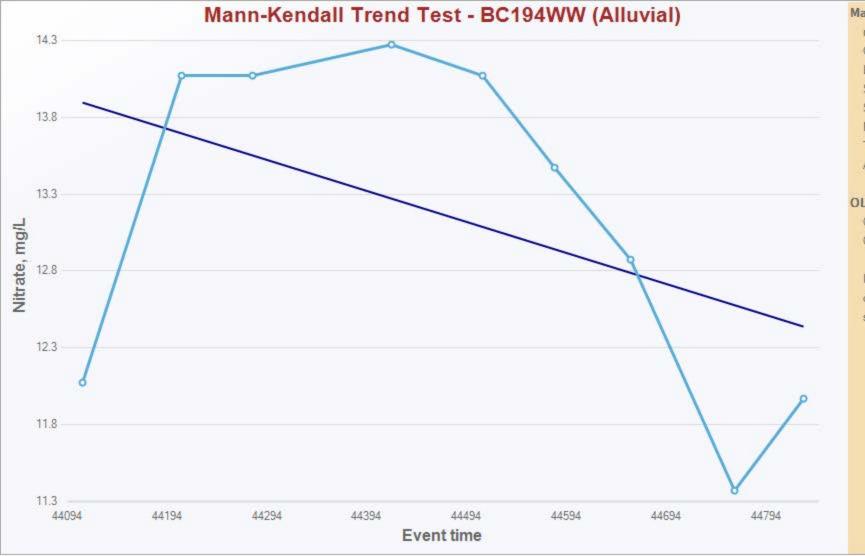




ann-Kendall Trend Analysis	
n	9
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	9.5394
Standardized Value of S	-0.4193
M-K Test Value (S)	-5
Tabulated p-value	0.3810
Approximate p-value	0.3375

OLS Regression Line (Blue)

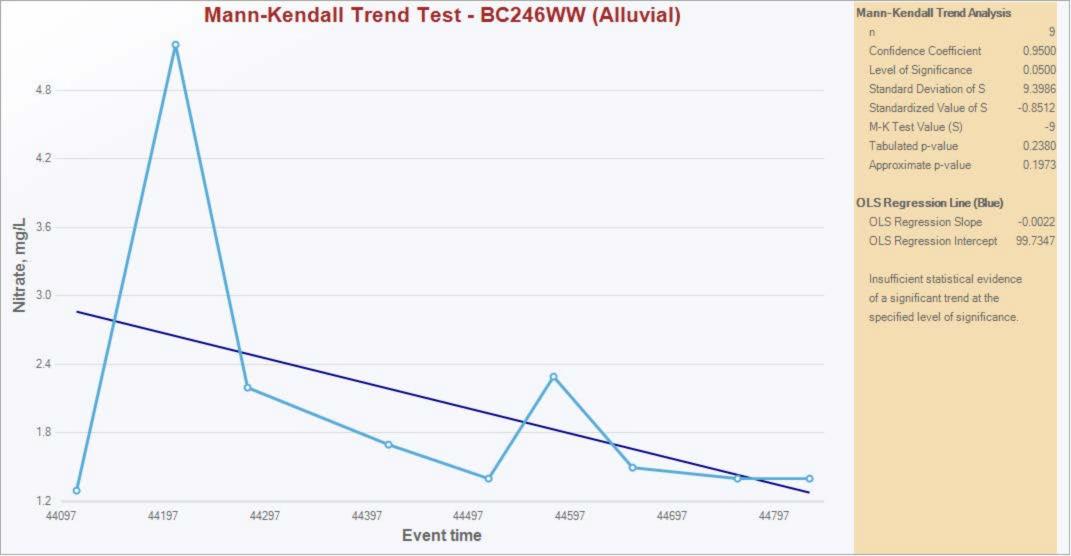
OLS Regression Slope -0.0024 OLS Regression Intercept 124.3966

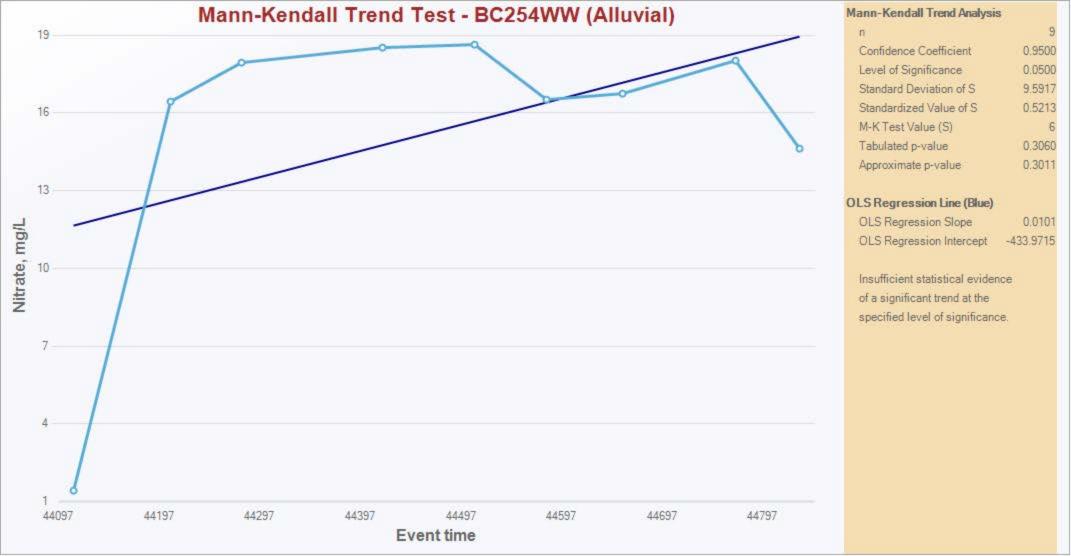


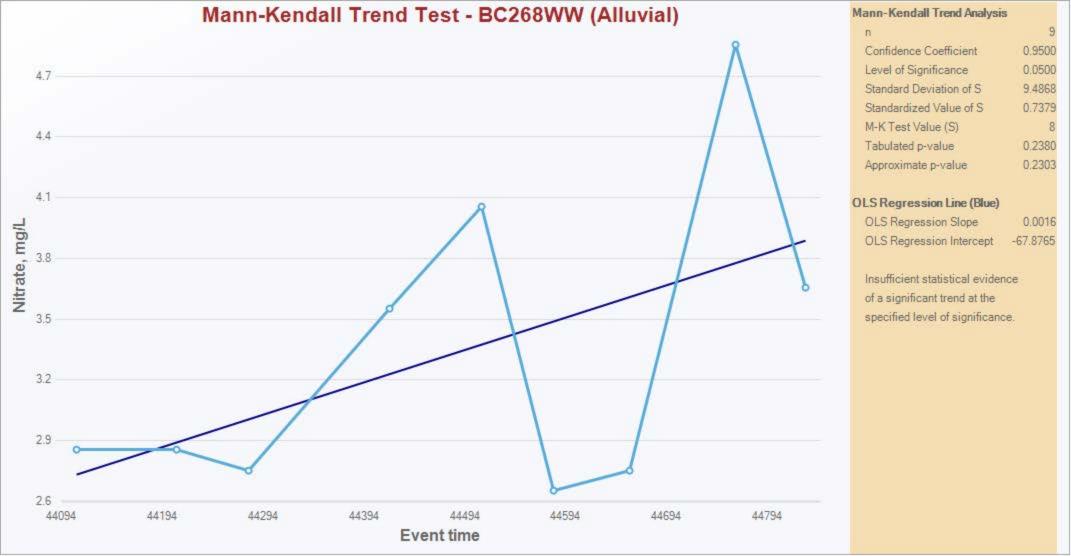
ann-Kendall Trend Analysis	
n	9
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	9.3986
Standardized Value of S	-1.4896
M-K Test Value (S)	-15
Tabulated p-value	0.0900
Approximate p-value	0.0682
S Regression Line (Blue)	

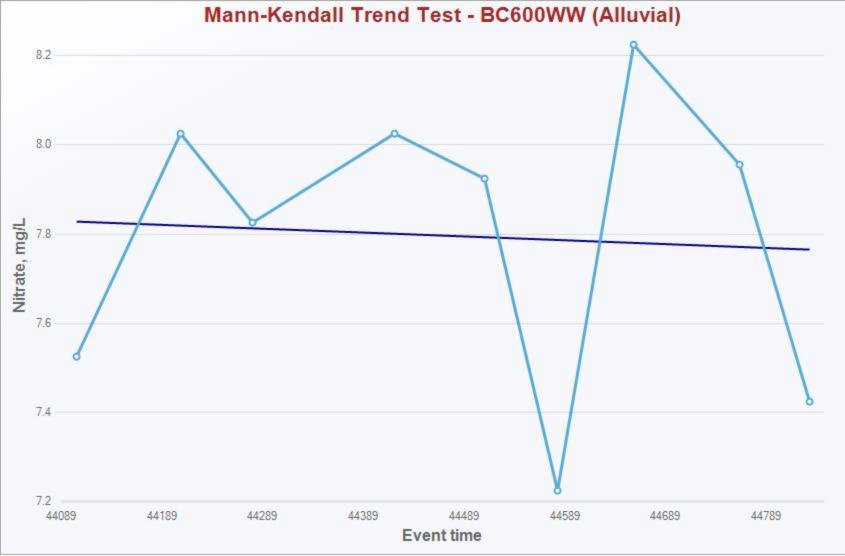
OL

OLS Regression Slope -0.0020 OLS Regression Intercept 102.6942





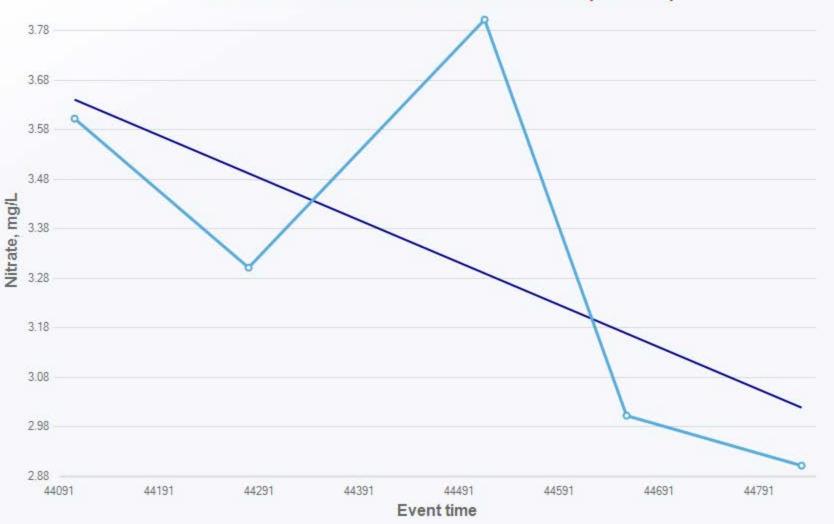




Mann-Kendall Trend Analysis 9 n Confidence Coefficient 0.9500 Level of Significance 0.0500 Standard Deviation of S 9.5394 Standardized Value of S 0.0000 M-K Test Value (S) Tabulated p-value 0.5400 Approximate p-value 0.5000 **OLS Regression Line (Blue)**

OLS Regression Slope -0.0001 OLS Regression Intercept 11.6248

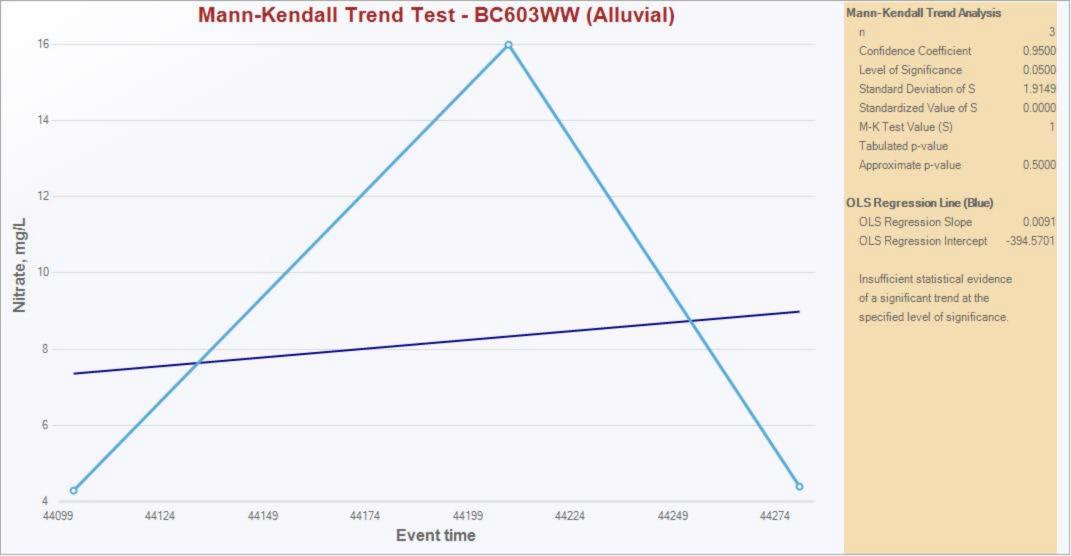
Mann-Kendall Trend Test - BC602WW (Alluvial)



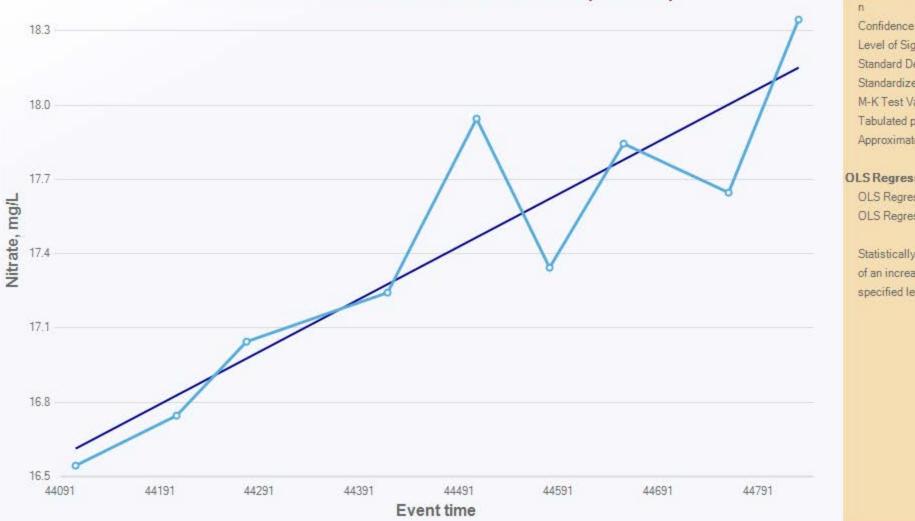
Mann-Kendall Trend Analysis 5 Confidence Coefficient 0.9500 Level of Significance 0.0500 Standard Deviation of S 4.0825 Standardized Value of S -1.2247 M-K Test Value (S) -6 Tabulated p-value 0.1170 Approximate p-value 0.1103 **OLS Regression Line (Blue)** OLS Regression Slope -0.0009 OLS Regression Intercept 41.3671 Insufficient statistical evidence

n

of a significant trend at the specified level of significance.



Mann-Kendall Trend Test - BC604WW (Alluvial)

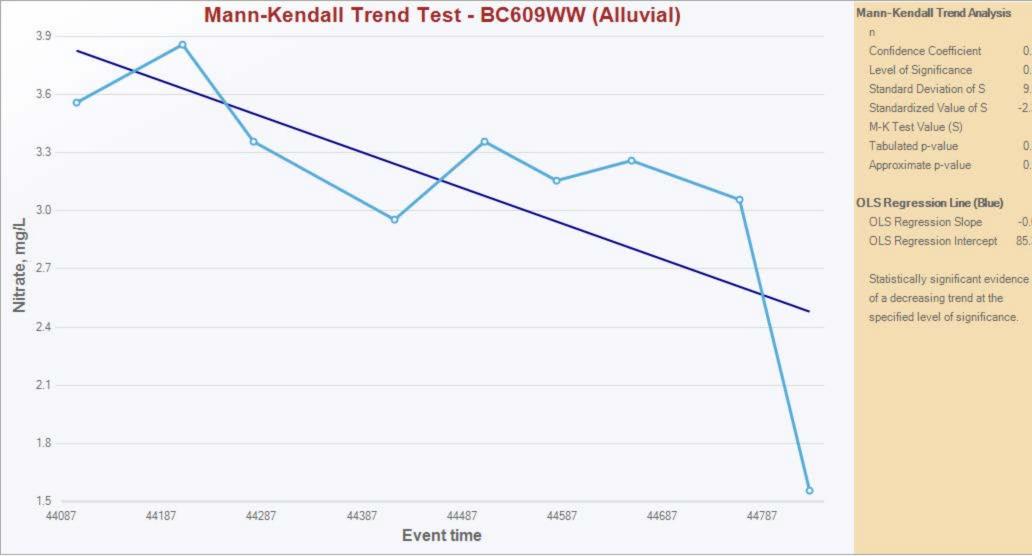


Mann-Kendall Trend Analysis	
n	9
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	9.5917
Standardized Value of S	2.8149
M-K Test Value (S)	28
Tabulated p-value	0.0010
Approximate p-value	0.0024

OLS Regression Line (Blue)

OLS Regression Slope 0.0021 OLS Regression Intercept -77.0427

Statistically significant evidence of an increasing trend at the specified level of significance.



9

0.9500

0.0500

9.5394

-2.3062

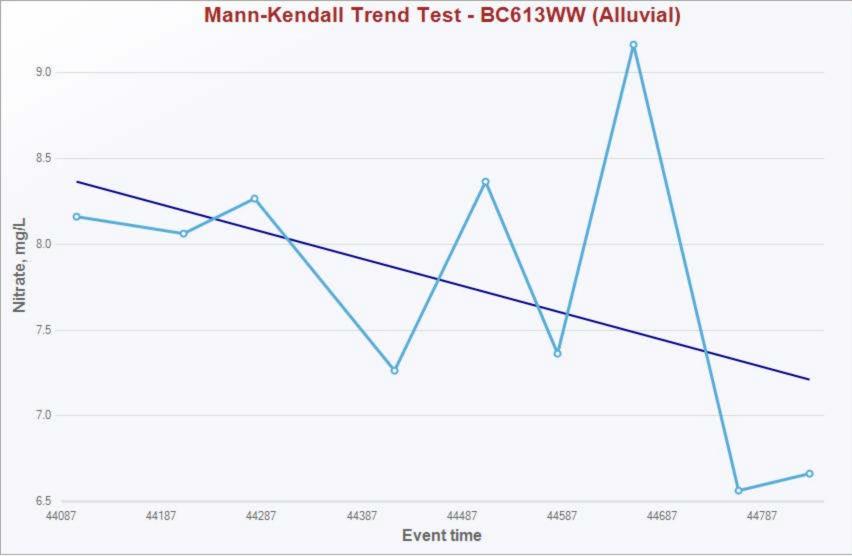
0.0120

0.0105

-0.0018

85.3220

-23

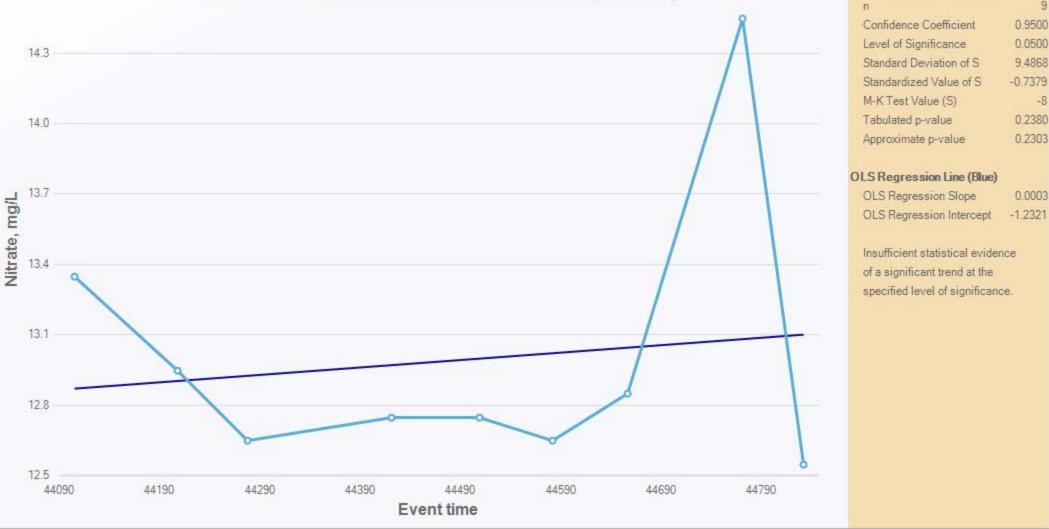


Mann-Kendall Trend Analysi	is
n	9
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	9.5917
Standardized Value of S	-0.7298
M-K Test Value (S)	-8
Tabulated p-value	0.2380
Approximate p-value	0.2328

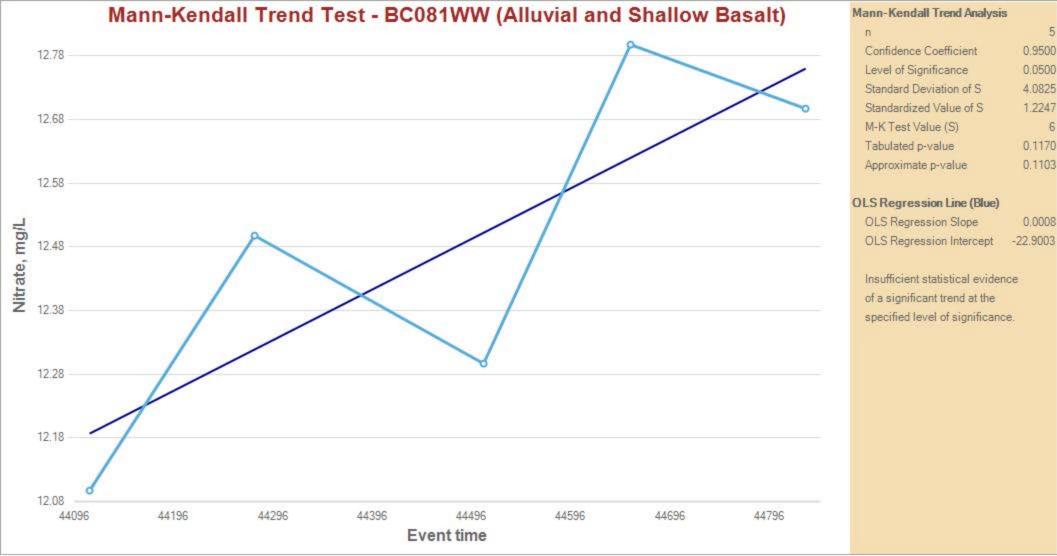
OLS Regression Line (Blue)

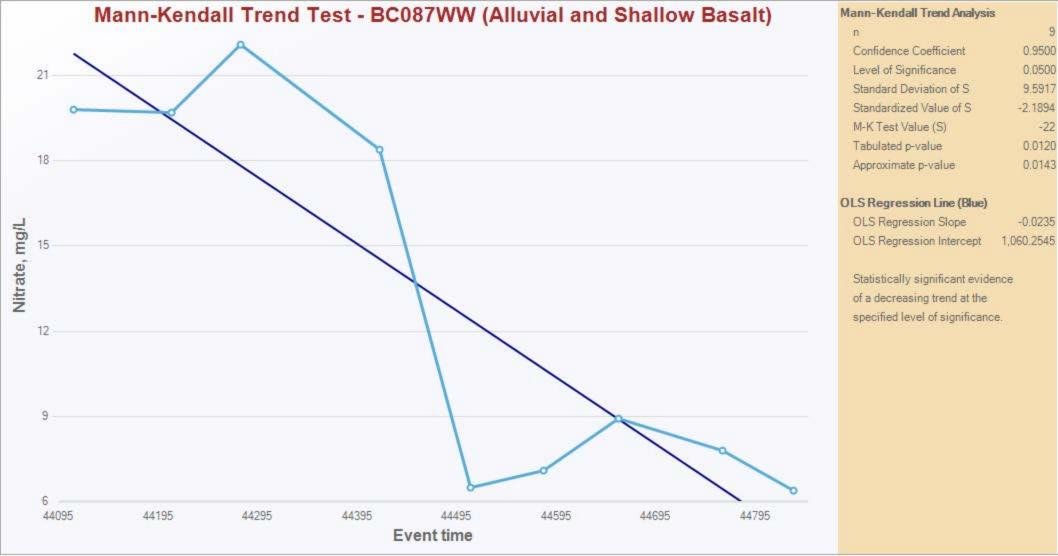
OLS Regression Slope -0.0016 OLS Regression Intercept 78.1259

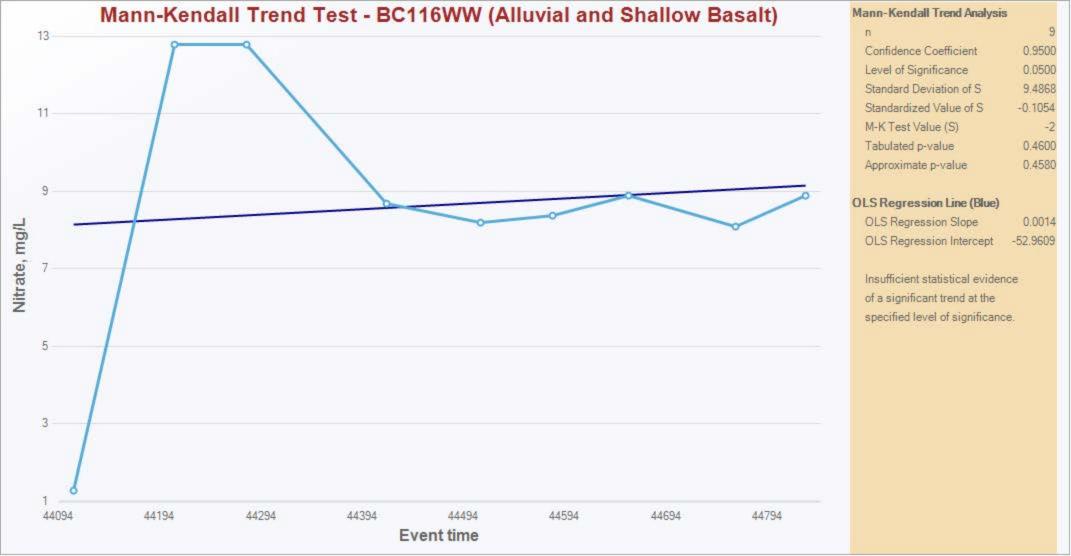
Mann-Kendall Trend Test - BC616WW (Alluvial)



Mann-Kendall Trend Analysis



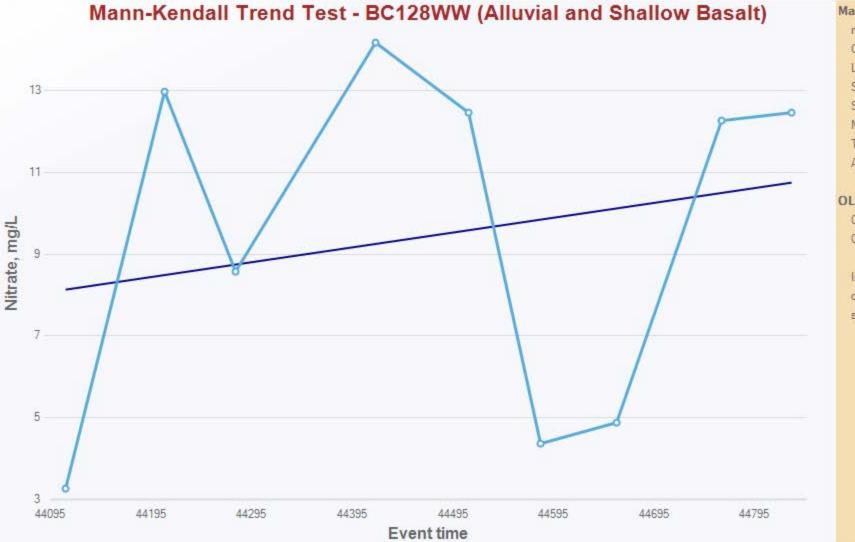




Mann-Kendall Trend Analysis n Confidence Coefficient 0.9500 Level of Significance 0.0500 56 Standard Deviation of S 8.0829 Standardized Value of S 3.0929 M-K Test Value (S) 51 Tabulated p-value 0.0000 Approximate p-value 0.0010 46 OLS Regression Line (Blue) OLS Regression Slope 0.0439 Nitrate, mg/L **OLS Regression Intercept** -1,914.2815 41 Statistically significant evidence of an increasing trend at the specified level of significance. 36 31 26 21 44094 44194 44294 44394 44494 44594 44694 44794 **Event time**

26

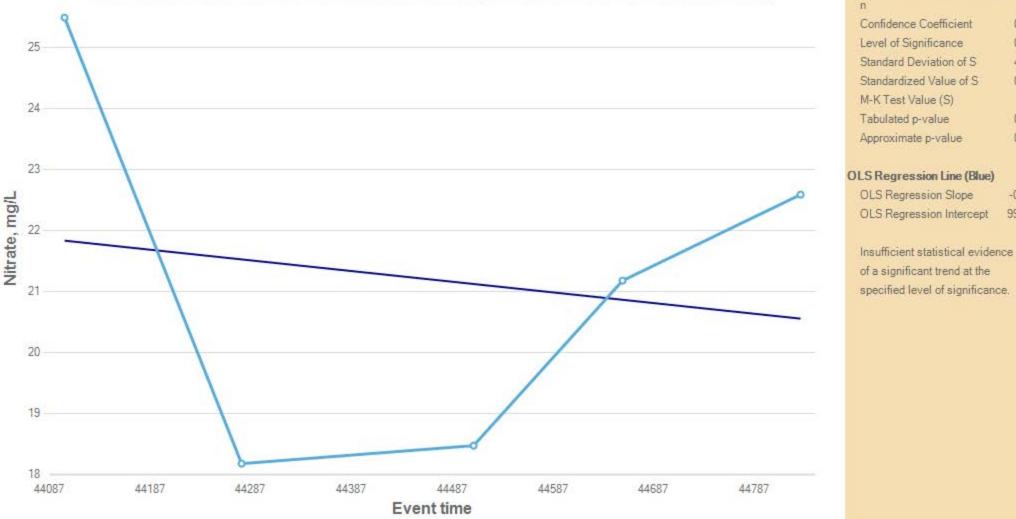
Mann-Kendall Trend Test - BC117WW (Alluvial and Shallow Basalt)



Mann-Kendall Trend Analysis	
n	9
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	9.5394
Standardized Value of S	0.2097
M-K Test Value (S)	3
Tabulated p-value	0.4600
Approximate p-value	0.4170
OLS Regression Line (Blue)	

OLS Regression Slope 0.0037 OLS Regression Intercept -152.9809

Mann-Kendall Trend Test - BC610WW (Alluvial and Shallow Basalt)



Mann-Kendall Trend Analysis

5

0.9500

0.0500

4.0825

0.2449

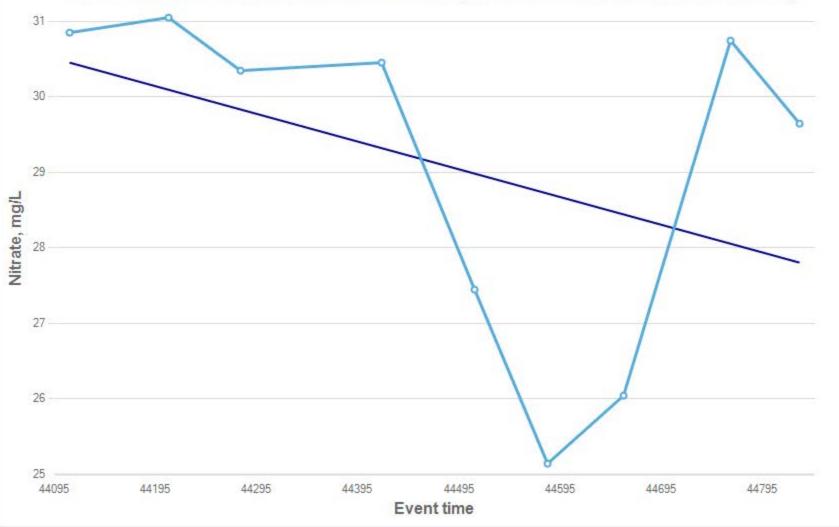
0.4080

0.4032

-0.0018

99.4656

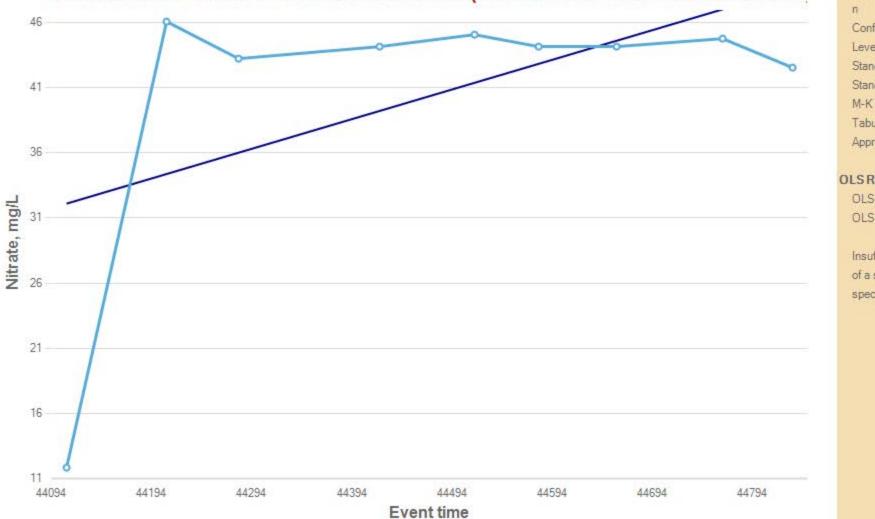
Mann-Kendall Trend Test - BC192WW (Shallow and Intermediate Basalt)



Mann-Kendall Trend Analysis	
n	9
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	9.5917
Standardized Value of S	-1.3553
M-K Test Value (S)	-14
Tabulated p-value	0.0900
Approximate p-value	0.0877
OLS Regression Line (Blue)	
	The second

OLS Regression Slope -0.0037 OLS Regression Intercept 192.6406



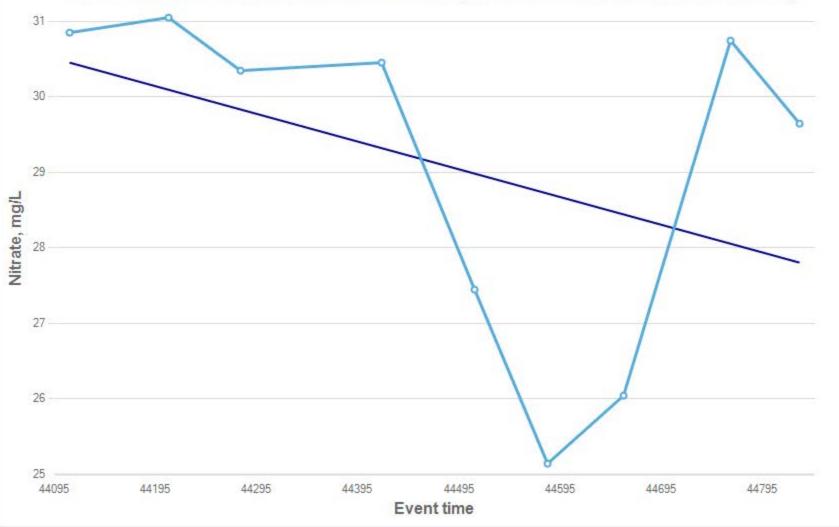


ann-Kendall Trend Analysis	s
n	9
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	9.3986
Standardized Value of S	0.0000
M-K Test Value (S)	1
Tabulated p-value	0.5400
Approximate p-value	0.5000
LS Regression Line (Blue)	
OLS Regression Slope	0.0228
OLS Regression Intercept	-974.6977
Insufficient statistical evider	ice

M

of a significant trend at the specified level of significance.

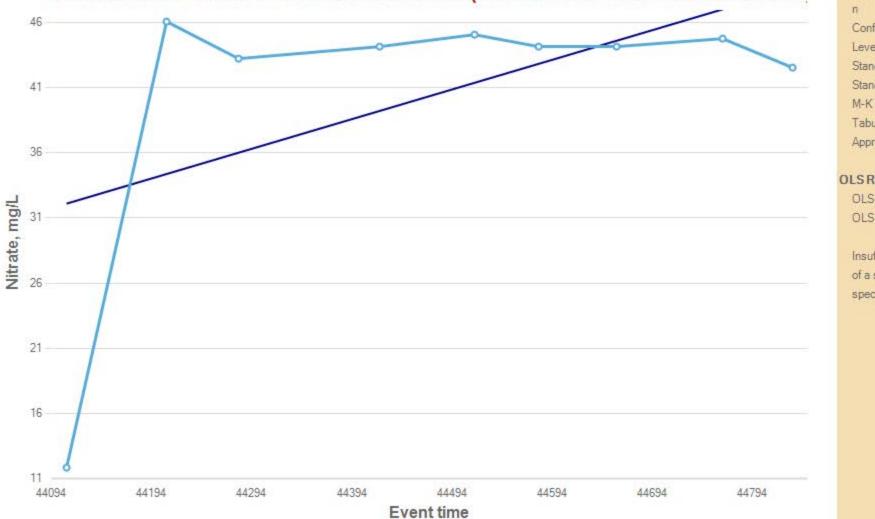
Mann-Kendall Trend Test - BC192WW (Shallow and Intermediate Basalt)



Mann-Kendall Trend Analysis	
n	9
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	9.5917
Standardized Value of S	-1.3553
M-K Test Value (S)	-14
Tabulated p-value	0.0900
Approximate p-value	0.0877
OLS Regression Line (Blue)	
	the second

OLS Regression Slope -0.0037 OLS Regression Intercept 192.6406



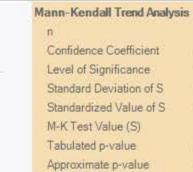


ann-Kendall Trend Analysis	s
n	9
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	9.3986
Standardized Value of S	0.0000
M-K Test Value (S)	1
Tabulated p-value	0.5400
Approximate p-value	0.5000
LS Regression Line (Blue)	
OLS Regression Slope	0.0228
OLS Regression Intercept	-974.6977
Insufficient statistical evider	ice

M

of a significant trend at the specified level of significance.





OLS Regression Line (Blue)

OLS Regression Slope	0.0000
OLS Regression Intercept	9.0761

9

0.9500

0.0500

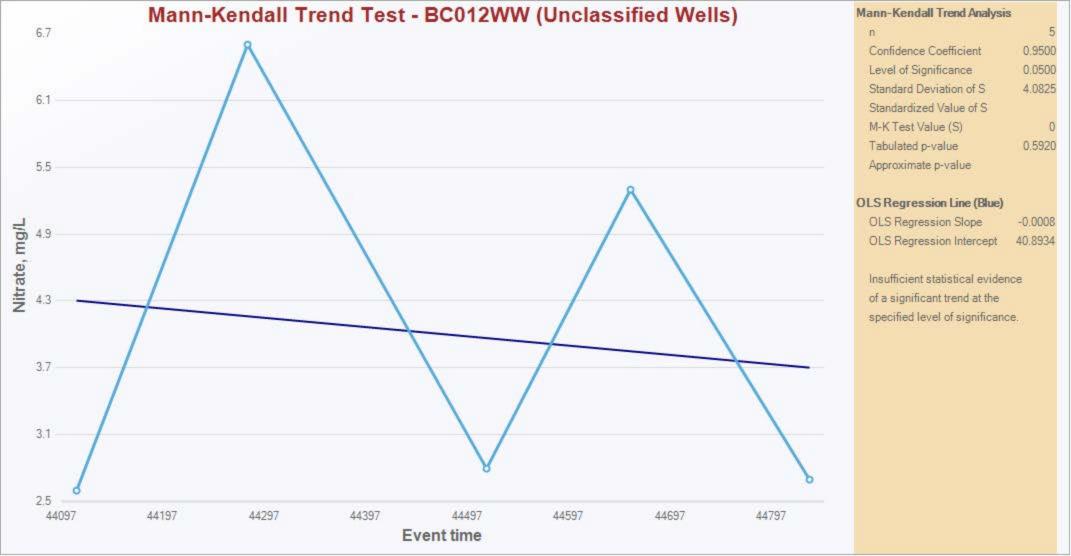
9.5394

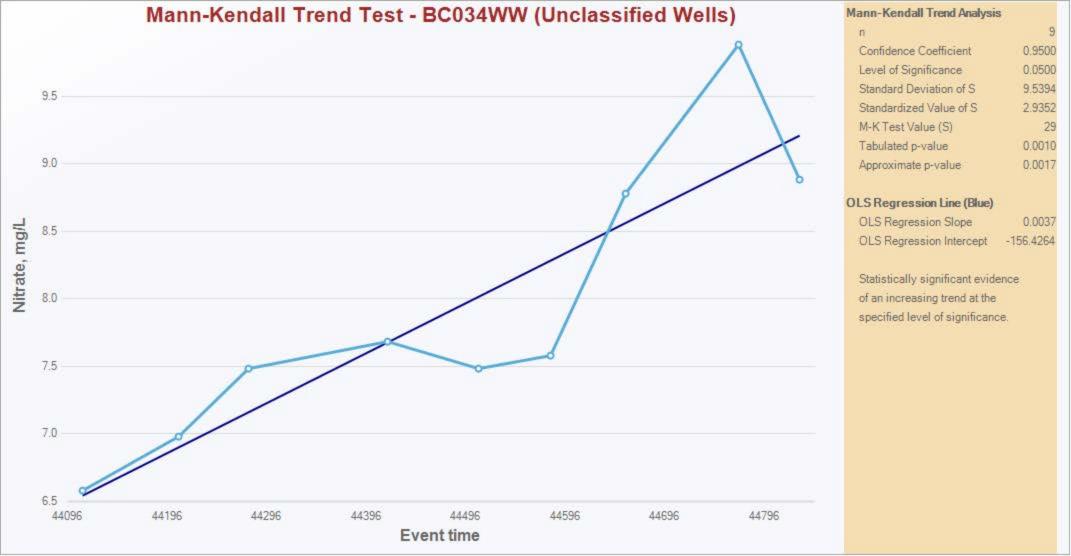
0.0000

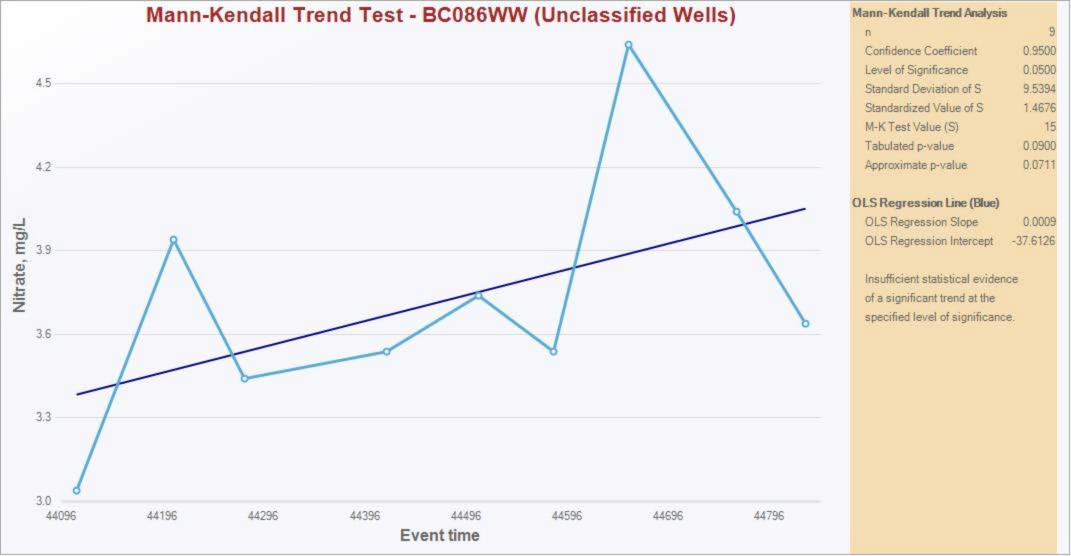
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0.5000

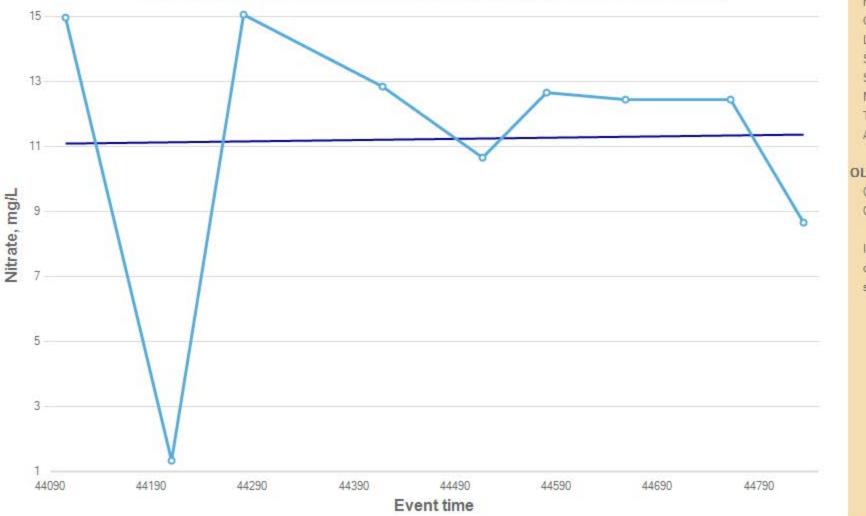
-1











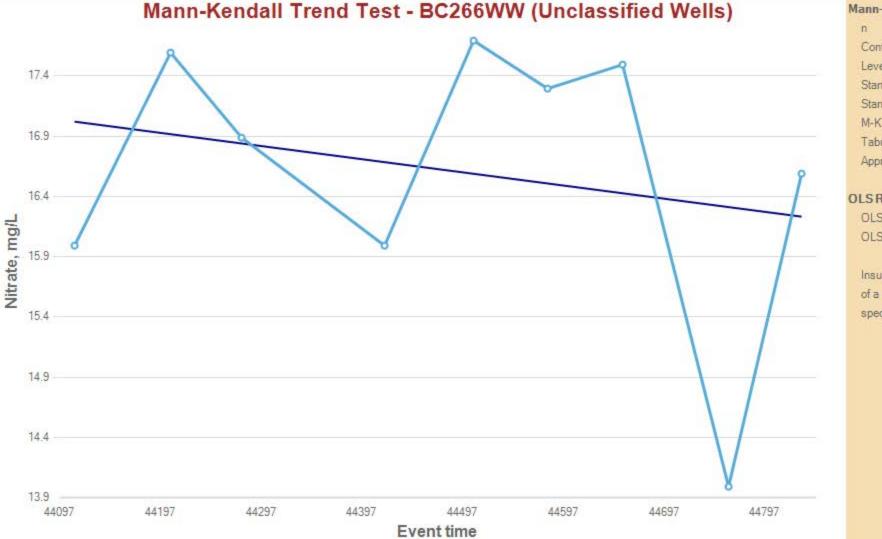
ann-Kendall Trend Analysi	S
n	9
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	9.5394
Standardized Value of S	-1.2579
M-K Test Value (S)	-13
Tabulated p-value	0.1300
Approximate p-value	0.1042

OLS Regression Line (Blue)

M

OLS Regression Slope 0.0004 OLS Regression Intercept -5.0495

Insufficient statistical evidence of a significant trend at the specified level of significance.

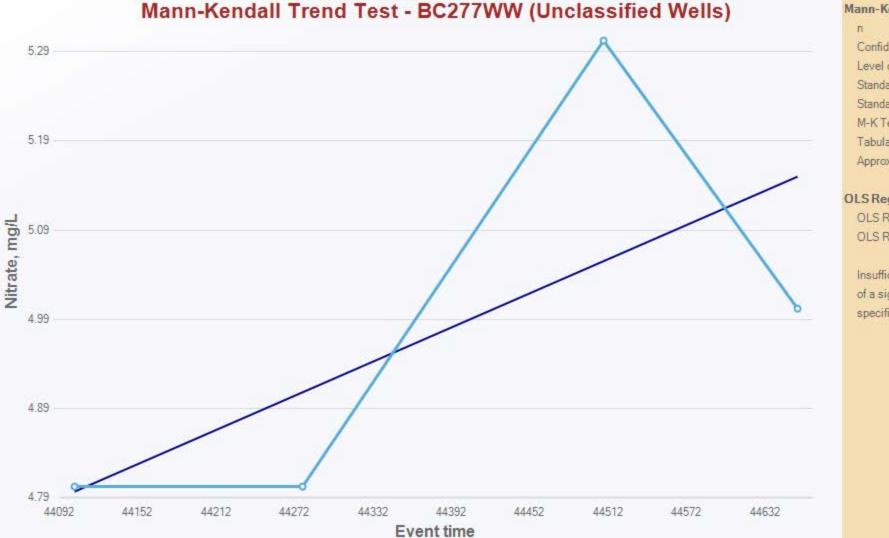


nn-Kendall Trend Analysis	
n	9
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	9.5394
Standardized Value of S	-0.2097
M-K Test Value (S)	-3
Tabulated p-value	0.4600
Approximate p-value	0.4170

OLS Regression Line (Blue)

OLS Regression Slope -0.0011 OLS Regression Intercept 65.3447

Insufficient statistical evidence of a significant trend at the specified level of significance.



n-Kendall Trend Analysis	
	4
nfidence Coefficient	0.9500
vel of Significance	0.0500
andard Deviation of S	2.7689
andardized Value of S	0.7223
K Test Value (S)	3
bulated p-value	0.3750
proximate p-value	0.2351

OLS Regression Line (Blue)

OLS Regression Slope OLS Regression Intercept

0.0006 -23.4222

Insufficient statistical evidence of a significant trend at the specified level of significance.

Mann-Kendall Trend Test - BC279WW (Unclassified Wells) Mann-Kendall Trend Analysis n Confidence Coefficient 13.8 Level of Significance Standard Deviation of S Standardized Value of S M-K Test Value (S) 13.5 Tabulated p-value Approximate p-value 13.2 **OLS Regression Line (Blue)** OLS Regression Slope Nitrate, mg/L OLS Regression Intercept 12.9 Insufficient statistical evidence of a significant trend at the specified level of significance. 12.6 12.3 12.0 -44089 44189 44289 44389 44489 44589 44689 44789 **Event time**

5

0.9500

0.0500

3.9581

0.0000

0.5920

0.5000

-0.0002

24.1709

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н		J	К	L
1			•	Mann-Kenda		st Analysis				•		
2		User Select	ed Options									
3	Dat	te/Time of Co	omputation	ProUCL 5.2	8/3/2023 1:2	26:38 PM						
4			From File	BC022WW.x	ls							
5			II Precision	OFF								
6		Confidence	Coefficient	0.95								
7		Level of S	ignificance	0.05								
8												
9		R	esult-bc022	ww								
10												
11			eneral Statis									
12	١		•	nts Not Used	0							
13				erated Events	9							
14		Nun	nber Values	Reported (n)	9							
15				Minimum	16.4							
16				Maximum	29.6							
17				Mean	21.8							
18			Geo	ometric Mean	21.32							
19				Median	19.4							
20				ard Deviation	4.947							
21			Coefficien	t of Variation	0.227							
22				- .								
23		Ма	ann-Kendall									
24				est Value (S)	10							
25				lated p-value	0.179							
26				Deviation of S	9.592							
27				ed Value of S	0.938							
28			Approxi	mate p-value	0.174							
29			1.1									
30		evidence to	-	-								
31	trend at the	e specified le	evel of signif	licance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
33		R	esult-bc088v	w								
34												
35		Ge	eneral Statist	tics								
36			r of Events F		9							
37		N	umber of Mis	sing Events	0							
38		Number of	or Reported E	Events Used	9							
39		Num	nber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
40				Minimum	14.5							
41				Maximum	16.6							
42				Mean	15.68							
43			Geo	metric Mean	15.67							
44				Median	15.6							
45			Standa	rd Deviation	0.636							
46			Coefficient	of Variation	0.0406							
47												
48		Ма	nn-Kendall 1									
49				est Value (S)	-14							
50				ated p-value	0.09							
51			Standard D	eviation of S	9.592							
52			Standardize	d Value of S	-1.355							
53			Approxir	nate p-value	0.0877							
54												
55			identify a siç									
56	trend at the	specified le	evel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
57		R	esult-bc100v	ww								
58												
59		Ge	eneral Statis	tics								
60		Numbe	er of Events F	Reported (m)	9							
61		N	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
62		Number of	or Reported I	Events Used	9							
63		Num	nber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
64				Minimum	0.7							
65				Maximum	1.2							
66				Mean	0.889							
67			Geo	metric Mean	0.878							
68				Median	0.8							
69			Standa	rd Deviation	0.154							
70			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.173							
71												
72		Ма	nn-Kendall									
73				est Value (S)	9							
74				ated p-value	0.238							
75			Standard D	eviation of S	9.074							
76			Standardize	d Value of S	0.882							
77			Approxir	mate p-value	0.189							
78												
79			identify a sig									
80	trend at the	specified le	evel of signifi	icance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
81		Re	esult-bc125v	w								
82												
83		Ge	eneral Statis	tics								
84		Numbe	r of Events F	Reported (m)	9							
85		N	umber of Mis	sing Events	0							
86		Number o	or Reported I	Events Used	9							
87		Num	nber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
88				Minimum	4.6							
89				Maximum	11.6							
90				Mean	9.211							
91			Geo	metric Mean	8.889							
92				Median	9.3							
93			Standa	rd Deviation	2.354							
94			Coefficient	of Variation	0.256							
95												
96		Ma	nn-Kendall 7	ſest								
97				est Value (S)	-24							
98				ated p-value	0.006							
99			Standard D	eviation of S	9.592							
100			Standardize	d Value of S	-2.398							
101			Approxir	nate p-value	0.00824							
102												
103 ^{\$}	Statistically	significant e	evidence of a	a decreasing								
104 t	rend at the	specified lev	vel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L
105		Re	sult-bc127v	w								
106												
107		Ge	neral Statist	lics								
108		Number	of Events F	Reported (m)	9							
109		Νι	umber of Mis	sing Events	0							
110		Number o	r Reported E	Events Used	9							
111		Num	ber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
112				Minimum	4.2							
113				Maximum	23.4							
114				Mean	11.43							
115			Geo	metric Mean	9.703							
116				Median	10.2							
117			Standa	rd Deviation	6.9							
118			Coefficient	of Variation	0.603							
119												
120		Mar	nn-Kendall 1	ſest								
121			M-K Te	est Value (S)	36							
122			Tabul	ated p-value	0							
123			Standard D	eviation of S	9.592							
124		:	Standardize	d Value of S	3.649							
125			Approxin	nate p-value	1.3163E-4							
126												
₁₂₇ S	statistically	significant e	vidence of a	an increasing								
	rend at the	specified lev	el of signific	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L
129		Re	sult-bc151v	w								
130												
131		Ge	neral Statist	ics								
132		Number	of Events F	Reported (m)	9							
133		Νι	umber of Mis	sing Events	0							
134		Number o	r Reported E	Events Used	9							
135		Num	ber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
136				Minimum	6.2							
137				Maximum	9							
138				Mean	7.7							
139			Geo	metric Mean	7.635							
140				Median	8							
141			Standa	rd Deviation	1.043							
142			Coefficient	of Variation	0.135							
143												
144		Mar	nn-Kendall 1	est								
145			M-K Te	est Value (S)	31							
146			Tabul	ated p-value	0							
147			Standard D	eviation of S	9.539							
148		:	Standardize	d Value of S	3.145							
149			Approxir	nate p-value	8.3085E-4							
150												
₁₅₁ S	statistically	significant e	vidence of a	n increasing	J							
152 tr	rend at the	specified lev	el of signific	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
153		Re	esult-bc184v	w								
154												
155		Ge	eneral Statist	tics								
156		Numbe	r of Events F	Reported (m)	9							
157		N	umber of Mis	sing Events	0							
158		Number o	or Reported E	Events Used	9							
159		Num	nber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
160				Minimum	15.1							
161				Maximum	21							
162				Mean	19.06							
163			Geo	metric Mean	18.97							
164				Median	19.4							
165			Standa	rd Deviation	1.823							
166			Coefficient	of Variation	0.0957							
167												
168		Ma	nn-Kendall 1	ſest								
169				est Value (S)	-5							
170				ated p-value	0.381							
171				eviation of S	9.539							
172			Standardize	d Value of S	-0.419							
173			Approxir	nate p-value	0.337							
174												
175												
176	trend at the	specified le	evel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
177		Re	esult-bc194v	w								
178												
179		Ge	neral Statist	tics								
180		Numbe	r of Events F	Reported (m)	9							
181		N	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
182		Number o	or Reported E	Events Used	9							
183		Num	nber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
184				Minimum	11.4							
185				Maximum	14.3							
186				Mean	13.17							
187			Geo	metric Mean	13.12							
188				Median	13.5							
189			Standa	rd Deviation	1.101							
190			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.0836							
191												
192		Mai	nn-Kendall 1	ſest								
193			M-K Te	est Value (S)	-15							
194			Tabul	ated p-value	0.09							
195			Standard D	eviation of S	9.399							
196			Standardize	d Value of S	-1.49							
197			Approxir	nate p-value	0.0682							
198												
199	Insufficient e	evidence to i	identify a sig	gnificant								
200	trend at the	specified le	vel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
201		Re	esult-bc246v	w								
202												
203		Ge	neral Statis	tics								
204		Number	r of Events F	Reported (m)	9							
205		Nu	umber of Mis	sing Events	0							
206		Number o	or Reported I	Events Used	9							
207		Num	ber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
208				Minimum	1.3							
209				Maximum	5.2							
210				Mean	2.044							
211			Geo	metric Mean	1.838							
212				Median	1.5							
213			Standa	rd Deviation	1.238							
214			Coefficient	of Variation	0.606							
215												
216		Mar	nn-Kendall	ſest								
217				est Value (S)	-9							
218				ated p-value	0.238							
219			Standard D	eviation of S	9.399							
220			Standardize	d Value of S	-0.851							
221			Approxir	nate p-value	0.197							
222												
223	Insufficient of	evidence to i	identify a sig	nificant								
224	trend at the	specified lev	vel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
225		Re	esult-bc254v	w								
226												
227		Ge	neral Statis	tics								
228		Number	r of Events F	Reported (m)	9							
229		Nu	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
230		Number o	or Reported I	Events Used	9							
231		Num	ber Values	Reported (n)	9							
232				Minimum	1.5							
233				Maximum	18.7							
234				Mean	15.5							
235			Geo	metric Mean	13.12							
236				Median	16.8							
237			Standa	rd Deviation	5.401							
238			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.348							
239												
240		Mar	nn-Kendall	Fest								
241				est Value (S)	6							
242				ated p-value	0.306							
243			Standard D	eviation of S	9.592							
244			Standardize	d Value of S	0.521							
245			Approxir	nate p-value	0.301							
246												
247	Insufficient of	evidence to i	dentify a sig	gnificant								
248	trend at the	specified le	vel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
249		Re	esult-bc268v	w								
250												
251		Ge	neral Statist	tics								
252		Number	r of Events F	Reported (m)	9							
253		Nu	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
254		Number o	or Reported E	Events Used	9							
255		Num	iber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
256				Minimum	2.7							
257				Maximum	4.9							
258				Mean	3.378							
259			Geo	metric Mean	3.31							
260				Median	2.9							
261			Standa	rd Deviation	0.756							
262			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.224							
263												
264		Mar	nn-Kendall 1	Fest								
265			M-K Te	est Value (S)	8							
266				ated p-value	0.238							
267			Standard D	eviation of S	9.487							
268			Standardize	d Value of S	0.738							
269			Approxir	nate p-value	0.23							
270												
271	Insufficient of	evidence to i	dentify a sig	gnificant								
272	trend at the	specified le	vel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L
273		R	Result-bc273v	w								
274												
275		G	eneral Statist	lics								
276		Numbe	er of Events F	Reported (m)	2							
277		Ν	Number of Mis	sing Events	0							
278		Number	or Reported E	Events Used	2							
279		Nur	mber Values I	Reported (n)	2							
280				Minimum	13.4							
281				Maximum	13.7							
282				Mean	13.55							
283			Geo	metric Mean	13.55							
284				Median	13.55							
285			Standa	rd Deviation	0.212							
286			Coefficient	of Variation	0.0157							
287				Not enoug	h reported	values (n) t	o provide Ma	ann-Kendall	Statistics!			
288												

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L
289		Re	esult-bc600v	w								
290												
291		Ge	neral Statis	tics								
292		Number	r of Events F	Reported (m)	9							
293		Nu	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
294		Number o	or Reported I	Events Used	9							
295		Num	ber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
296				Minimum	7.2							
297				Maximum	8.2							
298				Mean	7.77							
299			Geo	metric Mean	7.764							
300				Median	7.9							
301			Standa	rd Deviation	0.33							
302			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.0424							
303												
304		Mar	nn-Kendall 7	ſest								
305			M-K Te	est Value (S)	-1							
306			Tabul	ated p-value	0.54							
307			Standard D	eviation of S	9.539							
308			Standardize	d Value of S	0							
309			Approxir	nate p-value	0.5							
310												
311	Insufficient of	evidence to i	identify a sig	gnificant								
312	trend at the	specified le	vel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
313		Re	esult-bc602v	w								
314												
315		Ge	neral Statis	tics								
316		Numbe	r of Events F	Reported (m)	5							
317		N	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
318		Number o	or Reported I	Events Used	5							
319		Num	ber Values I	Reported (n)	5							
320				Minimum	2.9							
321				Maximum	3.8							
322				Mean	3.32							
323			Geo	metric Mean	3.302							
324				Median	3.3							
325				rd Deviation	0.383							
326			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.115							
327												
328		Mai	nn-Kendall									
329				est Value (S)	-6							
330				ated p-value	0.117							
331			Standard D	eviation of S	4.082							
332			Standardize	d Value of S	-1.225							
333			Approxir	nate p-value	0.11							
334												
335	Insufficient of	evidence to i	identify a sig	gnificant								
336	trend at the	specified le	vel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
337		Re	esult-bc603v	w								
338												
339		Ge	eneral Statis	tics								
340		Numbe	r of Events F	Reported (m)	3							
341		N	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
342		Number o	or Reported I	Events Used	3							
343		Num	nber Values I	Reported (n)	3							
344				Minimum	4.7							
345				Maximum	16.4							
346				Mean	8.633							
347			Geo	metric Mean	7.179							
348				Median	4.8							
349			Standa	rd Deviation	6.726							
350			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.779							
351												
352		Ma	nn-Kendall 7	ſest								
353			M-K Te	est Value (S)	1							
354			Tabul	ated p-value	N/A							
355			Standard D	eviation of S	1.915							
356			Standardize	d Value of S	0							
357			Approxir	nate p-value	0.5							
358												
359	Insufficient	evidence to	identify a sig	gnificant								
360	trend at the	specified le	evel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
361		Re	esult-bc604v	w								
362												
363		Ge	eneral Statis	tics								
364				Reported (m)	9							
365		N	umber of Mis	sing Events	0							
366		Number o	or Reported I	Events Used	9							
367		Num	nber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
368				Minimum	16.5							
369				Maximum	18.3							
370				Mean	17.37							
371			Geo	metric Mean	17.36							
372				Median	17.3							
373			Standa	rd Deviation	0.587							
374			Coefficient	of Variation	0.0338							
375												
376		Ma	nn-Kendall	ſest								
377				est Value (S)	28							
378				ated p-value	0.001							
379			Standard D	eviation of S	9.592							
380			Standardize	d Value of S	2.815							
381			Approxir	nate p-value	0.00244							
382												
				an increasing								
		specified lev										

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L
385		Re	sult-bc609v	w								
386												
387		Ge	neral Statis	tics								
388		Number	of Events F	Reported (m)	9							
389		Νι	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
390		Number o	r Reported I	Events Used	9							
391		Num	ber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
392				Minimum	1.6							
393				Maximum	3.9							
394				Mean	3.167							
395			Geo	metric Mean	3.088							
396				Median	3.3							
397			Standa	rd Deviation	0.646							
398			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.204							
399												
400		Mar	nn-Kendall	ſest								
401			M-K Te	est Value (S)	-23							
402				ated p-value	0.012							
403			Standard D	eviation of S	9.539							
404			Standardize	d Value of S	-2.306							
405			Approxir	nate p-value	0.0105							
406												
₄₀₇ S	Statistically	significant e	vidence of a	a decreasing								
408 tr	rend at the	specified lev	el of signifie	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
409		Re	esult-bc613	w								
410												
411		Ge	neral Statis	tics								
412		Number	r of Events F	Reported (m)	9							
413		Nu	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
414		Number o	or Reported I	Events Used	9							
415		Num	ber Values	Reported (n)	9							
416				Minimum	6.6							
417				Maximum	9.2							
418				Mean	7.8							
419			Geo	metric Mean	7.758							
420				Median	8.1							
421			Standa	rd Deviation	0.857							
422			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.11							
423												
424		Mar	nn-Kendall	ſest								
425			M-K Te	est Value (S)	-8							
426			Tabul	ated p-value	0.238							
427			Standard D	eviation of S	9.592							
428			Standardize	d Value of S	-0.73							
429			Approxir	nate p-value	0.233							
430												
431	Insufficient	evidence to i	dentify a sig	gnificant								
432	trend at the	specified le	vel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L
433		R	esult-bc616v	ww								
434												
435		Ge	eneral Statis	tics								
436				Reported (m)	9							
437		Ν	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
438				Events Used	9							
439		Num	nber Values	Reported (n)	9							
440				Minimum	12.5							
441				Maximum	14.4							
442				Mean	12.94							
443			Geo	metric Mean	12.93							
444				Median	12.7							
445			Standa	rd Deviation	0.594							
446			Coefficien	t of Variation	0.0459							
447												
448		Ма	nn-Kendall									
449				est Value (S)	-8							
450			Tabul	ated p-value	0.238							
451			Standard D	eviation of S	9.487							
452			Standardize	d Value of S	-0.738							
453			Approxir	nate p-value	0.23							
454												
455	Insufficient of	evidence to	identify a sig	gnificant								
456	trend at the	specified le	evel of signif	icance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	I	J	К	L
1		,	-	Mann-Kenda	all Trend Te	st Analysis	-	-	-	Ŧ	-	,
2		User Select	ed Options									
3	Da	ate/Time of Co	-	ProUCL 5.2	4/10/2023 1	2:31:47 PM						
4			From File	Data_c.xls								
5			II Precision	OFF								
6		Confidence		0.95								
7		Level of S	ignificance	0.05								
8												
9		R	esult-bc081	ww								
10												
11			eneral Statis									
12				Reported (m)	5							
13				ssing Events	0							
14			-	Events Used	5							
15		Nun	nber Values	Reported (n)	5							
16				Minimum	12.1							
17				Maximum	12.8							
18				Mean	12.48							
19			Geo	metric Mean	12.48							
20				Median	12.5							
21				ard Deviation	0.286							
22			Coefficien	t of Variation	0.0229							
23												
24		Ma	nn-Kendall									
25				est Value (S)	6							
26				ated p-value	0.117							
27				eviation of S	4.082							
28				ed Value of S	1.225							
29			Approxir	mate p-value	0.11							
30												
31		t evidence to		-								
32	trend at th	e specified le	evel of signif	icance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
33		R	esult-bc087	ww								
34												
35		Ge	eneral Statis	tics								
36				Reported (m)	9							
37				ssing Events	0							
38			-	Events Used	9							
39		Nun	nber Values	Reported (n)	9							
40				Minimum	6.5							
41				Maximum	22.2							
42				Mean	13.07							
43			Geo	metric Mean	11.52							
44				Median	9.03							
45			Standa	rd Deviation	6.776							
46			Coefficien	t of Variation	0.518							
47												
48		Ma	nn-Kendall									
49				est Value (S)	-22							
50				ated p-value	0.012							
51			Standard D	eviation of S	9.592							
52			Standardize	d Value of S	-2.189							
53			Approxir	mate p-value	0.0143							
54												
55				a decreasing								
56	trend at the	specified le	vel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
57		R	esult-bc116v	w								
58												
59		Ge	eneral Statist	tics								
60			r of Events F		9							
61		N	umber of Mis	sing Events	0							
62		Number of	or Reported E	Events Used	9							
63		Num	nber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
64				Minimum	1.6							
65				Maximum	13.1							
66				Mean	8.978							
67			Geo	metric Mean	7.971							
68				Median	9							
69				rd Deviation	3.338							
70			Coefficient	of Variation	0.372							
71												
72		Ма	nn-Kendall 1	ſest								
73				est Value (S)	-2							
74				ated p-value	0.46							
75			Standard D	eviation of S	9.487							
76			Standardize	d Value of S	-0.105							
77			Approxir	nate p-value	0.458							
78												
79	Insufficient e	evidence to	identify a sig	nificant								
80	trend at the	specified le	evel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
81		Re	esult-bc117v	w								
82												
83		Ge	eneral Statis	tics								
84		Numbe	r of Events F	Reported (m)	8							
85		N	umber of Mis	sing Events	0							
86		Number o	or Reported I	Events Used	8							
87		Num	nber Values I	Reported (n)	8							
88				Minimum	21.7							
89				Maximum	59							
90				Mean	36.19							
91			Geo	metric Mean	34.48							
92				Median	32.25							
93			Standa	rd Deviation	12.34							
94			Coefficient	of Variation	0.341							
95												
96		Ma	nn-Kendall 7	ſest								
97			M-K Te	est Value (S)	26							
98			Tabul	ated p-value	0							
99			Standard D	eviation of S	8.083							
100			Standardize	d Value of S	3.093							
101			Approxir	nate p-value	9.9089E-4							
102												
103	Statistically	significant e	evidence of a	an increasing]							
		specified lev										

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L
105		Re	sult-bc128v	w								
106												
107		Ge	neral Statist	tics								
108		Number	r of Events F	Reported (m)	9							
109		Nu	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
110		Number o	r Reported E	Events Used	9							
111		Num	ber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
112				Minimum	3.4							
113				Maximum	14.3							
114				Mean	9.622							
115			Geo	metric Mean	8.555							
116				Median	12.4							
117			Standa	rd Deviation	4.281							
118			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.445							
119												
120		Mar	nn-Kendall 1	Fest								
121				est Value (S)	3							
122				ated p-value	0.46							
123			Standard D	eviation of S	9.539							
124			Standardize	d Value of S	0.21							
125			Approxir	nate p-value	0.417							
126												
127	Insufficient of	evidence to i	dentify a sig	gnificant								
128	trend at the	specified le	vel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
129		Re	esult-bc610v	ww								
130												
131		Ge	neral Statis	tics								
132		Number	r of Events F	Reported (m)	5							
133		Nu	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
134		Number o	or Reported I	Events Used	5							
135		Num	ber Values I	Reported (n)	5							
136				Minimum	18							
137				Maximum	25.3							
138				Mean	21							
139			Geo	metric Mean	20.83							
140				Median	21							
141			Standa	rd Deviation	3.031							
142			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.144							
143												
144		Mar	nn-Kendall	Fest								
145				est Value (S)	2							
146				ated p-value	0.408							
147			Standard D	eviation of S	4.082							
148			Standardize	d Value of S	0.245							
149			Approxir	nate p-value	0.403							
150												
151	Insufficient	evidence to i	identify a sig	gnificant								
152	trend at the	specified le	vel of signifi	icance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н		J	К	L				
1		-	,	Mann-Kenda	all Trend Te	st Analysis	-	-	-	,	-	-				
2		User Selecte	ed Options													
3	Da	ate/Time of Co	•	ProUCL 5.2	4/10/2023 1	2:18:09 PM										
4			From File	Data_b.xls												
5			II Precision	OFF												
6		Confidence	Coefficient	0.95												
7		Level of S	ignificance	0.05	0.05											
8																
9		R	esult-bc232	ww												
10																
11			eneral Statis													
12				Reported (m)	9											
13				ssing Events	0											
14				Events Used	9											
15		Nun	nber Values	Reported (n)	9											
16				Minimum	6.4											
17				Maximum	8.2											
18				Mean	7.167											
19			Geo	ometric Mean	7.148											
20				Median	7.3											
21				ard Deviation	0.559											
22			Coefficien	t of Variation	0.078											
23				_												
24		Ma	nn-Kendall													
25				est Value (S)	-19											
26				lated p-value	0.038											
27				eviation of S	9.539											
28				ed Value of S	-1.887											
29			Approxir	mate p-value	0.0296											
30	.															
31				a decreasing												
32	trend at the	e specified le	vel of signifi	cance.												

	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
33		Re	esult-bc239v	ww								
34												
35		Ge	eneral Statis	tics								
36				Reported (m)	9							
37				ssing Events	0							
38				Events Used	9							
39		Nurr	nber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
40				Minimum	4.3							
41				Maximum	6.2							
42				Mean	5.467							
43			Geo	metric Mean	5.428							
44				Median	5.4							
45				rd Deviation	0.673							
46			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.123							
47												
48		Ma	nn-Kendall									
49				est Value (S)	-14							
50				ated p-value	0.09							
51			Standard D	eviation of S	9.487							
52			Standardize	d Value of S	-1.37							
53			Approxir	nate p-value	0.0853							
54												
55												
56	trend at the	specified le	vel of signifi	icance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
57		Re	esult-bc240v	w								
58												
59		Ge	eneral Statist	tics								
60				Reported (m)	9							
61		N	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
62		Number o	or Reported E	Events Used	9							
63		Num	nber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
64				Minimum	3.8							
65				Maximum	7.4							
66				Mean	5.7							
67			Geo	metric Mean	5.568							
68				Median	5.7							
69				rd Deviation	1.277							
70			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.224							
71												
72		Ma	nn-Kendall 1	Fest								
73				est Value (S)	18							
74				ated p-value	0.038							
75			Standard D	eviation of S	9.592							
76			Standardize	d Value of S	1.772							
77			Approxir	nate p-value	0.0382							
78												
79				an increasing								
80	trend at the	specified lev	vel of signific	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
81		R	esult-bc605v	w								
82												
83		Ge	eneral Statis	tics								
84		Numbe	er of Events F	Reported (m)	9							
85		N	umber of Mis	sing Events	0							
86		Number of	or Reported I	Events Used	9							
87		Num	nber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
88				Minimum	5.3							
89				Maximum	20.9							
90				Mean	12.28							
91			Geo	metric Mean	10.85							
92				Median	12							
93			Standa	rd Deviation	6.073							
94			Coefficient	of Variation	0.495							
95												
96		Ма	nn-Kendall	ſest								
97			M-K Te	est Value (S)	-8							
98			Tabul	ated p-value	0.238							
99			Standard D	eviation of S	9.592							
100			Standardize	d Value of S	-0.73							
101			Approxir	nate p-value	0.233							
102												
103	Insufficient of	evidence to	identify a sig	nificant								
104	trend at the	specified le	evel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L
105		Re	sult-bc606v	w								
106												
107		Ge	neral Statist	tics								
108		Number	r of Events F	Reported (m)	9							
109		Nu	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
110		Number o	r Reported E	Events Used	9							
111		Num	ber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
112				Minimum	4.8							
113				Maximum	5.6							
114				Mean	5.167							
115			Geo	metric Mean	5.161							
116				Median	5.2							
117			Standa	rd Deviation	0.265							
118			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.0512							
119												
120		Mar	nn-Kendall 1	Fest								
121			M-K Te	est Value (S)	8							
122				ated p-value	0.238							
123			Standard D	eviation of S	9.487							
124			Standardize	d Value of S	0.738							
125			Approxir	nate p-value	0.23							
126												
127	Insufficient of	evidence to i	dentify a sig	gnificant								
128	trend at the	specified le	vel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
129		Re	esult-bc607v	w								
130												
131		Ge	eneral Statis	tics								
132		Numbe	r of Events F	Reported (m)	9							
133		N	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
134		Number o	or Reported I	Events Used	9							
135		Num	nber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
136				Minimum	12.9							
137				Maximum	23.4							
138				Mean	18.62							
139			Geo	metric Mean	18.23							
140				Median	17.9							
141			Standa	rd Deviation	3.98							
142			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.214							
143												
144		Ma	nn-Kendall 7	ſest								
145				est Value (S)	-24							
146				ated p-value	0.006							
147			Standard D	eviation of S	9.592							
148			Standardize	d Value of S	-2.398							
149			Approxir	nate p-value	0.00824							
150												
131				a decreasing								
152 ^{ti}	rend at the	specified lev	vel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
153		Re	esult-bc608v	w								
154												
155		Ge	eneral Statis	tics								
156		Numbe	r of Events F	Reported (m)	9							
157		N	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
158		Number o	or Reported I	Events Used	9							
159		Num	nber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
160				Minimum	4.6							
161				Maximum	8.3							
162				Mean	6.989							
163			Geo	metric Mean	6.871							
164				Median	7.6							
165			Standa	rd Deviation	1.295							
166			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.185							
167												
168		Ma	nn-Kendall 7	ſest								
169			M-K Te	est Value (S)	19							
170			Tabul	ated p-value	0.038							
171			Standard D	eviation of S	9.539							
172			Standardize	d Value of S	1.887							
173			Approxir	nate p-value	0.0296							
174												
₁₇₅ S	tatistically	significant e	evidence of a	an increasing								
176 tr	end at the	specified lev	vel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
177		Re	esult-bc611v	w								
178												
179		Ge	eneral Statist	tics								
180		Numbe	r of Events F	Reported (m)	8							
181		N	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
182		Number o	or Reported E	Events Used	8							
183		Num	nber Values I	Reported (n)	8							
184				Minimum	14.2							
185				Maximum	17.3							
186				Mean	16.08							
187			Geo	metric Mean	16.05							
188				Median	16.2							
189			Standa	rd Deviation	0.91							
190			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.0566							
191												
192		Ma	nn-Kendall 1	Fest								
193				est Value (S)	0							
194				ated p-value	0.548							
195			Standard D	eviation of S	8.083							
196			Standardize	d Value of S	N/A							
197			Approxir	nate p-value	N/A							
198												
199	Insufficient e	evidence to	identify a sig	gnificant								
200	trend at the	specified le	vel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L
201		Re	sult-bc612v	w								
202												
203		Ge	neral Statis	tics								
204		Number	r of Events F	Reported (m)	9							
205		Nu	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
206		Number o	r Reported I	Events Used	9							
207		Num	ber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
208				Minimum	3.1							
209				Maximum	18.7							
210				Mean	7.043							
211			Geo	metric Mean	5.831							
212				Median	5.5							
213			Standa	rd Deviation	5.225							
214			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.742							
215												
216		Mar	nn-Kendall	Fest								
217				est Value (S)	30							
218				ated p-value	0							
219			Standard D	eviation of S	9.592							
220			Standardize	d Value of S	3.023							
221			Approxir	nate p-value	0.00125							
222												
₂₂₃ S	statistically	significant e	vidence of a	an increasing								
	rend at the	specified lev	el of signifie	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	1	J	К	L
1			-	Mann-Kenda	all Trend Te	st Analysis	-	-			-	
2		User Selecte	ed Options									
3	Da	ate/Time of Co	-	ProUCL 5.2	4/10/2023 1	2:44:08 PM						
4			From File	Data_e.xls								
5		Ful	II Precision	OFF								
6		Confidence	Coefficient	0.95								
7		Level of S	ignificance	0.05								
8												
9		R	esult-bc192	ww								
10												
11			eneral Statis									
12				Reported (m)	9							
13				ssing Events	0							
14			-	Events Used	9							
15		Nun	nber Values	Reported (n)	9							
16				Minimum	24.9							
17				Maximum	30.8							
18				Mean	28.83							
19			Geo	metric Mean	28.75							
20				Median	30.1							
21				ard Deviation	2.261							
22			Coefficien	t of Variation	0.0784							
23												
24		Ma	nn-Kendall ⁻									
25				est Value (S)	-14							
26				ated p-value	0.09							
27				eviation of S	9.592							
28				d Value of S	-1.355							
29			Approxir	mate p-value	0.0877							
30												
31		t evidence to		-								
32	trend at th	e specified le	evel of signif	icance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
33		Res	ult-bc78232	1ww								
34												
35		Ge	eneral Statis	tics								
36		Numbe	er of Events F	Reported (m)	9							
37				ssing Events	0							
38		Number o	or Reported I	Events Used	9							
39		Num	nber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
40				Minimum	11.8							
41				Maximum	46							
42				Mean	40.61							
43			Geo	metric Mean	38.17							
44				Median	44.1							
45			Standa	rd Deviation	10.85							
46			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.267							
47												
48		Ma	nn-Kendall 7	ſest								
49			M-K Te	est Value (S)	1							
50			Tabul	ated p-value	0.54							
51			Standard D	eviation of S	9.399							
52			Standardize	d Value of S	0							
53			Approxir	nate p-value	0.5							
54												
55	Insufficient	evidence to	identify a sig	gnificant								
56	trend at the	specified le	evel of signifi	cance.								

	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	н		J	К	L
1		•	•	Mann-Kenda	all Trend Te	st Analysis				•		
2		User Selected	ed Options									
3	Da	te/Time of Co	omputation	ProUCL 5.2	8/3/2023 1:5	53:05 PM						
4			From File	BC601WW I	nput.xls							
5		Ful	II Precision	OFF								
6		Confidence	Coefficient	0.95								
7		Level of S	ignificance	0.05								
8												
9		R	esult-bc601	ww								
10												
11			eneral Statis									
12				Reported (m)	9							
13				ssing Events	0							
14			-	Events Used	9							
15		Nun	nber Values	Reported (n)	9							
16				Minimum	7.5							
17				Maximum	12.5							
18				Mean	9.689							
19			Geo	metric Mean	9.523							
20				Median	10							
21				ard Deviation	1.893							
22			Coefficien	t of Variation	0.195							
23				T								
24		Ma	ann-Kendall		1							
25				est Value (S)	-1							
26				lated p-value	0.54							
27				eviation of S d Value of S	9.539							
28					0							
29			Approxir	mate p-value	0.5							
30	Incufficiant	ovidones to	idontifi o oli	anificant								
31		evidence to		-								
32	trend at the	e specified le	evel of signif	icance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	1	J	К	L
1		-	-	Mann-Kenda	all Trend Te	st Analysis	-	-	-	Ŧ	-	-
2		User Select	ed Options									
3	Da	ate/Time of Co	-	ProUCL 5.2	4/10/2023 1	2:48:19 PM						
4			From File	Data_f.xls								
5		Fu	II Precision	OFF								
6		Confidence	Coefficient	0.95								
7		Level of S	ignificance	0.05								
8				•								
9		R	esult-bc012	ww								
10												
11			eneral Statis									
12			er of Events F		5							
13			lumber of Mis	-	0							
14			or Reported I		5							
15		Nur	mber Values	Reported (n)	5							
16				Minimum	2.6							
17				Maximum	6.6							
18				Mean	4							
19			Geo	metric Mean	3.694							
20				Median	2.8							
21				ard Deviation	1.84							
22			Coefficien	t of Variation	0.46							
23												
24		Ма	nn-Kendall ⁻									
25				est Value (S)	0							
26				ated p-value	0.592							
27				eviation of S	4.082							
28				ed Value of S	N/A							
29			Approxir	mate p-value	N/A							
30												
31		t evidence to		-								
32	trend at th	e specified le	evel of signif	icance.								

	A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
33		Re	esult-bc034v	w								
34												
35		Ge	eneral Statist	tics								
36				Reported (m)	9							
37		N	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
38		Number o	or Reported E	Events Used	9							
39		Num	nber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
40				Minimum	6.6							
41				Maximum	9.9							
42				Mean	7.944							
43			Geo	metric Mean	7.886							
44				Median	7.6							
45			Standa	rd Deviation	1.045							
46			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.132							
47												
48		Ma	nn-Kendall 1									
49				est Value (S)	29							
50				ated p-value	0.001							
51			Standard D	eviation of S	9.539							
52			Standardize	d Value of S	2.935							
53			Approxir	nate p-value	0.00167							
54												
55				an increasing								
56	trend at the	specified lev	vel of signific	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
57		Re	esult-bc086v	w								
58												
59		Ge	eneral Statis	tics								
60				Reported (m)	9							
61		N	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
62		Number o	or Reported I	Events Used	9							
63		Num	nber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
64				Minimum	3							
65				Maximum	4.6							
66				Mean	3.689							
67			Geo	metric Mean	3.665							
68				Median	3.6							
69			Standa	rd Deviation	0.448							
70			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.122							
71												
72		Ma	nn-Kendall 7	ſest								
73				est Value (S)	15							
74				ated p-value	0.09							
75			Standard D	eviation of S	9.539							
76			Standardize	d Value of S	1.468							
77			Approxir	nate p-value	0.0711							
78												
79	Insufficient e											
80	trend at the	specified le	vel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
81		Re	esult-bc235	ww								
82												
83		Ge	eneral Statis	tics								
84				Reported (m)	9							
85				ssing Events	0							
86				Events Used	9							
87		Num	nber Values	Reported (n)	9							
88				Minimum	1.7							
89				Maximum	15.4							
90				Mean	11.58							
91			Geo	metric Mean	10.12							
92				Median	12.8							
93			Standa	ard Deviation	4.193							
94			Coefficien	t of Variation	0.362							
95												
96		Ma	nn-Kendall									
97				est Value (S)	-13							
98				ated p-value	0.13							
99				eviation of S	9.539							
100			Standardize	ed Value of S	-1.258							
101			Approxir	mate p-value	0.104							
102												
103												
104	trend at the	specified le	evel of signif	icance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L
105		Re	sult-bc266v	w								
106												
107		Ge	neral Statist	tics								
108		Number	r of Events F	Reported (m)	9							
109		Νι	umber of Mis	sing Events	0							
110		Number o	r Reported E	Events Used	9							
111		Num	ber Values I	Reported (n)	9							
112				Minimum	14							
113				Maximum	17.7							
114				Mean	16.62							
115			Geo	metric Mean	16.58							
116				Median	16.9							
117			Standa	rd Deviation	1.177							
118			Coefficient	of Variation	0.0708							
119												
120		Mar	nn-Kendall 1	ſest								
121				est Value (S)	-3							
122				ated p-value	0.46							
123			Standard D	eviation of S	9.539							
124			Standardize	d Value of S	-0.21							
125			Approxir	nate p-value	0.417							
126												
127	Insufficient	evidence to i	dentify a sig	Inificant								
128	trend at the	specified lev	vel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н		J	K	L
129		R	lesult-bc274v	w								
130												
131		G	eneral Statist	lics								
132		Numbe	er of Events F	Reported (m)	2							
133		Ν	Number of Mis	sing Events	0							
134		Number	or Reported E	Events Used	2							
135		Nur	mber Values I	Reported (n)	2							
136				Minimum	18.2							
137				Maximum	36.3							
138				Mean	27.25							
139			Geo	metric Mean	25.7							
140				Median	27.25							
141			Standa	rd Deviation	12.8							
142			Coefficient	of Variation	0.47							
143				Not enoug	h reported	l values (n) t	o provide Ma	ann-Kendall	Statistics!		!	
144												

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L
145		R	lesult-bc275v	w								
146												
147		G	eneral Statis	tics								
148		Numbe	er of Events F	Reported (m)	2							
149		Ν	lumber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
150		Number	or Reported I	Events Used	2							
151		Nur	mber Values	Reported (n)	2							
152				Minimum	12.4							
153				Maximum	12.7							
154				Mean	12.55							
155			Geo	metric Mean	12.55							
156				Median	12.55							
157			Standa	rd Deviation	0.212							
158			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.0169							
159				Not enoug	h reported	values (n) t	o provide Ma	ann-Kendall	Statistics!		1	
160												

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н		J	K	L
161		R	lesult-bc276	w								
162												
163		G	eneral Statis	tics								
164		Numbe	er of Events F	Reported (m)	2							
165		Ν	Jumber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
166		Number	or Reported I	Events Used	2							
167		Nur	mber Values	Reported (n)	2							
168				Minimum	20.8							
169				Maximum	25.1							
170				Mean	22.95							
171			Geo	metric Mean	22.85							
172				Median	22.95							
173			Standa	rd Deviation	3.041							
174			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.132							
175				Not enoug	h reported	values (n) t	o provide Ma	ann-Kendall	Statistics!		ı	·
176												

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
177		Re	esult-bc277	w								
178												
179		Ge	eneral Statis	tics								
180		Numbe	r of Events F	Reported (m)	4							
181		N	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
182		Number o	or Reported I	Events Used	4							
183		Num	ber Values	Reported (n)	4							
184				Minimum	4.8							
185				Maximum	5.3							
186				Mean	4.975							
187			Geo	metric Mean	4.971							
188				Median	4.9							
189			Standa	rd Deviation	0.236							
190			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.0475							
191												
192		Mai	nn-Kendall ⁻	ſest								
193			M-K Te	est Value (S)	3							
194				ated p-value	0.375							
195			Standard D	eviation of S	2.769							
196			Standardize	d Value of S	0.722							
197			Approxir	nate p-value	0.235							
198												
199	Insufficient of	evidence to i	identify a sig	gnificant								
200	trend at the	specified le	vel of signif	cance.								

	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н		J	K	L
201		R	lesult-bc278v	w								
202												
203		G	eneral Statist	tics								
204		Numbe	er of Events F	Reported (m)	2							
205		Ν	Number of Mis	ssing Events	0							
206		Number	or Reported E	Events Used	2							
207		Nur	mber Values I	Reported (n)	2							
208				Minimum	30.6							
209				Maximum	32.9							
210				Mean	31.75							
211			Geo	metric Mean	31.73							
212				Median	31.75							
213			Standa	rd Deviation	1.626							
214			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.0512							
215				Not enoug	h reported	values (n) t	o provide Ma	ann-Kendall	Statistics!			
216												

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
217		Re	esult-bc279v	w								
218												
219		Ge	neral Statis	tics								
220		Numbe	r of Events F	Reported (m)	5							
221		N	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
222		Number o	or Reported I	Events Used	5							
223		Num	ber Values I	Reported (n)	5							
224				Minimum	12							
225				Maximum	13.8							
226				Mean	13.08							
227			Geo	metric Mean	13.06							
228				Median	13							
229			Standa	rd Deviation	0.756							
230			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.0578							
231												
232		Mai	nn-Kendall	Fest								
233				est Value (S)	-1							
234				ated p-value	0.592							
235			Standard D	eviation of S	3.958							
236			Standardize	d Value of S	0							
237			Approxir	nate p-value	0.5							
238												
239	Insufficient of	evidence to i	identify a sig	gnificant								
240	trend at the	specified le	vel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н		J	K	L
241		R	Result-bc325v	w								
242												
243		G	eneral Statis	tics								
244		Numbe	er of Events F	Reported (m)	1							
245		Ν	Number of Mis	ssing Events	0							
246		Number	or Reported I	Events Used	1							
247		Nur	mber Values I	Reported (n)	1							
248				Minimum	9.9							
249				Maximum	9.9							
250				Mean	9.9							
251			Geo	metric Mean	9.9							
252				Median	9.9							
253			Standa	rd Deviation	N/A							
254			Coefficient	t of Variation	N/A							
255				Not enoug	gh reporte	d values (n) t	o provide Ma	ann-Kendall	Statistics!	•	•	
256												

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
257		Re	esult-bc500v	ww								
258												
259		Ge	neral Statis	tics								
260		Number	r of Events F	Reported (m)	5							
261		Nu	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
262		Number o	or Reported I	Events Used	5							
263		Num	ber Values I	Reported (n)	5							
264				Minimum	5.7							
265				Maximum	6.7							
266				Mean	6.06							
267			Geo	metric Mean	6.046							
268				Median	5.8							
269			Standa	rd Deviation	0.462							
270			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.0762							
271												
272		Mar	nn-Kendall	Fest								
273				est Value (S)	1							
274				ated p-value	0.592							
275			Standard D	eviation of S	3.958							
276			Standardize	d Value of S	0							
277			Approxir	mate p-value	0.5							
278												
279	Insufficient of	evidence to i	identify a sig	gnificant								
280	trend at the	specified le	vel of signifi	icance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
281	·	Re	esult-bc614	ww								
282												
283		Ge	eneral Statis	tics								
284		Numbe	r of Events F	Reported (m)	5							
285		N	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
286		Number o	or Reported I	Events Used	5							
287		Num	nber Values	Reported (n)	5							
288				Minimum	1.3							
289				Maximum	3.2							
290				Mean	1.86							
291			Geo	metric Mean	1.759							
292				Median	1.5							
293			Standa	rd Deviation	0.77							
294			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.414							
295												
296		Ma	nn-Kendall									
297			M-K Te	est Value (S)	5							
298			Tabul	ated p-value	0.242							
299			Standard D	eviation of S	3.958							
300			Standardize	d Value of S	1.011							
301			Approxir	nate p-value	0.156							
302												
303	Insufficient e	evidence to i	identify a sig	gnificant								
304	trend at the	specified le	vel of signif	icance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
305		Re	esult-bc615v	w								
306												
307		Ge	neral Statis	tics								
308		Number	r of Events F	Reported (m)	5							
309		Nu	umber of Mis	ssing Events	0							
310		Number o	or Reported I	Events Used	5							
311		Num	ber Values I	Reported (n)	5							
312				Minimum	0.9							
313				Maximum	1.9							
314				Mean	1.6							
315			Geo	metric Mean	1.546							
316				Median	1.7							
317				rd Deviation	0.412							
318			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.258							
319												
320		Mar	nn-Kendall	Fest								
321				est Value (S)	-3							
322				ated p-value	0.408							
323			Standard D	eviation of S	3.958							
324			Standardize	d Value of S	-0.505							
325			Approxir	nate p-value	0.307							
326												
327	Insufficient	evidence to i	identify a sig	gnificant								
328	trend at the	specified le	vel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н		J	K	L
329		F	Result-bc617	w								
330												
331		G	eneral Statis	tics								
332		Numb	er of Events F	Reported (m)	1							
333		١	Number of Mis	ssing Events	0							
334		Number	or Reported I	Events Used	1							
335		Nu	mber Values	Reported (n)	1							
336				Minimum	1							
337				Maximum	1							
338				Mean	1							
339			Geo	metric Mean	1							
340				Median	1							
341			Standa	rd Deviation	N/A							
342			Coefficient	t of Variation	N/A							
343				Not enoug	gh reporte	d values (n) t	o provide Ma	ann-Kendall	Statistics!		!	·
344												

	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н		J	K	L
345		R	lesult-bc618v	w								
346												
347		G	eneral Statis	tics								
348		Numbe	er of Events F	Reported (m)	2							
349		Ν	Number of Mis	ssing Events	0							
350		Number	or Reported I	Events Used	2							
351		Nur	mber Values	Reported (n)	2							
352				Minimum	4.8							
353				Maximum	5.4							
354				Mean	5.1							
355			Geo	metric Mean	5.091							
356				Median	5.1							
357			Standa	rd Deviation	0.424							
358			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.0832							
359				Not enoug	h reported	values (n) t	o provide Ma	ann-Kendall	Statistics!			•
360												

Appendix F.

Full Long-Term Data Set

Well Type	<u>Sample</u>	Date	<u>Result</u>
		<u>Alluvial</u>	
Alluvial	BC022WW	10/29/2015	12.5
Alluvial	BC022WW	3/21/2016	15.9
Alluvial	BC022WW	9/23/2016	9.94
Alluvial	BC022WW	3/22/2017	14
Alluvial	BC022WW	10/8/2020	16.4
Alluvial	BC022WW	1/11/2021	23.9
Alluvial	BC022WW	3/22/2021	24.7
Alluvial	BC022WW	8/9/2021	17.3
Alluvial	BC022WW	8/9/2021	16
Alluvial	BC022WW	11/8/2021	18
Alluvial	BC022WW	1/20/2022	28.3
Alluvial	BC022WW	4/5/2022	29.6
Alluvial	BC022WW	7/19/2022	19.4
Alluvial	BC022WW	9/29/2022	18.6
Alluvial	BC088WW	4/6/2016	17.1
Alluvial	BC088WW	9/15/2016	17.4
Alluvial	BC088WW	3/21/2017	18.3
Alluvial	BC088WW	9/25/2018	18.4
Alluvial	BC088WW	10/6/2020	15.8
Alluvial	BC088WW	1/12/2021	16.6
Alluvial	BC088WW	3/23/2021	15.9
Alluvial	BC088WW	8/9/2021	
Alluvial	BC088WW	11/9/2021	15.5
Alluvial	BC088WW	1/21/2022	
Alluvial	BC088WW	4/6/2022	
Alluvial	BC088WW	7/21/2022	
Alluvial	BC088WW	9/27/2022	
Alluvial	BC100WW	4/6/2016	
Alluvial	BC100WW	9/23/2016	
Alluvial	BC100WW	3/22/2017	
Alluvial	BC100WW	10/7/2020	
Alluvial	BC100WW	3/22/2021	
Alluvial	BC100WW	8/9/2021	
Alluvial	BC100WW	8/9/2021	
Alluvial	BC100WW	11/8/2021	
Alluvial	BC100WW	1/20/2022	
Alluvial	BC100WW	4/5/2022	
Alluvial	BC100WW	7/21/2022	
Alluvial	BC100WW	9/29/2022	
Alluvial	BC125WW	4/14/2016	
Alluvial	BC125WW	9/23/2016	
Alluvial	BC125WW	3/22/2017	
Alluvial	BC125WW	10/7/2020	
Alluvial	BC125WW	1/11/2021	
Alluvial	BC125WW	3/23/2021	11.5

Well Type	Sample	Date	R	esult
Alluvial	BC125WW		8/10/2021	11.3
Alluvial	BC125WW		11/9/2021	9.3
Alluvial	BC125WW		1/20/2022	8.3
Alluvial	BC125WW		4/5/2022	7.2
Alluvial	BC125WW		7/21/2022	4.6
Alluvial	BC125WW		9/27/2022	8.4
Alluvial	BC127WW		4/14/2016	1.04
Alluvial	BC127WW		9/15/2016	1.24
Alluvial	BC127WW		3/21/2017	1.82
Alluvial	BC127WW		9/25/2018	2.5
Alluvial	BC127WW		10/5/2020	4.2
Alluvial	BC127WW		1/12/2021	4.7
Alluvial	BC127WW		3/24/2021	6.2
Alluvial	BC127WW		8/10/2021	7.8
Alluvial	BC127WW		11/10/2021	10.2
Alluvial	BC127WW		1/21/2022	11.2
Alluvial	BC127WW		4/7/2022	14.3
Alluvial	BC127WW		7/20/2022	20.9
Alluvial	BC127WW		9/27/2022	23.4
Alluvial	BC151WW		4/15/2016	3.39
Alluvial	BC151WW		9/23/2016	3.71
Alluvial	BC151WW		3/22/2017	4.75
Alluvial	BC151WW		9/25/2018	5.1
Alluvial	BC151WW		10/6/2020	6.2
Alluvial	BC151WW		1/12/2021	7.2
Alluvial	BC151WW		3/23/2021	7.3
Alluvial	BC151WW		8/10/2021	6.2
Alluvial	BC151WW		11/9/2021	8
Alluvial	BC151WW		1/21/2022	8.1
Alluvial	BC151WW		4/6/2022	8.5
Alluvial	BC151WW		7/20/2022	8.8
Alluvial	BC151WW		9/29/2022	9
Alluvial	BC184WW		4/27/2016	14.7
Alluvial	BC184WW		9/23/2016	15.3
Alluvial	BC184WW		3/21/2017	17.6
Alluvial	BC184WW		9/25/2018	15.6
Alluvial	BC184WW		10/6/2020	18.7
Alluvial	BC184WW		1/11/2021	20.5
Alluvial	BC184WW		3/23/2021	17.5
Alluvial	BC184WW		8/10/2021	21
Alluvial	BC184WW		11/9/2021	20.5
Alluvial	BC184WW		1/20/2022	19.2
Alluvial	BC184WW		4/6/2022	19.4
Alluvial	BC184WW		7/20/2022	19.6
Alluvial	BC184WW		9/27/2022	15.1
Alluvial	BC194WW		4/21/2016	8.68

Well Type	<u>Sample</u>	Date	l	Result
Alluvial	BC194WW		9/15/2016	8.8
Alluvial	BC194WW		3/21/2017	9.03
Alluvial	BC194WW		9/25/2018	10.6
Alluvial	BC194WW		10/5/2020	12.1
Alluvial	BC194WW		1/12/2021	14.1
Alluvial	BC194WW		3/24/2021	14.1
Alluvial	BC194WW		8/10/2021	14.3
Alluvial	BC194WW		11/10/2021	14.1
Alluvial	BC194WW		1/21/2022	13.5
Alluvial	BC194WW		4/7/2022	12.9
Alluvial	BC194WW		7/20/2022	11.4
Alluvial	BC194WW		9/27/2022	12
Alluvial	BC246WW		10/8/2020	1.3
Alluvial	BC246WW		1/13/2021	5.2
Alluvial	BC246WW		3/25/2021	2.2
Alluvial	BC246WW		8/10/2021	1.7
Alluvial	BC246WW		11/16/2021	1.4
Alluvial	BC246WW		1/19/2022	2.3
Alluvial	BC246WW		4/7/2022	1.5
Alluvial	BC246WW		7/19/2022	1.4
Alluvial	BC246WW		9/27/2022	1.4
Alluvial	BC254WW		10/8/2020	1.5
Alluvial	BC254WW		1/12/2021	16.5
Alluvial	BC254WW		3/24/2021	18
Alluvial	BC254WW		8/11/2021	18.6
Alluvial	BC254WW		11/10/2021	18.7
Alluvial	BC254WW		1/21/2022	16.6
Alluvial	BC254WW		4/6/2022	16.8
Alluvial	BC254WW		7/28/2022	18.1
Alluvial	BC254WW		9/29/2022	14.7
Alluvial	BC268WW		10/5/2020	2.9
Alluvial	BC268WW		1/12/2021	2.9
Alluvial	BC268WW		3/24/2021	2.8
Alluvial	BC268WW		8/11/2021	3.6
Alluvial	BC268WW		11/10/2021	4.1
Alluvial	BC268WW		1/21/2022	2.7
Alluvial	BC268WW		4/6/2022	2.8
Alluvial	BC268WW		7/20/2022	4.9
Alluvial	BC268WW		9/27/2022	3.7
Alluvial	BC273WW		4/5/2022	13.4
Alluvial	BC273WW		7/21/2022	13.7
Alluvial	BC600WW		9/30/2020	7.5
Alluvial	BC600WW		1/11/2021	8
Alluvial	BC600WW		3/23/2021	7.8
Alluvial	BC600WW		8/11/2021	8
Alluvial	BC600WW		11/9/2021	7.9

Well Type	Sample	Date		Result
Alluvial	BC600WW		1/20/2022	7.2
Alluvial	BC600WW		4/6/2022	8.2
Alluvial	BC600WW		7/20/2022	7.93
Alluvial	BC600WW		9/27/2022	7.4
Alluvial	BC602WW		10/2/2020	3.6
Alluvial	BC602WW		3/25/2021	3.3
Alluvial	BC602WW		11/16/2021	3.8
Alluvial	BC602WW		4/7/2022	3
Alluvial	BC602WW		9/29/2022	2.9
Alluvial	BC603WW		9/29/2020	4.7
Alluvial	BC603WW		1/13/2021	16.4
Alluvial	BC603WW		3/25/2021	4.8
Alluvial	BC604WW		10/2/2020	16.5
Alluvial	BC604WW		1/11/2021	16.7
Alluvial Alluvial	BC604WW BC604WW		3/22/2021	17 17.2
Alluvial	BC604WW		8/11/2021 11/8/2021	17.2
Alluvial	BC604WW		1/20/2022	17.9
Alluvial	BC604WW		4/5/2022	17.3
Alluvial	BC604WW		7/19/2022	17.8
Alluvial	BC604WW		9/27/2022	18.3
Alluvial	BC609WW		9/28/2020	3.6
Alluvial	BC609WW		1/11/2021	3.9
Alluvial	BC609WW		3/23/2021	3.4
Alluvial	BC609WW		8/11/2021	3
Alluvial	BC609WW		11/9/2021	3.4
Alluvial	BC609WW		1/20/2022	3.2
Alluvial	BC609WW		4/5/2022	3.3
Alluvial	BC609WW		7/21/2022	3.1
Alluvial	BC609WW		9/29/2022	1.6
Alluvial	BC613WW		9/28/2020	8.2
Alluvial	BC613WW		1/12/2021	8.1
Alluvial	BC613WW		3/24/2021	8.3
Alluvial	BC613WW		8/11/2021	7.3
Alluvial	BC613WW		11/10/2021	8.4
Alluvial	BC613WW		1/21/2022	7.4
Alluvial	BC613WW		4/7/2022	9.2
Alluvial	BC613WW		7/20/2022	6.6 6.7
Alluvial Alluvial	BC613WW		9/29/2022	
Alluvial	BC616WW BC616WW		10/1/2020 1/11/2021	13.3 12.9
Alluvial	BC616WW		3/22/2021	12.9
Alluvial	BC616WW		8/13/2021	12.0
Alluvial	BC616WW		11/8/2021	12.7
Alluvial	BC616WW		1/20/2022	12.6
Alluvial	BC616WW		4/5/2022	12.8
			1, 5, 2022	12.0

Well Type	<u>Sample</u>	Date		<u>Result</u>	
Alluvial	BC616WW		7/28/2022		14.4
Alluvial	BC616WW		9/27/2022		12.5
		Alluvial and Shallow B	asalt		
Alluvial and Shall			4/5/2016		12.1
Alluvial and Shall			9/23/2016		11.7
Alluvial and Shall			3/22/2017		12
Alluvial and Shall			10/7/2020		12.1
Alluvial and Shall			3/22/2021		12.5
Alluvial and Shall			11/8/2021		12.3
Alluvial and Shall			4/5/2022		12.8
Alluvial and Shall			9/28/2022		12.7
Alluvial and Shall			4/6/2016		13.4
Alluvial and Shall			9/15/2016		15.1
Alluvial and Shall			3/21/2017		7.09
Alluvial and Shall			9/25/2018		8.4
Alluvial and Shall			9/25/2018		8.4
Alluvial and Shall			10/6/2020		19.9
Alluvial and Shall			1/12/2021		19.8
Alluvial and Shall			3/23/2021		22.2
Alluvial and Shall			8/9/2021		18.5
Alluvial and Shall			11/9/2021		6.6
Alluvial and Shall Alluvial and Shall			1/21/2022		7.2 9.03
Alluvial and Shall			4/6/2022 7/20/2022		9.05 7.9
Alluvial and Shall			9/29/2022		7.9 6.5
Alluvial and Shall			4/8/2016		9.67
Alluvial and Shall			9/15/2016		9.97 9.91
Alluvial and Shall			3/21/2017		10.7
Alluvial and Shall			9/25/2018		8.9
Alluvial and Shall			10/5/2020		1.6
Alluvial and Shall			1/12/2021		13.1
Alluvial and Shall			3/24/2021		13.1
Alluvial and Shall			8/10/2021		9
Alluvial and Shall			11/10/2021		8.5
Alluvial and Shall			1/21/2022		8.7
Alluvial and Shall			4/6/2022		9.2
Alluvial and Shall			7/20/2022		8.4
Alluvial and Shall			9/27/2022		9.2
Alluvial and Shall			4/8/2016		26.7
Alluvial and Shall	CBC117WW		9/15/2016		26.7
Alluvial and Shall	c BC117WW		3/21/2017		27.1
Alluvial and Shall	CBC117WW		10/25/2018		21.3
Alluvial and Shall	c BC117WW		10/5/2020		21.7
Alluvial and Shall	c BC117WW		1/12/2021		25.6
Alluvial and Shall	c BC117WW		3/24/2021		29.7
Alluvial and Shall	lc BC117WW		8/10/2021		31.4

Well Type	<u>Sample</u>	Date	Result
Alluvial and S	hallc BC117WW	11/10/2021	33.1
Alluvial and S	hallc BC117WW	1/21/2022	42.2
Alluvial and S	hallc BC117WW	7/28/2022	59
Alluvial and S	hallc BC117WW	9/27/2022	46.8
Alluvial and S	hallc BC128WW	4/14/2016	7.28
Alluvial and S	hallc BC128WW	9/15/2016	1.57
Alluvial and S	hallc BC128WW	3/22/2017	1.43
Alluvial and S	hallc BC128WW	9/25/2018	2.4
Alluvial and S	hallc BC128WW	10/6/2020	3.4
Alluvial and S	hallc BC128WW	1/12/2021	13.1
Alluvial and S	hallc BC128WW	3/24/2021	8.7
Alluvial and S	hallc BC128WW	8/10/2021	14.3
Alluvial and S	hallc BC128WW	11/10/2021	12.6
Alluvial and S	hallc BC128WW	1/21/2022	4.5
Alluvial and S	hallc BC128WW	4/6/2022	5
Alluvial and S	hallc BC128WW	7/20/2022	12.4
Alluvial and S	hallc BC128WW	9/27/2022	12.6
Alluvial and S	hallc BC610WW	9/28/2020	25.3
Alluvial and S	hallc BC610WW	3/22/2021	18
Alluvial and S	hallc BC610WW	11/8/2021	18.3
Alluvial and S	hallc BC610WW	4/5/2022	21
Alluvial and S	hallc BC610WW	9/28/2022	22.4
	Shallow a	and Intermediate Basalt	
Shallow and I	nter BC192WW	4/21/2016	18.7
Shallow and I	nter BC192WW	9/15/2016	19.1
Shallow and I	nter BC192WW	3/21/2017	21.7
Shallow and I	nter BC192WW	9/25/2018	26.6
	nter BC192WW	10/6/2020	30.6
	nter BC192WW	1/12/2021	30.8
	nter BC192WW	3/24/2021	30.1
	nter BC192WW	8/10/2021	30.2
	nter BC192WW	11/10/2021	27.2
	nter BC192WW	1/21/2022	24.9
	nter BC192WW	4/6/2022	25.8
	nter BC192WW	7/21/2022	30.5
	nter BC192WW	9/27/2022	29.4
	nter BC782321WW	12/21/2015	46.1
	nter BC782321WW	3/21/2016	43.8
	nter BC782321WW	10/13/2016	47
	nter BC782321WW	3/21/2017	45.8
	nter BC782321WW	10/5/2020	11.8
	nter BC782321WW	1/13/2021	46
	nter BC782321WW	3/25/2021	43.2
	nter BC782321WW	8/13/2021	44.1
	nter BC782321WW	11/16/2021	45
Shallow and I	nter BC782321WW	1/19/2022	44.1

Shallow and Inter BC782321WW 4/7/2022 44.1 Shallow and Inter BC782321WW 7/21/2022 44.7 Shallow and Inter BC782321WW 9/29/2022 42.5 Shallow and Inter BC782321WW 9/29/2022 42.5 Intermediate Bas: BC601WW 9/29/2020 8.2 Intermediate Bas: BC601WW 9/29/2020 8.2 Intermediate Bas: BC601WW 1/11/2021 11.2 Intermediate Bas: BC601WW 3/22/2021 11.3 Intermediate Bas: BC601WW 8/11/2021 7.5 Intermediate Bas: BC601WW 8/11/2021 6.9 Intermediate Bas: BC601WW 1/18/2021 8.1 Intermediate Bas: BC601WW 1/20/2022 10.5 Intermediate Bas: BC601WW 4/5/2022 10.5 Intermediate Bas: BC601WW 9/29/2022 7.5 Shallow Basalt BC232WW 10/7/2020 8.2
Shallow and Inter BC782321WW 9/29/2022 42.5 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 9/29/2020 8.2 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 1/11/2021 11.2 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 3/22/2021 11.3 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 3/22/2021 11.3 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 8/11/2021 7.5 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 8/11/2021 6.9 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 11/8/2021 8.1 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 1/20/2022 10.0 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 4/5/2022 10.9 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 9/29/2022 7.5 Intermediate Basi B
Intermediate Basil Intermediate Basi BC601WW 9/29/2020 8.2 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 1/11/2021 11.2 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 3/22/2021 11.3 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 8/11/2021 7.5 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 8/11/2021 6.9 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 11/8/2021 8.1 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 11/20/2022 10 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 4/5/2022 12.5 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 7/21/2022 10.9 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 9/29/2022 7.5 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 9/29/2022 7.5 Shallow Basalt 5 5
Intermediate Basi BC601WW 9/29/2020 8.2 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 1/11/2021 11.2 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 3/22/2021 11.3 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 8/11/2021 7.5 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 8/11/2021 6.9 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 11/8/2021 6.9 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 11/8/2021 8.1 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 1/20/2022 10 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 4/5/2022 12.5 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 9/29/2022 7.5 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 9/29/2022 7.5 Shallow Basalt 5 5
Intermediate Basi BC601WW 1/11/2021 11.2 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 3/22/2021 11.3 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 8/11/2021 7.5 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 8/11/2021 6.9 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 11/8/2021 8.1 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 11/8/2021 8.1 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 1/20/2022 10 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 4/5/2022 12.5 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 7/21/2022 10.9 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 9/29/2022 7.5 Shallow Basalt Shallow Basalt 9/29/2022
Intermediate Basi BC601WW 3/22/2021 11.3 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 8/11/2021 7.5 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 8/11/2021 6.9 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 11/8/2021 8.1 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 11/8/2021 8.1 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 1/20/2022 10 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 4/5/2022 12.5 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 7/21/2022 10.9 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 9/29/2022 7.5 Shallow Basalt 5 5
Intermediate Basi BC601WW 8/11/2021 7.5 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 8/11/2021 6.9 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 11/8/2021 8.1 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 1/20/2022 10 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 4/5/2022 10.9 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 7/21/2022 10.9 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 9/29/2022 7.5 Shallow Basalt 5 5
Intermediate Basi BC601WW 8/11/2021 6.9 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 11/8/2021 8.1 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 1/20/2022 10 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 4/5/2022 12.5 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 7/21/2022 10.9 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 9/29/2022 7.5 Shallow Basalt 5 5
Intermediate Bas; BC601WW 11/8/2021 8.1 Intermediate Bas; BC601WW 1/20/2022 10 Intermediate Bas; BC601WW 4/5/2022 12.5 Intermediate Bas; BC601WW 7/21/2022 10.9 Intermediate Bas; BC601WW 9/29/2022 7.5 Shallow Basalt 5 5
Intermediate Basi BC601WW 1/20/2022 10 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 4/5/2022 12.5 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 7/21/2022 10.9 Intermediate Basi BC601WW 9/29/2022 7.5 Shallow Basalt 5
Intermediate Bas; BC601WW 4/5/2022 12.5 Intermediate Bas; BC601WW 7/21/2022 10.9 Intermediate Bas; BC601WW 9/29/2022 7.5 Shallow Basalt
Intermediate Bas; BC601WW 7/21/2022 10.9 Intermediate Bas; BC601WW 9/29/2022 7.5 Shallow Basalt
Intermediate Basi BC601WW 9/29/2022 7.5 Shallow Basalt
Shallow Basalt
Shallow Basalt BC232WW 10/7/2020 8.2
Challew Decelt DC22224/4/ 7 7 7
Shallow Basalt BC232WW 1/11/2021 7.6 Shallow Basalt BC232WW 2/22/2021 7.6
Shallow Basalt BC232WW 3/23/2021 7.3 Shallow Basalt BC232WW 8/10/2021 7.3
Shallow Basalt BC232WW 8/10/2021 7 Shallow Basalt BC232WW 11/9/2021 7.4
Shallow Basalt BC232WW 11/9/2021 7.4 Shallow Basalt BC232WW 1/20/2022 6.6
Shallow Basalt BC232WW 1/20/2022 6.6 Shallow Basalt BC232WW 4/5/2022 6.4
Shallow Basalt BC232WW 4/3/2022 0.4 Shallow Basalt BC232WW 7/20/2022 6.7
Shallow Basalt BC232WW 7/20/2022 0.7 Shallow Basalt BC232WW 9/28/2022 7.3
Shallow Basalt BC232WW Sp28/2022 7.3 Shallow Basalt BC239WW 10/8/2020 5.4
Shallow Basalt BC239WW 10/8/2020 5.4 Shallow Basalt BC239WW 1/13/2021 6.2
Shallow Basalt BC239WW 1/15/2021 0.2 Shallow Basalt BC239WW 3/25/2021 6
Shallow Basalt BC239WW S/23/2021 5.4 Shallow Basalt BC239WW 8/10/2021 5.4
Shallow Basalt BC239WW 11/16/2021 5.3
Shallow Basalt BC239WW 1/19/2022 5.8
Shallow Basalt BC239WW 4/7/2022 6.2
Shallow Basalt BC239WW 7/19/2022 4.6
Shallow Basalt BC239WW 9/27/2022 4.3
Shallow Basalt BC240WW 10/6/2020 3.8
Shallow Basalt BC240WW 1/12/2021 5.7
Shallow Basalt BC240WW 3/24/2021 4.4
Shallow Basalt BC240WW 8/10/2021 4.8
Shallow Basalt BC240WW 11/10/2021 6.4
Shallow Basalt BC240WW 1/21/2022 7.2
Shallow Basalt BC240WW 4/6/2022 7.4
Shallow Basalt BC240WW 7/20/2022 6.6
Shallow BasaltBC240WW9/29/20225
Shallow Basalt BC605WW 10/1/2020 7.7
Shallow Basalt BC605WW 1/11/2021 20.9
Shallow Basalt BC605WW 3/22/2021 17.2
Shallow Basalt BC605WW 8/10/2021 5.3

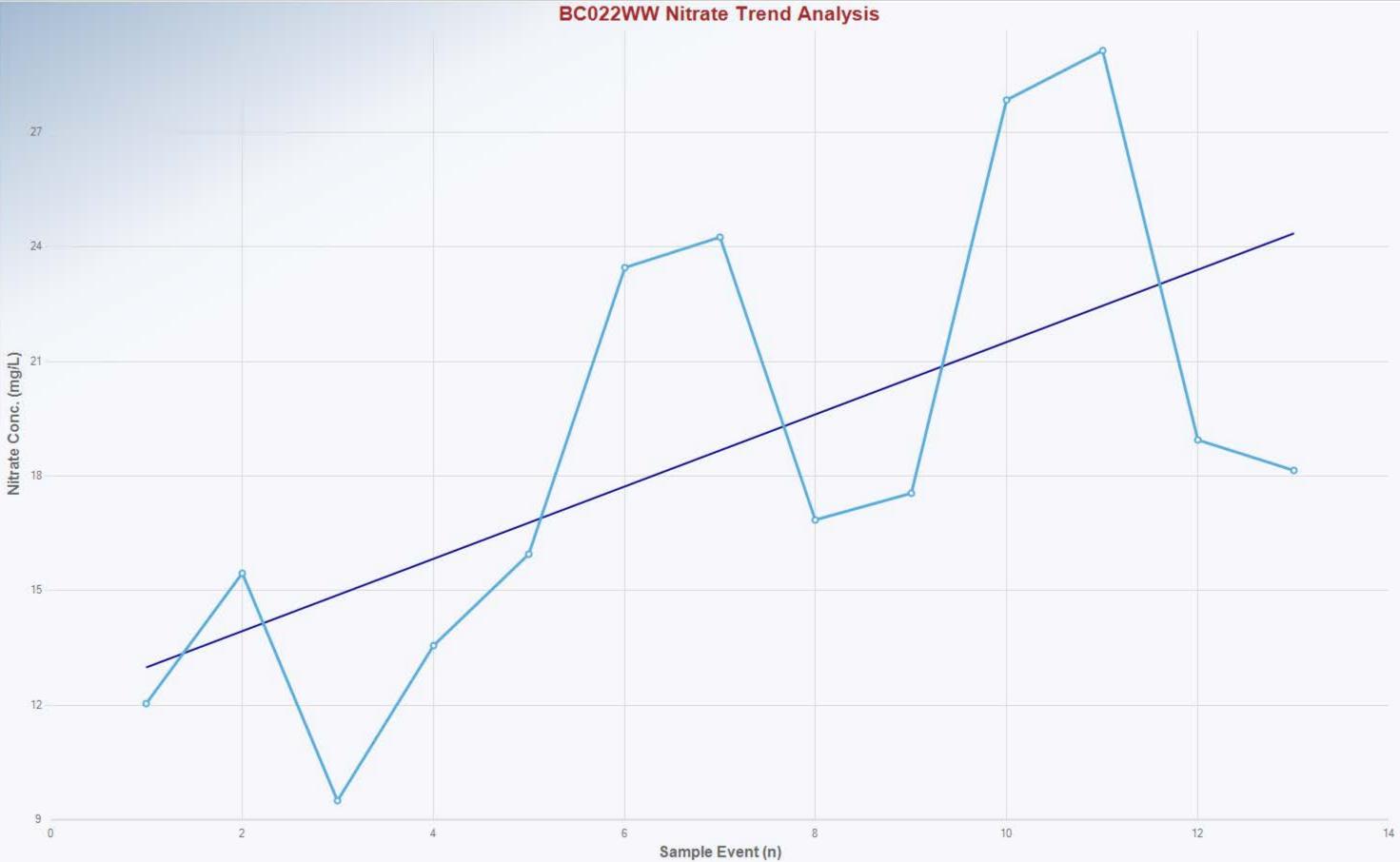
Well Type	Sample	Date		Result
Shallow Basalt	BC605WW		11/8/2021	17.4
Shallow Basalt	BC605WW		1/20/2022	17.5
Shallow Basalt	BC605WW		4/5/2022	12
Shallow Basalt	BC605WW		7/28/2022	5.7
Shallow Basalt	BC605WW		9/27/2022	6.8
Shallow Basalt	BC606WW		9/30/2020	5.2
Shallow Basalt	BC606WW		1/13/2021	4.9
Shallow Basalt	BC606WW		3/25/2021	5.4
Shallow Basalt	BC606WW		8/11/2021	5.1
Shallow Basalt	BC606WW		11/16/2021	4.8
Shallow Basalt	BC606WW		1/19/2022	4.9
Shallow Basalt	BC606WW		4/7/2022	5.3
Shallow Basalt	BC606WW		7/19/2022	5.6
Shallow Basalt	BC606WW		9/29/2022	5.3
Shallow Basalt	BC607WW		9/29/2020	17.3
Shallow Basalt	BC607WW		1/13/2021	23.1
Shallow Basalt	BC607WW		3/25/2021	23.4
Shallow Basalt	BC607WW		8/11/2021	22.7
Shallow Basalt	BC607WW		11/16/2021	20.5
Shallow Basalt	BC607WW		1/19/2022	17.9
Shallow Basalt	BC607WW		4/7/2022	15.6
Shallow Basalt	BC607WW		7/19/2022	14.2
Shallow Basalt	BC607WW		9/28/2022	12.9
Shallow Basalt	BC608WW		9/29/2020	6.3
Shallow Basalt	BC608WW		1/13/2021	4.6
Shallow Basalt	BC608WW		3/25/2021	5.7
Shallow Basalt	BC608WW		8/11/2021	8.2
Shallow Basalt	BC608WW		11/16/2021	6.4
Shallow Basalt	BC608WW		1/19/2022	7.9
Shallow Basalt	BC608WW		4/7/2022	7.6
Shallow Basalt	BC608WW		7/19/2022	8.3
Shallow Basalt	BC608WW		9/27/2022	7.9
Shallow Basalt	BC611WW		10/1/2020	16
Shallow Basalt	BC611WW		1/11/2021	16.3
Shallow Basalt	BC611WW		3/22/2021	15.6
Shallow Basalt	BC611WW		8/11/2021	16.7
Shallow Basalt	BC611WW		11/8/2021	17.3
Shallow Basalt	BC611WW		1/20/2022	16.1
Shallow Basalt	BC611WW		4/5/2022	16.4
Shallow Basalt	BC611WW		9/27/2022	14.2
Shallow Basalt	BC612WW		9/28/2020	3.6
Shallow Basalt	BC612WW		1/12/2021	3.1
Shallow Basalt	BC612WW		3/23/2021	3.2
Shallow Basalt	BC612WW		8/11/2021	4.5
Shallow Basalt	BC612WW		11/9/2021	5.9
Shallow Basalt	BC612WW		1/21/2022	5.5

Well Type	Sample	Date	<u>Result</u>
Shallow Basalt	BC612WW	4/6/2022	6.39
Shallow Basalt	BC612WW	7/20/2022	12.5
Shallow Basalt	BC612WW	9/27/2022	18.7
		Unclassified Wells	
Unclassified Wel	l: BC012WW	10/22/2015	0.9
Unclassified Wel	l: BC012WW	3/21/2016	0.72
Unclassified Wel	l: BC012WW	9/28/2016	0.75
Unclassified Wel	ls BC012WW	4/6/2017	0.81
Unclassified Wel	l: BC012WW	10/8/2020	2.6
Unclassified Wel	l: BC012WW	3/25/2021	6.6
Unclassified Wel	l: BC012WW	11/16/2021	2.8
Unclassified Wel	l: BC012WW	4/7/2022	5.3
Unclassified Wel	l: BC012WW	9/30/2022	2.7
Unclassified Wel	l: BC034WW	10/29/2015	3.76
Unclassified Wel	l: BC034WW	3/21/2016	4.4
Unclassified Wel	l: BC034WW	9/23/2016	2.82
Unclassified Wel	l: BC034WW	3/22/2017	5.29
Unclassified Wel	l: BC034WW	10/7/2020	6.6
Unclassified Wel	l: BC034WW	1/11/2021	7
Unclassified Wel	lsBC034WW	3/23/2021	7.5
Unclassified Wel	lsBC034WW	8/9/2021	7.7
Unclassified Wel	lsBC034WW	11/9/2021	7.5
Unclassified Wel		1/20/2022	7.6
Unclassified Wel		4/5/2022	8.8
Unclassified Wel		7/28/2022	
Unclassified Wel		9/27/2022	8.9
Unclassified Wel		4/6/2016	
Unclassified Wel		9/23/2016	1.28
Unclassified Wel		3/22/2017	1.46
Unclassified Wel		10/7/2020	3
Unclassified Wel		1/11/2021	3.9
Unclassified Wel		3/22/2021	3.4
Unclassified Wel		8/9/2021	3.5
Unclassified Wel		11/8/2021	
Unclassified Wel		1/21/2022	3.5
Unclassified Wel		4/5/2022	
Unclassified Wel		7/21/2022	
Unclassified Wel		9/27/2022	
Unclassified Wel		10/1/2020	
Unclassified Wel		1/13/2021	1.7
Unclassified Wel		3/25/2021	15.4
Unclassified Wel		8/10/2021	13.2
Unclassified Wel		11/16/2021	
Unclassified Wel		1/19/2022	
Unclassified Wel		4/7/2022	12.8
Unclassified Wel	1: BCZ32MW	7/19/2022	12.8

Well Type Sample	Date	Result
Unclassified Wells BC235WW	9/29/2022	9
Unclassified Wells BC266WW	10/8/2020	16
Unclassified Wells BC266WW	1/11/2021	17.6
Unclassified Wells BC266WW	3/22/2021	16.9
Unclassified Wells BC266WW	8/11/2021	16
Unclassified Wells BC266WW	11/8/2021	17.7
Unclassified Wells BC266WW	1/20/2022	17.3
Unclassified Wells BC266WW	4/5/2022	17.5
Unclassified Wells BC266WW	7/19/2022	14
Unclassified Wells BC266WW	9/29/2022	16.6
Unclassified Wells BC274WW	9/29/2020	18.2
Unclassified Wells BC274WW	3/25/2021	36.3
Unclassified Wells BC275WW	10/1/2020	12.4
Unclassified Wells BC275WW	3/22/2021	12.7
Unclassified Wells BC276WW	10/1/2020	20.8
Unclassified Wells BC276WW	3/22/2021	25.1
Unclassified Wells BC277WW	9/30/2020	4.8
Unclassified Wells BC277WW	3/23/2021	4.8
Unclassified Wells BC277WW	11/9/2021	5.3
Unclassified Wells BC277WW	4/6/2022	5
Unclassified Wells BC278WW	9/30/2020	30.6
Unclassified Well: BC278WW Unclassified Well: BC279WW	3/25/2021 9/30/2020	32.9 13.8
Unclassified Wells BC279WW	3/24/2021	13.8
Unclassified Wells BC279WW	11/10/2021	13
Unclassified Wells BC279WW	4/7/2022	12
Unclassified Wells BC279WW	9/27/2022	13.8
Unclassified Wells BC325WW	9/29/2022	9.9
Unclassified Wells BC500WW	10/6/2020	5.8
Unclassified Wells BC500WW	3/24/2021	5.7
Unclassified Wells BC500WW	11/10/2021	6.4
Unclassified Wells BC500WW	4/7/2022	6.7
Unclassified Wells BC500WW	9/29/2022	5.7
Unclassified Wells BC614WW	9/30/2020	1.5
Unclassified Wells BC614WW	3/24/2021	1.5
Unclassified Wells BC614WW	11/10/2021	1.3
Unclassified Wells BC614WW	4/6/2022	1.8
Unclassified Wells BC614WW	9/28/2022	3.2
Unclassified Wells BC615WW	9/29/2020	1.7
Unclassified Wells BC615WW	3/25/2021	1.9
Unclassified Wells BC615WW	11/16/2021	1.6
Unclassified Wells BC615WW	4/7/2022	1.9
Unclassified Wells BC615WW	9/27/2022	0.9
Unclassified Wells BC617WW	8/13/2021	1
Unclassified Wells BC618WW	1/19/2022	5.4
Unclassified Wells BC618WW	7/21/2022	4.8

Appendix G.

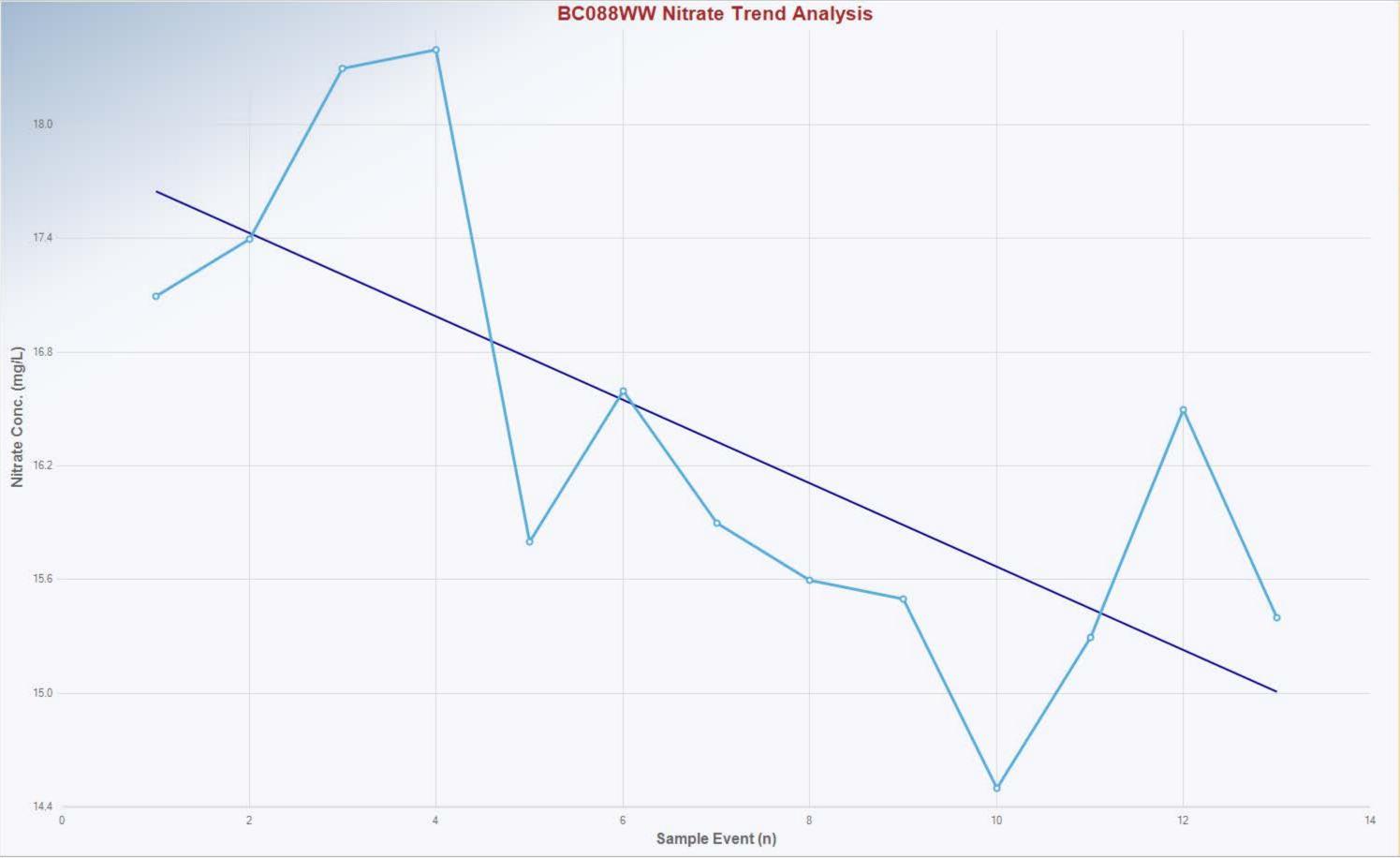
Long-Term Trend Analysis Results

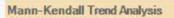


n	13
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	16.3911
Standardized Value of S	2.7454
M-K Test Value (S)	.46
Tabulated p-value	0.0020
Approximate p-value	0.0030

OLS Regression Line (Blue)

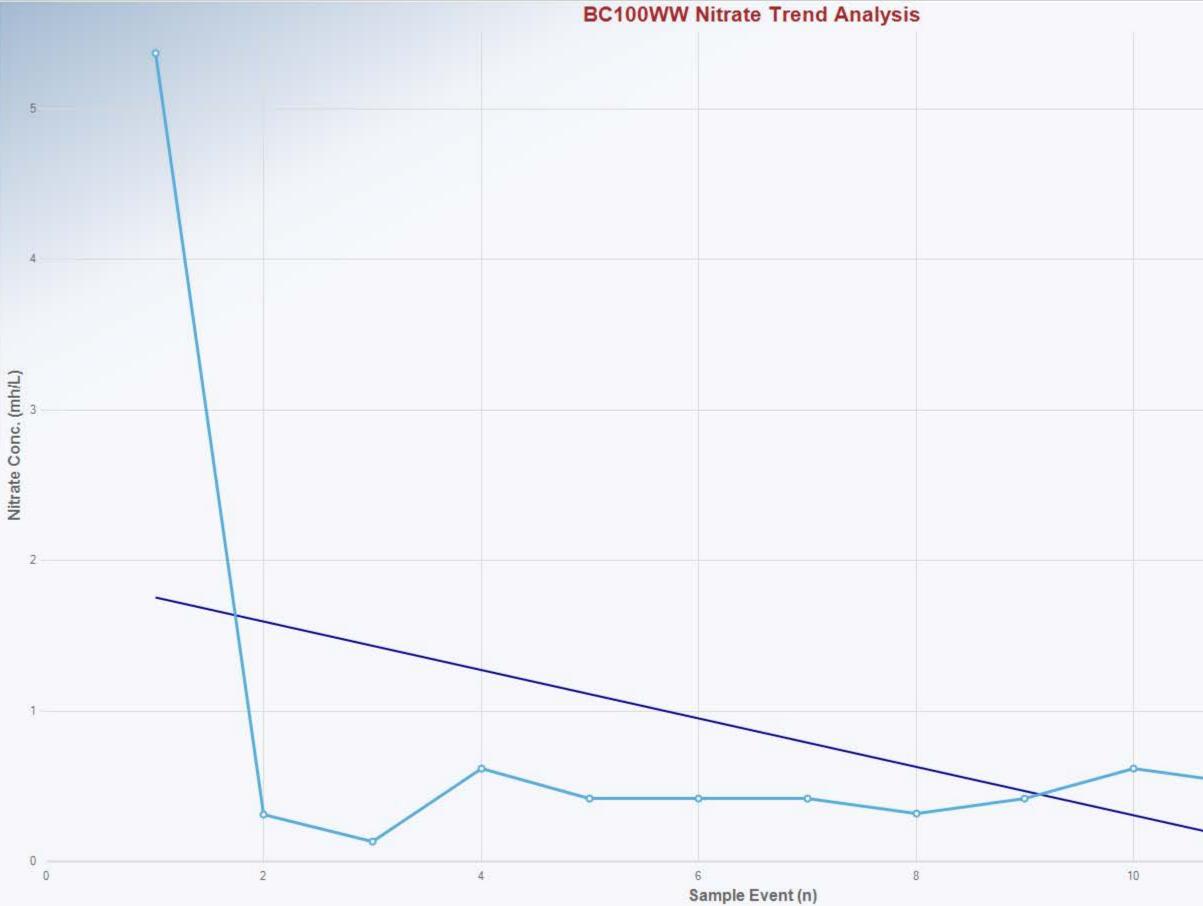
OLS Regression Slope	0.9464
OLS Regression Intercept	12.4938





n	13
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	16.3911
Standardized Value of S	-2.6234
M-K Test Value (S)	-44
Tabulated p-value	0.0030
Approximate p-value	0.0044

OLS Regression Slope	-0.2198
OLS Regression Intercept	17.8692



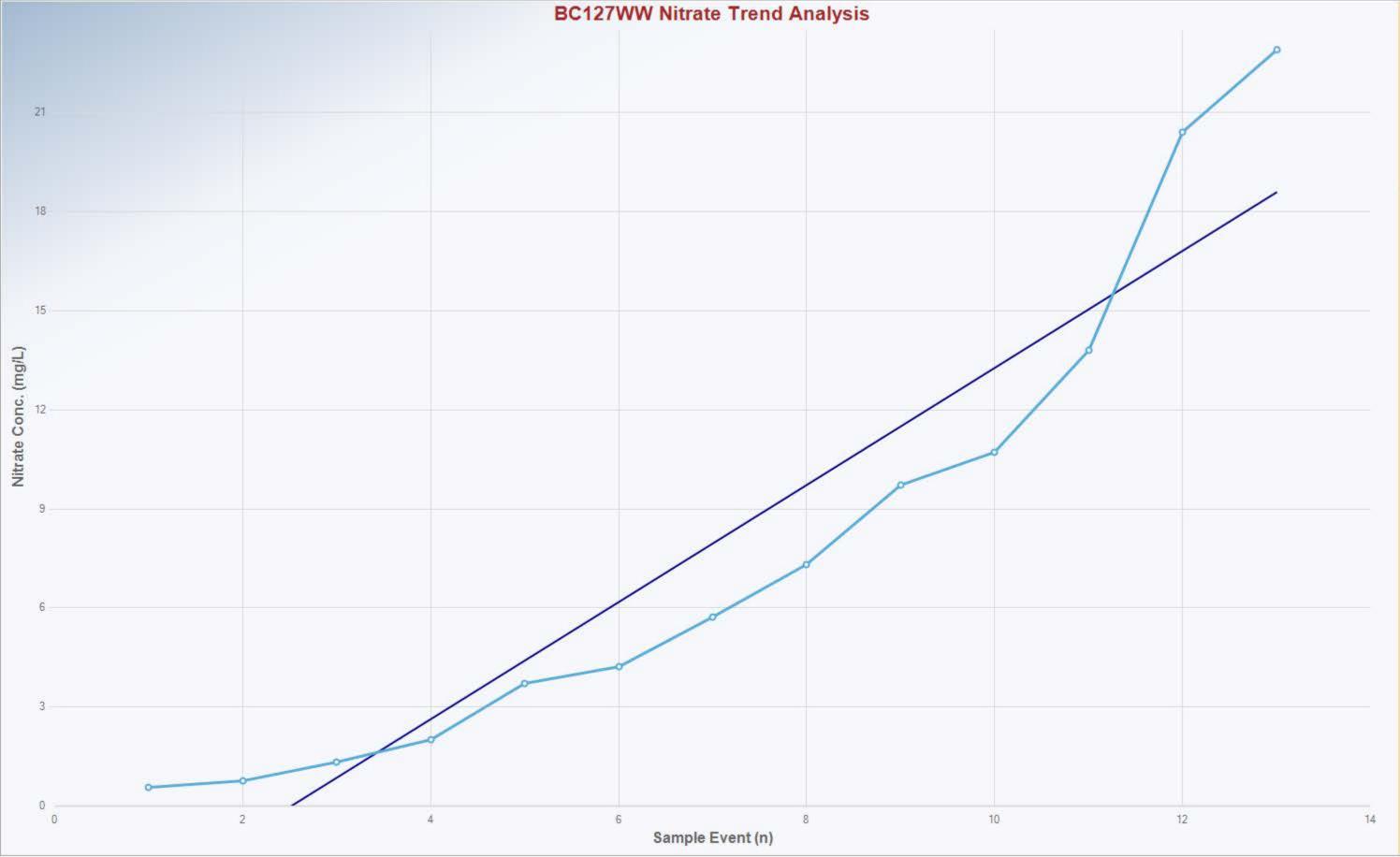
12

Mann-Kendall Trend Analysis

. 0	12
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	14.2478
Standardized Value of S	0.9826
M-K Test Value (S)	15
Tabulated p-value	0.1900
Approximate p-value	0,1629

OLS Regression Line (Blue)

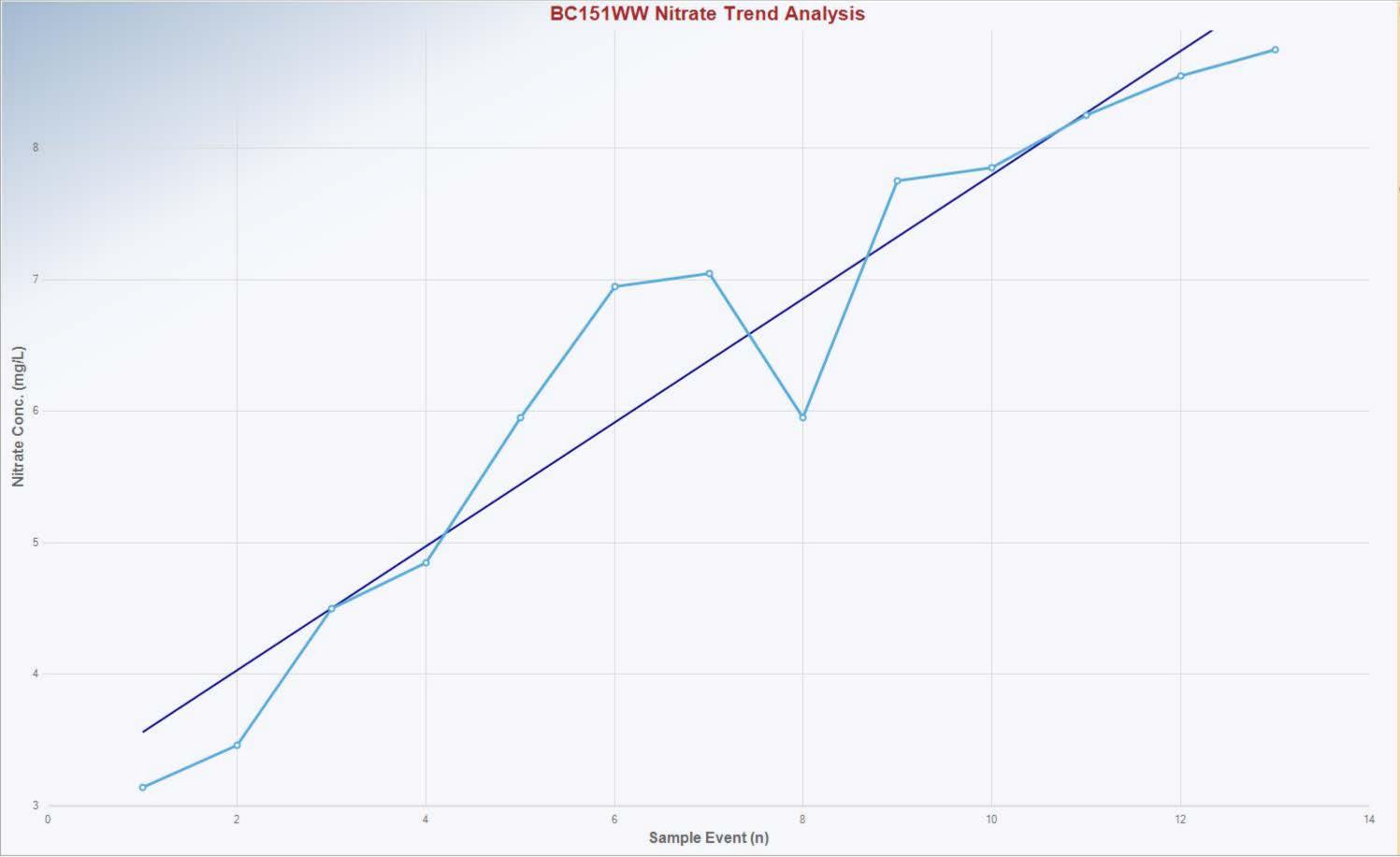
OLS Regression Slope	-0.1609
OLS Regression Intercept	2.2920



n	13
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	16.3911
Standardized Value of S	4.6977
M-K Test Value (S)	78
Tabulated p-value	0.0000
Approximate p-value	0.0000

OLS Regression Line (Blue)

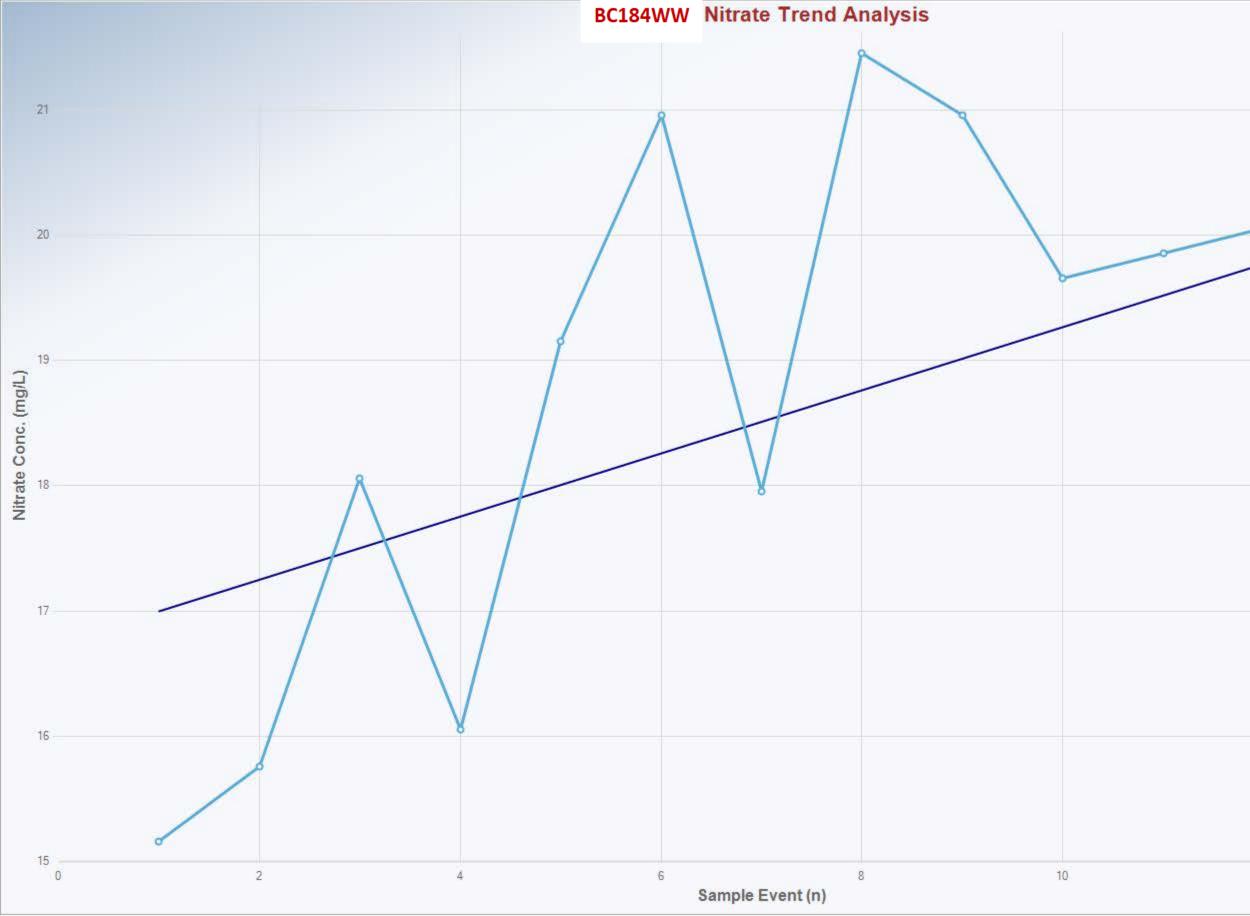
OLS Regression Slope	1.7779
OLS Regression Intercept	-4.0223



n	13
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	16.3605
Standardized Value of S	4.4008
M-K Test Value (S)	73
Tabulated p-value	0.0000
Approximate p-value	0.0000

OLS Regression Line (Blue)

OLS Regression Slope	0.4709
OLS Regression Intercept	3.3381

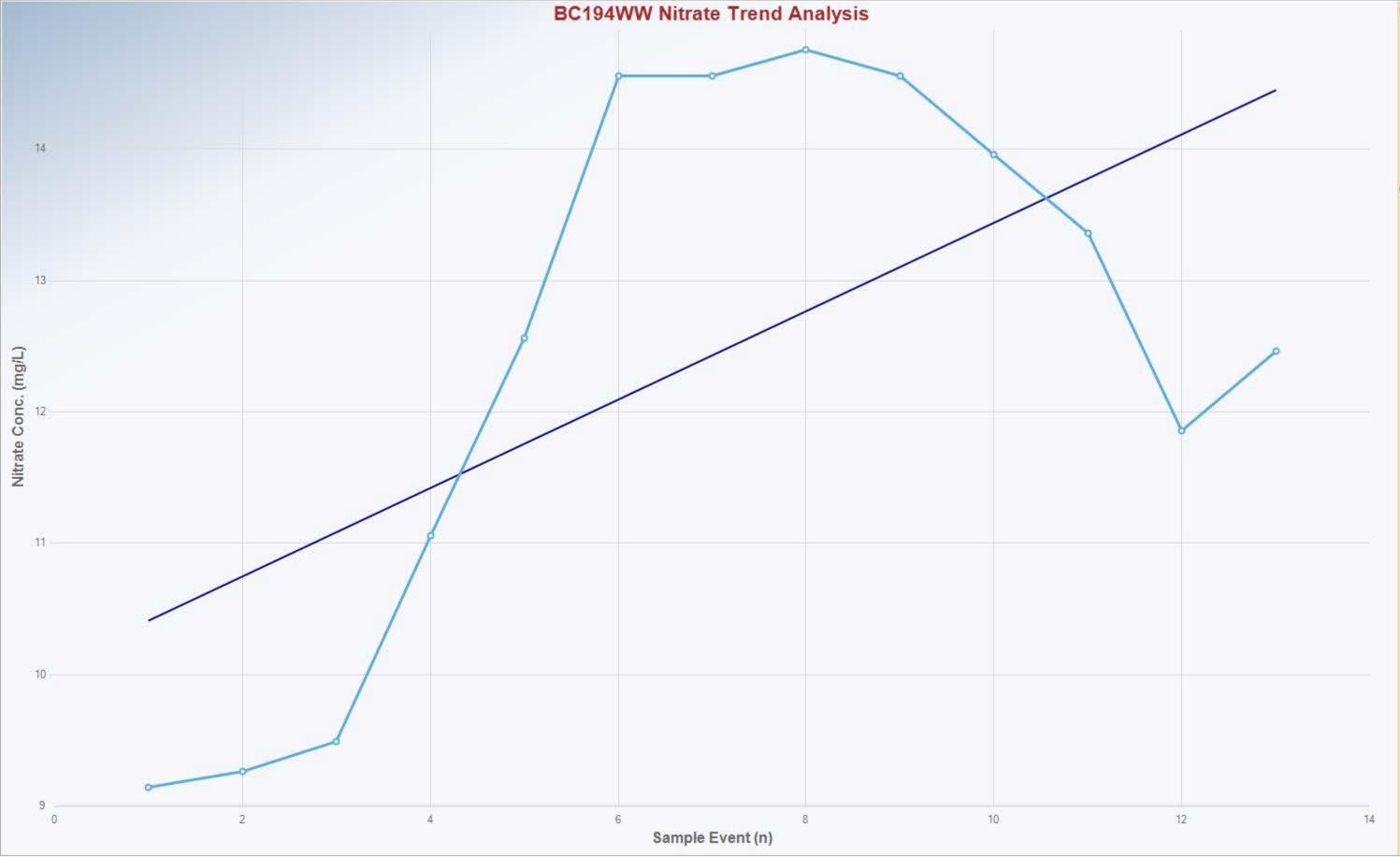




n	13
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	16.3605
Standardized Value of S	1.5892
M-K Test Value (S)	27
Tabulated p-value	0.0640
Approximate p-value	0.0560

OLS Regression Line (Blue)

OLS Regression Slope	0.2527
OLS Regression Intercept	16.2846



n	13
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	16.2788
Standardized Value of S	1.5972
M-K Test Value (S)	27
Tabulated p-value	0.0640
Approximate p-value	0.0551

OLS Regression Line (Blue)

OLS Regression Slope	0.3368
OLS Regression Intercept	9.6123



n	ö
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	8.0208
Standardized Value of S	2.2442
M-K Test Value (S)	19
Tabulated p-value	0.0160
Approximate p-value	0.0124

OLS Regression Line (Blue)

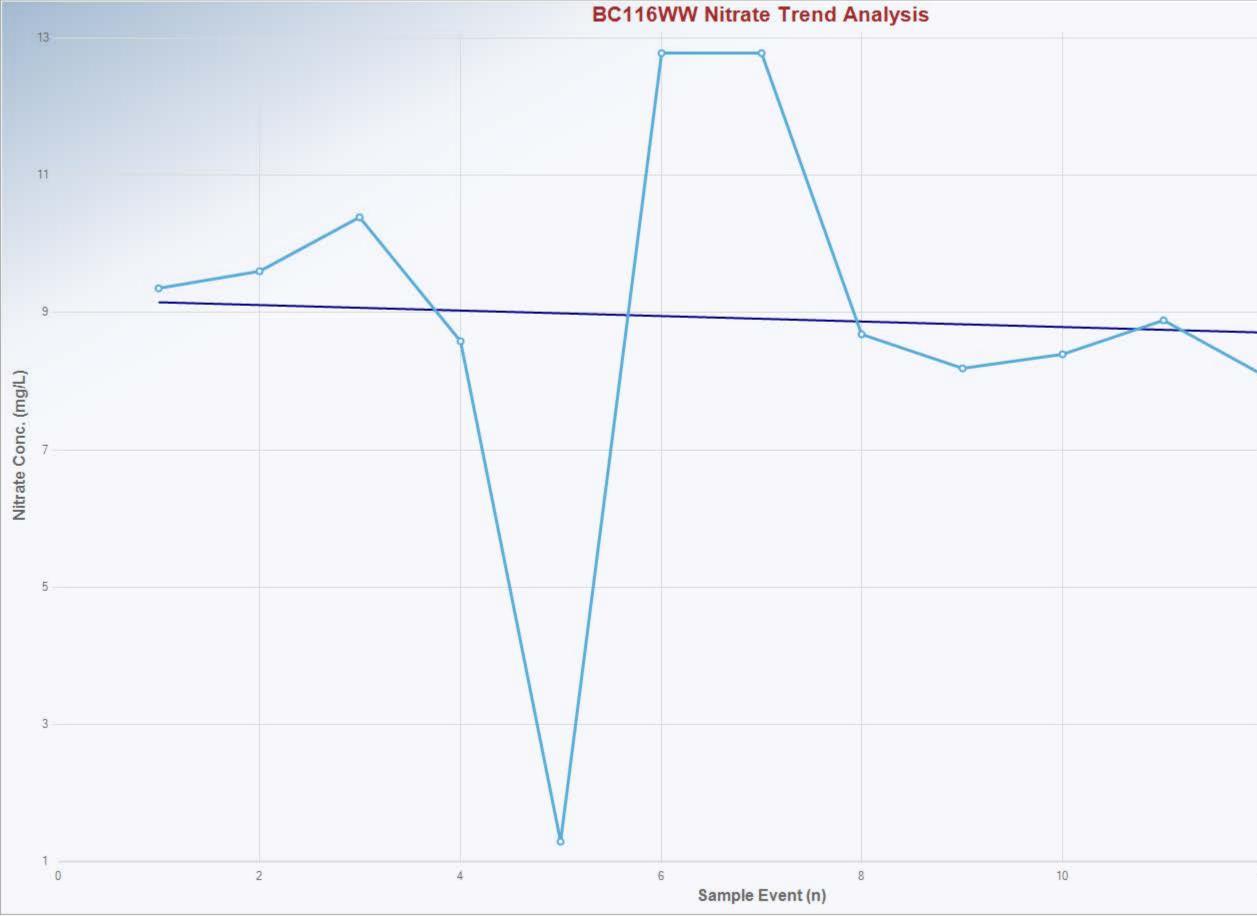
OLS Regression Slope	0.1310
OLS Regression Intercept	11.6857

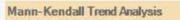


n	14
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	18.2392
Standardized Value of S	-1.0417
M-K Test Value (S)	-20
Tabulated p-value	0.1400
Approximate p-value	0,1488

OLS Regression Line (Blue)

OLS Regression Slope	-0.3750
OLS Regression Intercept	14,9570





n	13
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	16.3299
Standardized Value of S	-0.9186
M-K Test Value (S)	-16
Tabulated p-value	0.1840
Approximate p-value	0.1792

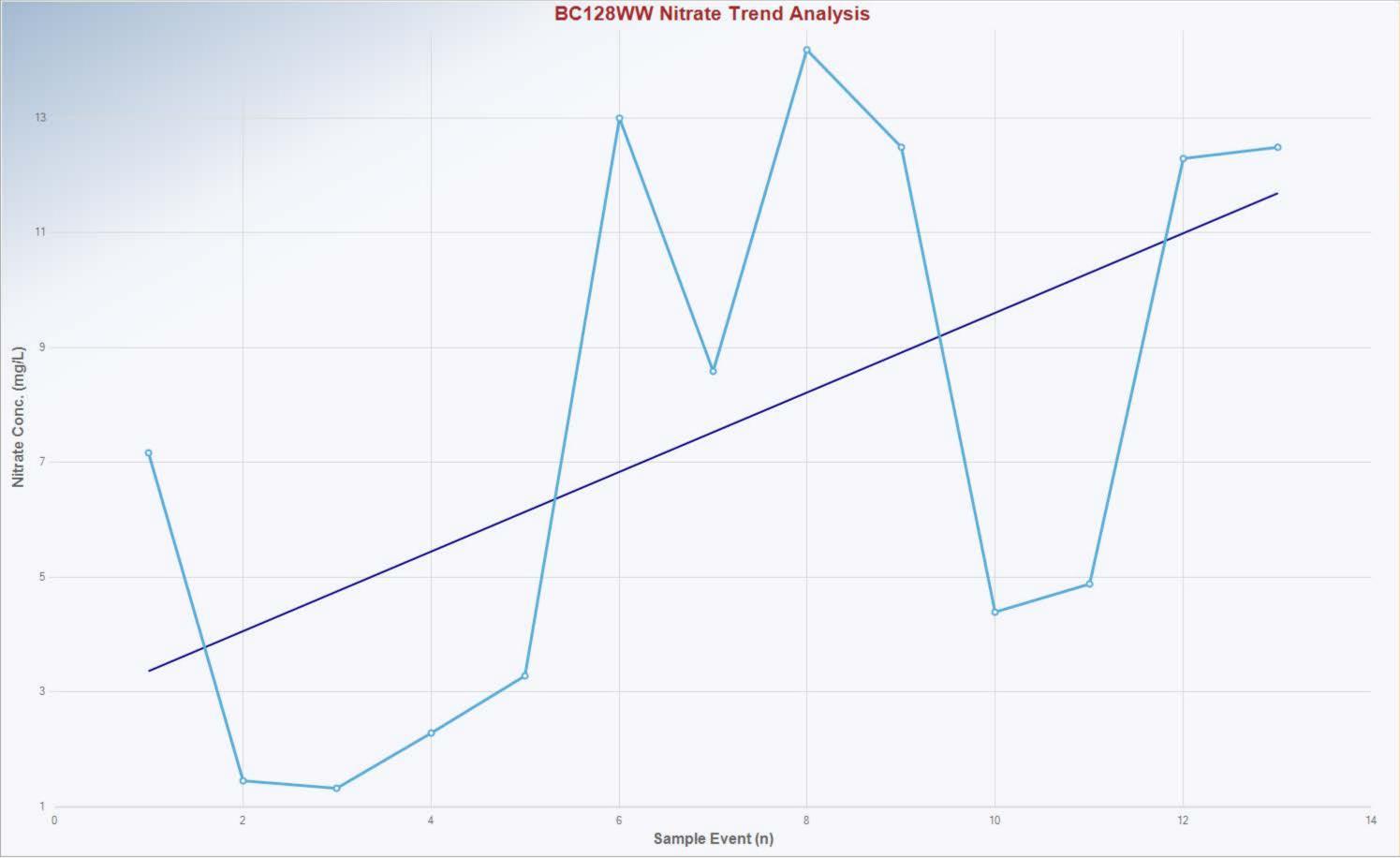
OLS Regression Slope	-0.0399
OLS Regression Intercept	9.5088



n	12
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	14.5488
Standardized Value of S	3.0243
M-K Test Value (S)	45
Tabulated p-value	0.0010
Approximate p-value	0.0012

OLS Regression Line (Blue)

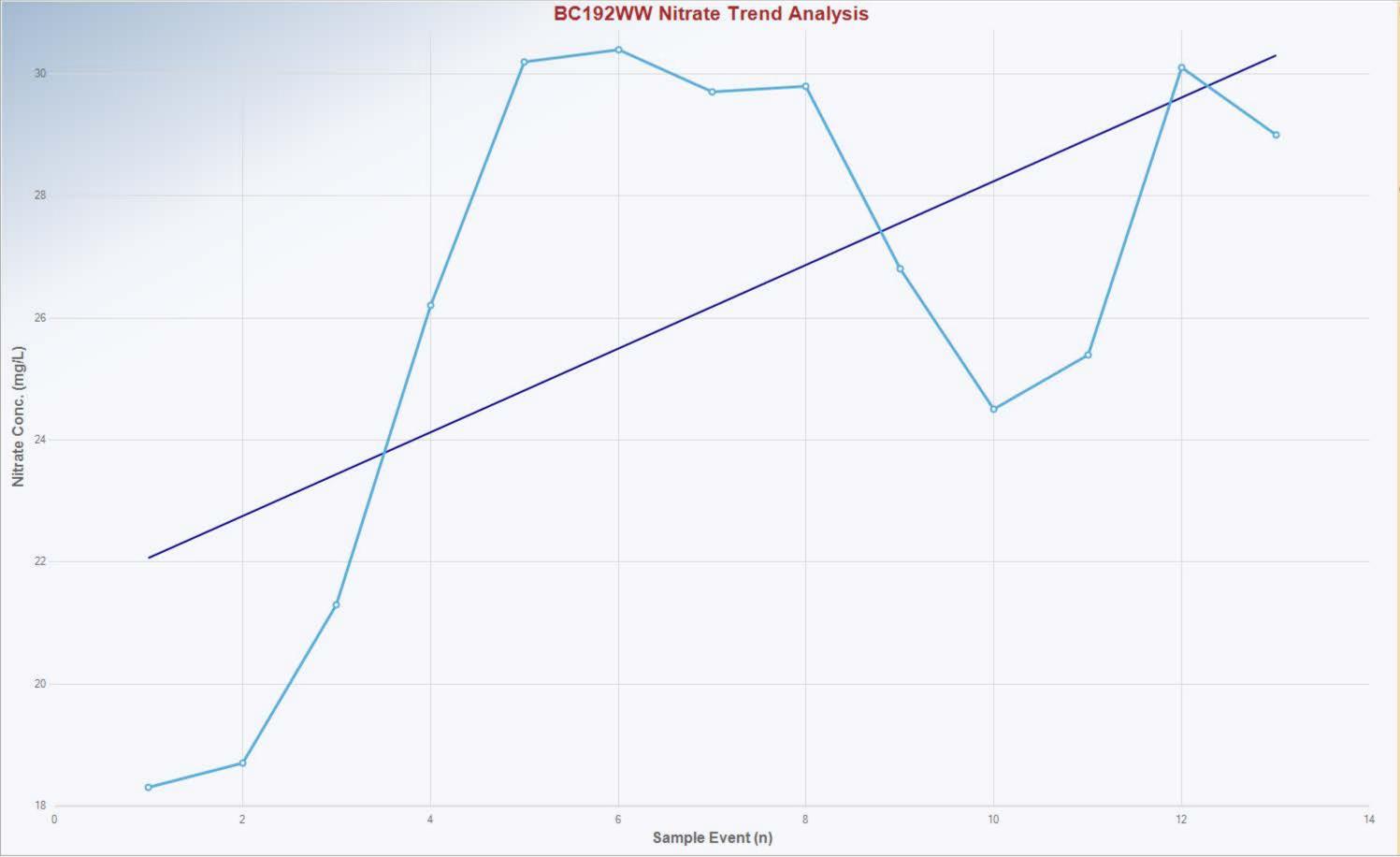
OLS Regression Slope	2.4815
OLS Regression Intercept	16.4788



n	13
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	16.3605
Standardized Value of S	1.8337
M-K Test Value (S)	31
Tabulated p-value	0.0380
Approximate p-value	0.0334

OLS Regression Line (Blue)

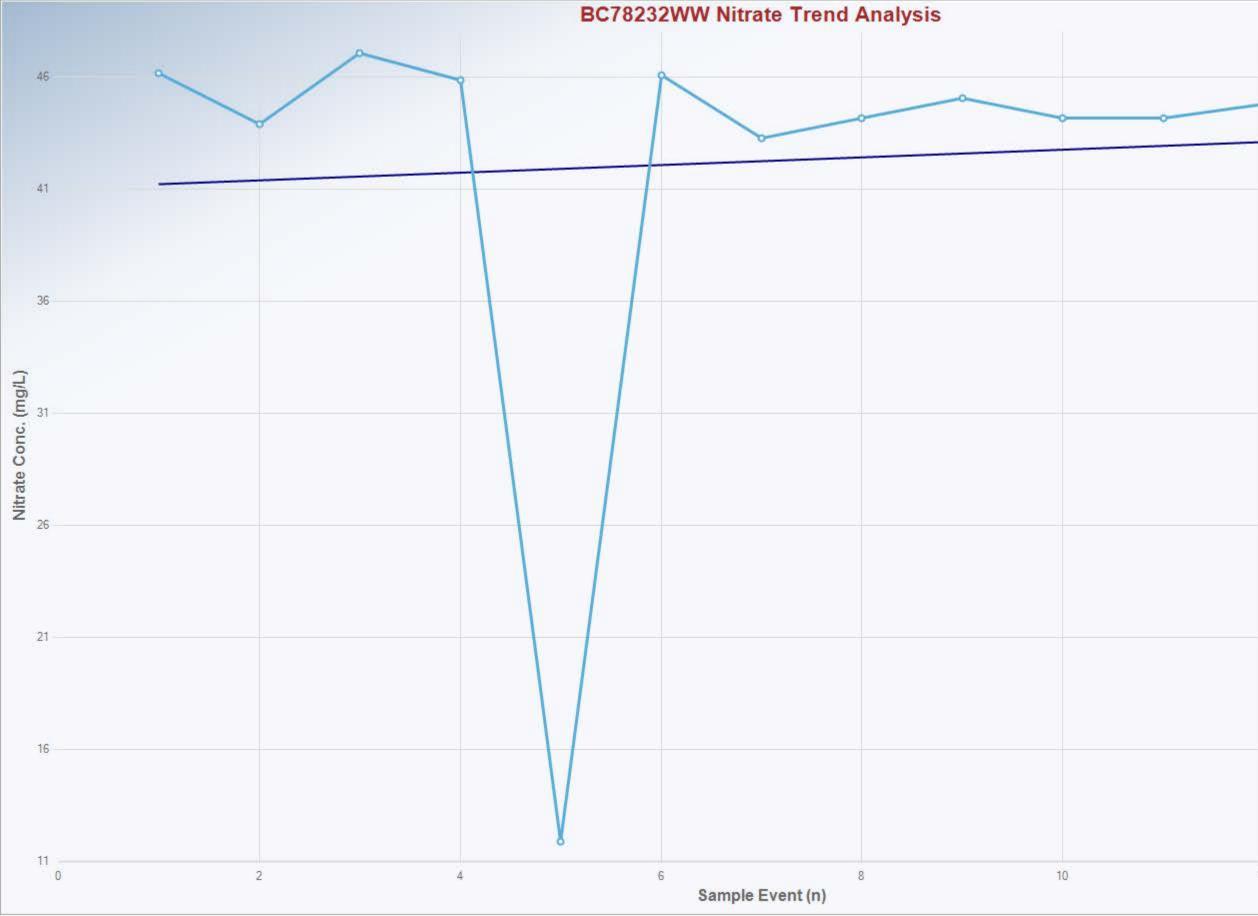
OLS Regression Slope	0.6937
OLS Regression Intercept	2.7812



n	13
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	16.3911
Standardized Value of S	1.4032
M-K Test Value (S)	24
Tabulated p-value	0.0820
Approximate p-value	0.0803

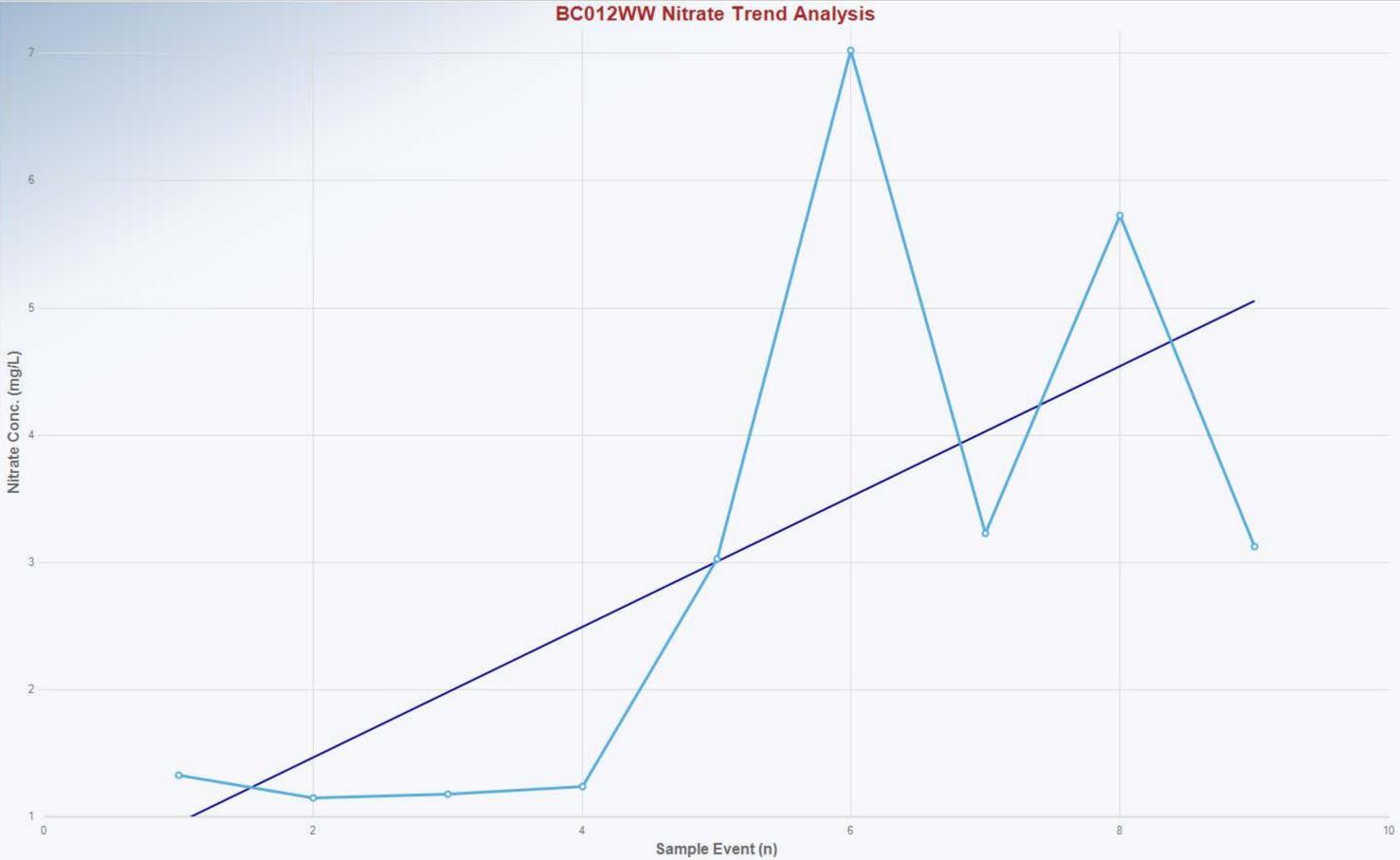
OLS Regression Line (Blue)

OLS Regression Slope	0.6874
OLS Regression Intercept	21.7731



n	13
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	16.2788
Standardized Value of S	-1.2286
M-K Test Value (S)	-21
Tabulated p-value	0.1260
Approximate p-value	0.1096

OLS Regression Slope	0.1687
OLS Regression Intercept	40.9885





n	9
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	9.5917
Standardized Value of S	1.9809
M-K Test Value (S)	20
Tabulated p-value	0.0220
Approximate p-value	0.0238

OLS Regression Slope	0.5138
OLS Regression Intercept	0.0064



n	13
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	16.3605
Standardized Value of S	4.0341
M-K Test Value (S)	67
Tabulated p-value	0.0000
Approximate p-value	0.0000

OLS Regression Line (Blue)

OLS Regression Slope	0.5038
OLS Regression Intercept	3.2250



n	12
Confidence Coefficient	0.9500
Level of Significance	0.0500
Standard Deviation of S	14.5488
Standardized Value of S	3.0243
M-K Test Value (S)	.45
Tabulated p-value	0.0010
Approximate p-value	0.0012

OLS Regression Line (Blue)

OLS Regression Slope	0.2644
OLS Regression Intercept	1.3703

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н		J	К	L
1			•	Mann-Kenda		st Analysis				•		
2		User Select	ed Options									
3	Dat	te/Time of Co	omputation	ProUCL 5.2 8/1/2023 2:02:49 PM								
4			From File	Alluvial Wells	s.xls							
5			II Precision	OFF								
6		Confidence	Coefficient	0.95								
7		Level of S	ignificance	0.05								
8									<u>.</u>			
9		R	esult-bc022	ww								
10												
11			eneral Statis									
12	1		•	nts Not Used	0							
13				erated Events	13							
14		Nun	nber Values	Reported (n)	13 9.94							
15				Minimum	9.94 29.6							
16				Maximum Mean	19.12							
17			Gor	ometric Mean	19.12							
18			Get	Median	18.27							
19			Stand	ard Deviation	5.952							
20				t of Variation	0.311							
21					0.011							
22		Ма	nn-Kendall	Test								
23 24				est Value (S)	46							
24			Tabu	lated p-value	0.002							
26			Standard D	Deviation of S	16.39							
27			Standardize	ed Value of S	2.745							
28			Approxi	mate p-value	0.00302							
29												
30	Statistically	significant e	evidence of	an increasing								
31	trend at the	specified le	vel of signifi	cance.								
51							1		I	1	1	1

	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
32		Re	esult-bc088v	w								
33												
34		Ge	eneral Statist	ics								
35	Ν	lumber or Re	eported Ever	ts Not Used								
36		Num	ber of Gener	ated Events	13							
37		Num	nber Values I	Reported (n)	13							
38				Minimum	14.5							
39				Maximum	18.4							
40				Mean	16.33							
41		Geometric Mean										
42		Median										
43		Standard Deviation										
44			Coefficient	of Variation	0.0728							
45												
46		Mai	nn-Kendall 1	est								
47			M-K Te	est Value (S)	-44							
48			Tabul	ated p-value	0.003							
49		Standard Deviation of S										
50		Standardized Value of S			-2.623							
51		Approximate p-value										
52												
53	Statistically	significant e	evidence of a	decreasing								
54	trend at the	specified lev	vel of signific	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
55		Re	esult-bc100v	w								
56												
57		Ge	neral Statist	ics								
58	١	lumber or Re	eported Even	ts Not Used	0							
59		Num	ber of Gener	ated Events	12							
60		Num	iber Values I	Reported (n)	12							
61				Minimum	0.51							
62				Maximum	5.75							
63				Mean	1.246							
64			Geo	metric Mean	0.962							
65				Median	0.8							
66			Standa	rd Deviation	1.429							
67			Coefficient	of Variation	1.147							
68												
69		Mar	nn-Kendall 1	est								
70			M-K Te	est Value (S)	15							
71				ated p-value	0.19							
72				eviation of S	14.25							
73			Standardize	d Value of S	0.983							
74			Approxin	nate p-value	0.163							
75												
76	Insufficient	evidence to i	dentify a sig	Inificant								
77	trend at the	specified le	vel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
78		Re	esult-bc125v	w								
79												
80		Ge	neral Statist	tics								
81	١	lumber or Re	eported Ever	nts Not Used	0							
82		Num	ber of Gener	rated Events	12							
83		Num	iber Values I	Reported (n)	12							
84				Minimum	4.6							
85				Maximum	13.5							
86				Mean	10.04							
87			Geo	metric Mean	9.68							
88				Median	11							
89			Standa	rd Deviation	2.548							
90			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.254							
91												
92		Mar	nn-Kendall 1	Fest								
93			M-K Te	est Value (S)	-46							
94			Tabul	ated p-value	0							
95				eviation of S	14.58							
96			Standardize	d Value of S	-3.086							
97			Approxir	nate p-value	0.00102							
98												
99	Statistically	significant e	vidence of a	a decreasing								
100	trend at the	specified lev	el of signific	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L
101		Re	sult-bc127v	w								
102												
103		Gei	neral Statis	tics								
104	١	Number or Re	ported Ever	nts Not Used	0							
105		Numb	per of Gener	ated Events	13							
106		Num	ber Values I	Reported (n)	13							
107				Minimum	1.04							
108				Maximum	23.4							
109				Mean	8.423							
110			Geo	metric Mean	5.525							
111				Median	6.2							
112			Standa	rd Deviation	7.344							
113			Coefficient	of Variation	0.872							
114												
115		Man	n-Kendall	ſest								
116			M-K Te	est Value (S)	78							
117			Tabul	ated p-value	0							
118			Standard D	eviation of S	16.39							
119		Ş	Standardize	d Value of S	4.698							
120			Approxir	nate p-value	1.3156E-6							
121												
122 S		significant e			I							
123 tr	end at the	specified lev	el of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
124		Re	sult-bc151v	w								
125												
126		Gei	neral Statist	lics								
127	١	Number or Re	ported Ever	nts Not Used	0							
128		Numb	per of Gener	rated Events	13							
129		Num	ber Values I	Reported (n)	13							
130				Minimum	3.39							
131				Maximum	9							
132				Mean	6.635							
133			Geo	metric Mean	6.342							
134				Median	7.2							
135			Standa	rd Deviation	1.913							
136			Coefficient	of Variation	0.288							
137												
138		Man	nn-Kendall 1	ſest								
139			M-K Te	est Value (S)	73							
140			Tabul	ated p-value	0							
141			Standard D	eviation of S	16.36							
142		Ş	Standardize	d Value of S	4.401							
143			Approxir	nate p-value	5.3917E-6							
144												
₁₄₅ S	Statistically	significant e	vidence of a	an increasing	I							
146 tr	rend at the	specified lev	el of signific	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
147		Re	sult-bc184v	w								
148												
149		Gei	neral Statis	tics								
150	١	Number or Re	ported Ever	nts Not Used	0							
151		Numb	per of Gener	rated Events	13							
152		Num	ber Values I	Reported (n)	13							
153				Minimum	14.7							
154				Maximum	21							
155				Mean	18.05							
156			Geo	metric Mean	17.92							
157				Median	18.7							
158			Standa	rd Deviation	2.249							
159			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.125							
160												
161		Mar	nn-Kendall	Fest								
162			M-K Te	est Value (S)	27							
163			Tabul	ated p-value	0.064							
164			Standard D	eviation of S	16.36							
165		;	Standardize	d Value of S	1.589							
166			Approxir	nate p-value	0.056							
167				ų								
168	Insufficient	evidence to i	dentify a siç	gnificant								
169		e specified lev										

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L
170		Re	sult-bc194v	w								
171												
172		Ge	neral Statis	tics								
173	١	Number or Re	ported Ever	nts Not Used	0							
174		Num	per of Gener	ated Events	13							
175		Num	ber Values I	Reported (n)	13							
176				Minimum	8.68							
177				Maximum	14.3							
178				Mean	11.97							
179			Geo	metric Mean	11.78							
180				Median	12.1							
181			Standa	rd Deviation	2.121							
182			Coefficient	of Variation	0.177							
183												
184		Mar	nn-Kendall	ſest								
185			M-K Te	est Value (S)	27							
186			Tabul	ated p-value	0.064							
187			Standard D	eviation of S	16.28							
188			Standardize	d Value of S	1.597							
189			Approxir	nate p-value	0.0551							
190												
		evidence to i	dentify a siç	gnificant								
192	trend at the	e specified lev	vel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	1	J	К	L
1		÷		Mann-Kenda	all Trend Te	st Analysis						
2		User Selecte	ed Options									
3	Dat	te/Time of Co	omputation	ProUCL 5.2 8	8/1/2023 2:3	8:41 PM						
4			From File	Alluvial and S	SB Welle.xls	3						
5		Ful	II Precision	OFF								
6		Confidence	Coefficient	0.95								
7		Level of S	ignificance	0.05								
8				•								
9		R	esult-bc081	ww								
10												
11			eneral Statis									
12	١		-	nts Not Used	0							
13				erated Events	8							
14		Nun	nber Values	Reported (n)	8							
15				Minimum	11.7							
16				Maximum	12.8							
17			-	Mean	12.28							
18			Geo	ometric Mean	12.27							
19				Median	12.2							
20				ard Deviation	0.373							
21			Coefficien	t of Variation	0.0304							
22												
23		Ма	nn-Kendall									
24				est Value (S)	19							
25				lated p-value	0.016							
26				Deviation of S	8.021							
27				ed Value of S	2.244							
28			Approxi	mate p-value	0.0124							
29	<u></u>			· · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
30	-	-		an increasing								
31	trend at the	specified le	vel ot signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
32		Re	esult-bc087v	w								
33												
34		Ge	eneral Statist	tics								
35	Ν	Number or Re	eported Ever	nts Not Used	0							
36		Num	ber of Gener	rated Events	14							
37		Num	nber Values I	Reported (n)	14							
38				Minimum	6.5							
39				Maximum	22.2							
40				Mean	12.14							
41			Geo	metric Mean	10.96							
42				Median	8.715							
43			Standa	rd Deviation	5.811							
44			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.478							
45												
46		Mai	nn-Kendall 1	Fest								
47			M-K Te	est Value (S)	-20							
48			Tabul	ated p-value	0.14							
49			Standard D	eviation of S	18.24							
50			Standardize	d Value of S	-1.042							
51			Approxir	nate p-value	0.149							
52												
53	Insufficient	evidence to i	identify a sig	gnificant								
54	trend at the	e specified le	vel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
55		Re	esult-bc116v	w								
56												
57		Ge	neral Statist	tics								
58	Ν	lumber or Re	eported Ever	nts Not Used	0							
59		Numl	ber of Gener	rated Events	13							
60		Num	ber Values I	Reported (n)	13							
61				Minimum	1.6							
62				Maximum	13.1							
63				Mean	9.229							
64			Geo	metric Mean	8.487							
65				Median	9.2							
66			Standa	rd Deviation	2.779							
67			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.301							
68												
69		Mar	nn-Kendall 1	Fest								
70			M-K Te	est Value (S)	-16							
71				ated p-value	0.184							
72				eviation of S	16.33							
73			Standardize	d Value of S	-0.919							
74			Approxir	nate p-value	0.179							
75												
76	Insufficient	evidence to i	identify a sig	gnificant								
77	trend at the	specified le	vel of signifi	cance.								

	A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
78		R	esult-bc117v	w								
79												
80		Ge	eneral Statis	tics								
81	Ν	lumber or Re	eported Ever	nts Not Used	0							
82		Num	ber of Genei	rated Events	12							
83		Num	nber Values I	Reported (n)	12							
84				Minimum	21.3							
85				Maximum	59							
86				Mean	32.61							
87			Geo	metric Mean	31.11							
88				Median	28.4							
89			Standa	rd Deviation	11.27							
90			Coefficient	t of Variation	0.346							
91												
92		Ma	nn-Kendall 7	Fest								
93			M-K Te	est Value (S)	45							
94			Tabul	ated p-value	0.001							
95			Standard D	eviation of S	14.55							
96			Standardize	d Value of S	3.024							
97			Approxir	nate p-value	0.00125							
98												
99				an increasing								
100	trend at the	specified lev	vel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L
101		Re	sult-bc128v	w								
102												
103		Gei	neral Statis	tics								
104	١	Number or Re	ported Ever	nts Not Used	0							
105		Numb	per of Gener	rated Events	13							
106		Num	ber Values I	Reported (n)	13							
107				Minimum	1.43							
108				Maximum	14.3							
109				Mean	7.637							
110			Geo	metric Mean	5.861							
111				Median	7.28							
112			Standa	rd Deviation	4.873							
113			Coefficient	of Variation	0.638							
114												
115		Mar	n-Kendall	ſest								
116			M-K Te	est Value (S)	31							
117			Tabul	ated p-value	0.038							
118			Standard D	eviation of S	16.36							
119		Ş	Standardize	d Value of S	1.834							
120			Approxir	nate p-value	0.0334							
121												
				an increasing								
123 tr	end at the	specified lev	el of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I	J	К	L
1				Mann-Kenda	all Trend Te	st Analysis	÷			÷		
2		User Select	ed Options									
3	Dat	te/Time of Co	omputation	ProUCL 5.2	8/1/2023 2:5	1:52 PM						
4			From File	SB and IntB	Wells.xls							
5		Fu	II Precision	OFF								
6		Confidence	Coefficient	0.95								
7		Level of S	ignificance	0.05								
8												
9		R	esult-bc192	ww								
10												
11			eneral Statis									
12	1		-	nts Not Used	0							
13				erated Events	13							
14		Nur	nber Values	Reported (n)	13							
15				Minimum	18.7							
16				Maximum	30.8							
17				Mean	26.58							
18			Geo	ometric Mean	26.22							
19				Median	27.2							
20				ard Deviation	4.363							
21			Coefficien	t of Variation	0.164							
22												
23		Ma	nn-Kendall									
24				est Value (S)	24							
25				lated p-value	0.082							
26				Deviation of S	16.39							
27				ed Value of S	1.403							
28			Approxi	mate p-value	0.0803							
29	Inoufficient	avidance to	identifi e -!	anificant								
30		evidence to	-	-								
31	trend at the	e specified le	evel of signif	licance.								

	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
32	Result-bc782321ww											
33												
34		Ge	eneral Statis	tics								
35	Ν	lumber or Re	eported Ever	nts Not Used	0							
36		Num	ber of Gener	rated Events	13							
37		Num	nber Values I	Reported (n)	13							
38				Minimum	11.8							
39				Maximum	47							
40				Mean	42.17							
41			Geo	metric Mean	40.33							
42		Median										
43		Standard Deviation										
44	Coefficient of Variation				0.218							
45												
46		Mann-Kendall Test										
47			M-K Te	est Value (S)	-21							
48		Tabulated p-value										
49		Standard Deviation of S										
50	Standardized Value of S				-1.229							
51	Approximate p-value				0.11							
52				<u> </u>								
53	₅₃ Insufficient evidence to identify a significant											
54	trend at the	specified le	evel of signifi	cance.								

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н		J	К	L		
1				Mann-Kendall Trend Test Analysis										
2	User Selected Options													
3	Date/Time of Commutation			ProUCL 5.2 8/1/2023 3:05:59 PM										
4			From File	Unclassified Wells.xls										
5			II Precision	OFF										
6		Confidence	Coefficient	0.95										
7		Level of S	ignificance	0.05										
8														
9		R	esult-bc012	ww										
10														
11			eneral Statis											
12	1		•	nts Not Used	0									
13				erated Events	9									
14		Nun	nber Values	Reported (n)	9									
15				Minimum	0.72									
16				Maximum	6.6									
17			0	Mean	2.576 1.863									
18			Geo	ometric Mean	2.6									
19			Otavada	Median ard Deviation	2.6									
20				t of Variation	0.828									
21			Coemcien	it of variation	0.828									
22		Ма	nn-Kendall	Tost										
23		IVId		est Value (S)	20									
24				lated p-value	0.022									
25	Standard Deviation				9.592									
26	Standard Devlation C				1.981									
27	Annuavimente a value				0.0238									
28					0.0200									
29	Statistically	significant	evidence of	an increasing										
30	-	specified le		-										
31		sheriller le	wei ui siyiili											

	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
32	Result-bc034ww											
33												
34		Ge	neral Statist	tics								
35	Ν	lumber or Re	ported Even	nts Not Used	0							
36		Numl	per of Gener	rated Events	13							
37		Num	ber Values I	Reported (n)	13							
38				Minimum	2.82							
39				Maximum	9.9							
40		Mean 6.7										
41		Geometric Mean										
42		Median										
43		Standard Deviation										
44	Coefficient of Variation				0.313							
45												
46		Mar	nn-Kendall 1	Test								
47			M-K Te	est Value (S)	67							
48			Tabula	ated p-value	0							
49	Standard Deviation of S				16.36							
50	Standardized Value of S				4.034							
51	Approximate p-value 2.74				2.7406E-5							
52												
53	Otatistically significant ovidence of an increasing											
54	trend at the appectical level of significance											

	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
55	Result-bc086ww											
56												
57		Ge	neral Statist	tics								
58	١	lumber or Re	eported Ever	nts Not Used	0							
59		Num	ber of Gener	ated Events	12							
60		Num	nber Values I	Reported (n)	12							
61				Minimum	1.13							
62				Maximum	4.6							
63		Mean 3.089										
64		Geometric Mean 2										
65		Median										
66		Standard Deviation										
67		Coefficient of Variation 0.3										
68												
69		Mai	nn-Kendall 1	ſest								
70			M-K Te	est Value (S)	45							
71			Tabul	ated p-value	0.001							
72		Standard Deviation of S										
73		Standardized Value of S			3.024							
74		Approximate p-value 0.00125										
75				<u>_</u>								
76	Otationically cignificant oxideness of an increasing											
77	trend at the	specified lev	vel of signific	cance.								

Appendix H.

Acronyms and Abbreviations

BCD	Benton County Conservation District
BFHD	Benton Frankly Health District
BMP	best management practice
°C	degrees Celsius
CRBG	Columbia River Basalt Group
DQO	data quality objective
EIM	environmental information management
GWMA	groundwater management area
KID	Kennewick Irrigation District
km	kilometer
L	liter
MCL	maximum contaminant level
MEL	maximum exposure limit
mg	milligrams
mi	miles
ml	milliliter
MQO	measurement quality objective
Ν	Nitrogen
NO3	Nitrate
ppm	parts per million
QAPP	Quality Assurance Project Plan
QA/QC	quality assurance/quality control
RPD	relative percent difference
USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
WAC	Washington Administrative Code
WDOH	Washington Department of Health